Strictly for Official Use



MEETING OF STATE PLANNING BOARD TO APPROVE DRAFT ANNUAL DEVELOPMENT BUDGET 2021-22

(February 10, 2021)

Planning Department Government of Himachal Pradesh Shimla – 171 002.

CONTENTS

Item	Title	Page Number
CHAPTER – 1	An Overview of State Economy	1-44
CHAPTER – 2	Annual Plan 2019-20	45-47
CHAPTER – 3	Annual Development Budget (2021-22)	48-55
CHAPTER – 4	Externally Aided Projects	56-69
CHAPTER – 5	Backward Area Development Programme	70-75
CHAPTER – 6	Decentralized Development in Himachal Pradesh	76-88
CHAPTER – 7	Scheduled Castes Development Programme	89-105
CHAPTER – 8	Tribal Area Development Programme	106-114
ANNEXU	RES	

ANNEXURE "A"	Head of Development-wise Proposed Outlay for Annual Development Budget (2021-22)
ANNEXURE "B"	Head of Development-wise Proposed Annual State Development Budget for (2021-22)
ANNEXURE "C"	Head of Development-wise Proposed Annual Central Development Budget (2021-22)
ANNEXURE "D"	Department wise Physical Targets and Achievements for the Annual Development Budget (2021-22)130-144

CHAPTER – 1

An Overview of State Economy

Himachal Pradesh was conferred statehood on 25th January, 1971. On 1st September 1972, two more districts viz. Hamirpur and Una were created by trifurcation of Kangra district and the Mahasu and Solan districts were reorganised as Shimla and Solan districts. At present, the State of Himachal Pradesh is comprised of 12 districts.

1. Geographical Features

(i) Location

- 1.1.1 Himachal Pradesh is situated between 30° 22' 40" to 33 ° 12' 20" north latitudes and 75 ° 45' 55" to 79 ° 04' 20" east longitudes. The altitude in the Pradesh, a wholly mountainous region in the lap of Himalayas, ranges from 350 meters to 6975 meters above mean sea level. It is surrounded by Jammu and Kashmir on the north, Tibet on north east, Uttrakhand on east/south east, Haryana on south and Punjab on south west/west.
- 1.1.2 The total population of Himachal Pradesh is 68.65 lakh as per 2011 census. The total surface area of the State is 55,673 Sq. Kms.
- 1.1.3 As per study conducted by the Centre for Geo- Informatics, Research & Training of the Chaudhary Sarwan Kumar H.P. Agriculture University Palampur for estimating 3D surface area of the State by using modern Geo- IT tools, remote sensing and GIS, the 3D surface area of the State comes around 86,384.77 sq. kms., which is about 56% more than the 2 D surface area of 55,673 sq. kms.

(ii) Climate

- 1.1.4 Himachal Pradesh is divided into three geo-climatic regions:- (i) The Shivalik ranges (the height from plains upto 915 meters); (ii) Colder Zone (the height upto 4500 meters); and (iii) the Axis and Crystalline core of the whole system (the height above 4500 meters but below 5500 meters).
- 1.1.5 The climatic conditions, therefore, vary from the semi-tropical to semi-arctic. Physiographically, the State can be divided into five zones based on altitudes and moisture regime conditions. These vary from wet humid sub-temperate situation to dry temperate alpine high lands.
- 1.1.6 Besides seasonal variations, the climate of Himachal Pradesh varies at different altitudes. The average rainfall is 152 cms. / (60 inches). The highest rainfall occurs in Kangra district, followed by Shimla district.

(iii) Rivers and Lakes

1.1.7 Himachal Pradesh has the privilege of having snowfed perennial rivers and rivulets flowing in almost all parts of the Pradesh. Yamuna, with its important tributaries of Tons, Pabbar and Giri in the east and Satluj, Beas, Ravi and Chenab in the west flow through various parts of the Pradesh. Some of the important natural lakes worth mentioning are Khajjiar, Ghadasasu Lamba Dal, Manimahesh, Mahakali in Chamba district; Dal, Kareri in Kangra district; Rewalsar, Kumarwah, Prashar in Mandi district; Bhrigu and Dashahr in Kullu district; Chandratal and Surajtal in Lahaul-Spiti district; Chandra Naun in Shimla district; and Renuka in Sirmaur district. The manmade lakes include Gobind Sagar in Bilaspur district; Pong lake in Kangra district; Pandoh lake in Mandi district; and Chamera lake in Chamba district.

2. Administrative Structure

1.2.1. Since 1st September, 1972, there have been no changes in the administrative structure of Himachal Pradesh except carving out of new sub-divisions, sub-tehsils, raising of sub-tehsils to the level of tehsils within the district boundaries. The statistical data on basic indicators is given in the following table:-

Sr. No	ltem	Unit	Year of reference	Details
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
1.	Geographical Area	Sq. Kms.	Census 2011	55,673
2.	Districts	Nos.	Census 2011	12
3.	Sub- Divisions	Nos.	(31.3.2019)	73
4.	Tehsils/ Sub- Tehsils	Nos.	(31.3.2019)	172
5.	Development Blocks	Nos.	(31.3.2019)	80
6.	Panchayats	Nos.	(31.3.2019)	3226
7.	Inhabited Villages	Nos.	Census 2011	17882
8.	Towns / Cities	Nos.	Census 2011	59
9.	Population:			
	(a) Total	In Lakh	Census 2011	68.65
	(b) Male Population	In Lakh	Census 2011	34.82
	(C) Female Population	In Lakh	Census 2011	33.83
10.	Decennial Growth of Population	%	Census 2011	12.95
11.	Rural Population	In Lakh	Census 2011	61.76
12.	Urban Population	In Lakh	Census 2011	6.89
13.	Density of Population per square kilometer	Persons	Census 2011	123
14.	Sex Ratio	Females per 100 Males	Census 2011	972
15.	Literacy Percentage:			
	(a) Total	%	Census 2011	82.80
	(b) Male	%	Census 2011	89.53
	(c) Female	%	Census 2011	75.93

Table - 1General Information on Area & Population

Source: Economics & Statistics Department, Himachal Pradesh

3. Demographic Trends

1.3.1 The population of the State registered a decadal growth of 12.95 percent as against 17.54 percent during the decade 2001-2011, recording a decline of 4.59 percentage points as compared to the preceding decade 1991-2001. This has been possible through a three-pronged strategy of intensive health cover, improvement in literacy rates, especially among the women and making family planning a people's movement alongwith a positive thrust of incentives. The important comparative demographic indicators are presented in the following table:-

	Demographic frends during 1961-2011 Decade								
Sr. No.	Item	Unit	1981 Census	1991 Census	2001 Census	2011 Census			
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.			
1.	Population:								
	(a) Total	Lakh Persons	42.81	51.71	60.78	68.65			
	(b) Male	Lakh Persons	21.70	26.17	30.88	34.82			
	(c) Female	Lakh Persons	21.10	25.53	29.90	33.83			
2.	Scheduled Castes	Lakh Persons	10.54	13.10	15.02	17.29			

Table-2Demographic Trends during 1981-2011 Decade

3.	Scheduled Tribes	Lakh Persons	1.97	2.18	2.45	3.92
4.	Density of Population per Square Kilometer	Persons	77	93	109	123
5.	Decennial Growth of Population	%	23.71	20.79	17.54	12.95
6.	Literacy Percentage:					
	(a) Total	%	42.33	63.75	76.48	82.80
	(b) Male	%	53.19	75.36	85.35	89.53
	(c) Female	%	31.46	52.13	67.42	75.93
7.	Percentage Composition:					
	(a) Rural Population	%	92.40	91.31	90.20	89.97
	(b)Urban Population	%	7.60	8.69	9.80	10.03
8.	Percentage of Total Populat	tion:				
	(a) Scheduled Castes	%	24.62	25.34	24.72	25.19
	(b) Scheduled Tribes	%	4.61	4.22	4.02	5.71
9.	Sex Ratio	Females per 1000 Males	973	976	968	972

Source: Economics & Statistics Department, Himachal Pradesh

4. Occupation

1.4.1 The main occupation of the people of Himachal Pradesh is agriculture on which 66.71% population depends for their livelihood. The topography being mostly hilly, the type of cultivation is terraced. Close to 80 percent of all holdings fall in the category of small and marginal holdings. Due to ideal climate for fruit cultivation, horticulture and vegetable growing (seasonal as well as off-season), a well-diversified farm economy has developed rapidly during the past three decades. The percentage of main workers to total population is 30.05 and the percentage of cultivators to main workers is 44.60. The percentage of agricultural labourers to total workers is 1.94 as per 2011 census.

5. Human Resources

- 1.5.1 The population of Himachal Pradesh, according to 2011 Census, is 68.65 lakh out of which 61.76 lakh (89.97 percent) live in rural areas and 6.89 lakh (10.03 percent) in urban areas. Thus, the majority of population is associated with such economic activities which are related to rural economy.
- 1.5.2 The following table depicts the decadal increase in work force for the period (2001-2011): -

Sr. No.	Item	Unit	2001 Census	2011 Census	%age Increase/ Decrease
1.	2.	3.	5.	5.	6.
1.	Total Population	Lakh Persons	60.78	68.65	12.95
2.	Main Workers:	Lakh Persons	19.64	20.63	5.04
a)	Cultivators	Lakh Persons	10.89	9.20	(-) 15.52
b)	Agricultural Labourers	Lakh Persons	0.36	0.69	91.67
c)	Household Industry	Lakh Persons	0.35	0.33	-) 5.71
d)	Other Workers	Lakh Persons	8.04	10.41	29.47
3.	Marginal Workers	Lakh Persons	10.29	14.97	45.48
4.	Non-Workers	Lakh Persons	30.85	33.05	7.13

Table – 3Details of Work Force (2001-2011 Decade)

Source: Census of India, 2011

- 1.5.3 The above table reveals that in 2001-2011 decade, work force increased from 29.93 lakh in 2001 to 35.60 lakh in 2011, recording a growth of 18.94% as against 12.95% growth rate of population. In the year 2001, the work force constituted 49.24% of the total population while in 2011, it accounted for 51.85%. Thus, during the 2001-2011 decade the workforce increased by 2.61 percentage points. There is an increase in absolute number of main workers, however, the percentage of main workers, to total population decreased from 32.31% to 30.05% during 2001-2011 decade, while the proportion of marginal workers increased from 16.92% to 21.81% during the same period and that the proportion of non-workers decreased from 50.76% to 48.14%.
- 1.5.4 The other feature of the work force reveals that "other workers" recorded a growth of 29.47% during 2001-11 decade. Noticeable feature of the main workforce is the decrease in the number of cultivators and those engaged in household industry. As is evident from above table, cultivators decreased by 15.52% and workers engaged in household industries also decreased by 5.71% during the decade 2001-11. The declining trend shows that the workforce preferred jobs in the sectors other than agriculture. However, substantial increase in agricultural labourers and eviction of cultivators from farm sector need attention.

6. Growth of State Economy

1.6.1 State Income is the single most common and comprehensive economic indicator used to measure the economic health of a State Economy. In Himachal Pradesh, first estimates of State Income were released in the year 1963 covering the period of 1950-51 to 1960-61. Since Himachal Pradesh underwent many territorial changes after independence and emerged as a full-fledged State in the year 1971, a new series of State Domestic Product was developed for the year 1966-67 to 1969-70 with the base year 1960-61. The third series of State Domestic Product prepared in the State was based on 1970-71 prices, which consisted of the estimates up to 1986-87. After the release of the fourth series of National Accounts Statistics by Central Statistical Organization in February 1989, Himachal Pradesh also brought out these series of estimates based on 1980-81 prices. Thereafter, three more series with base 1993-94, 1999-2000 and 2004-05 were prepared. Now

the base year has been shifted from 2004-05 to 2011-12. The estimates presented in the following paragraph / tables are based on the data with base year changed from time to time.

- 1.6.2 A new series of quick estimates was brought out based on 2011-12 prices. The National Accounts Statistics have mostly been revised decennially changing the base to a year synchronizing with the year of decennial population census. It was primarily because in the base year estimates, the information on work force has played an important role and work force estimates were obtained from the population census which is conducted decennially in the years ending with 1. As a sequel, the previous series of National Accounts Statistics should have been with the base year 1990-91. At that time, it was observed that the data on Worker Participation Rate (WPR), captured by the National Sample Survey Organization (NSSO) was better than the one estimated through the population census. Accordingly, the CSO used the workforce estimates based on National Sample Survey (NSS), workforce participation rates from the NSS 1993-94 (50th Round) survey results, and revised the base year of National Accounts to 1993-94. In continuation with this practice, a new series of national accounts was released on 31st January, 2006 adopted 1999-2000 as the base year as it had used the data on WPR from the NSS 55th round Ouinquennial survey on Employment and Unemployment, conducted in 1999-2000.
- 1.6.3 The estimates of State Income on new base year for the year 2011-12 to 2019-20 at current and constant prices and per capita income along with percentage changes over the previous years at constant prices are given in the following table:-

Table – 4

Year	State Income Rs. in crore		Per Capita Inco in Rupees)		Previous	ge Over the Years
	At Constan			1	nt Constant F	rices
	Prices	Prices	Prices	Prices	Net Stat Domestic Product	ePer Capita Income
l.	2.	β.	4.	5.	5.	7.
2011-2012	60536	60536	87721	87721		
2012-2013	64519	69432	92672	99730	6.6	5.6
2013-2014	69398	80129	98816	114095	7.6	6.6
2014-2015	74553	87345	105241	123299	7.4	6.5
2015-2016	80563	96851	112723	135512	8.1	7.1
2016-2017	88112	108359	122208	150290	9.4	8.4
2017-18 (SR) –	94495	119362	130644	165025	7.2	6.9
Second Revision						
2018-19 (FR)	101534	133303	139469	183108	7.4	6.8
First Revised						
2019-20 (A)-	107171	143063	142668	195255	5.6	4.9
Advanced						

Movement of Net State Domestic Product and Per Capita Income (with base 2011-12)

Source: Economics & Statistics Department, Himachal Pradesh

1.6.4 According to these estimates, the net State Income at constant prices increased from Rs. 60,536 crore to Rs. 1,07,171 crore during 2011-12 to 2019-20 and to

Rs.1,43,063 crore at current prices. The per capita income at current prices increased from Rs. 87,721 in 2011-12 to Rs. 1,95,255 in 2019-20.

1.6.5 The growth rate of State Economy recorded during the Five Year Plan periods beginning from the 1st Five Year Plan, 1951-56 onwards alongwith comparison with the National Economy is given in the following table : -

Table- 5

Comparative Growth Rate of Himachal Pradesh and National Economy Recorded During Five Year and Annual Plan Periods

Plan Period	Average Annual Growth Rate of				
	Economy	-			
	Himachal Pradesh	All India			
1.	2.	3.			
First Plan (1951-56)	(+) 1.6	(+) 3.6			
Fourth Plan (1969-74)	(+) 3.0	(+) 3.4			
Fifth Plan (1974-78)	(+) 4.6	(+) 5.2			
Annual Plans (1978-79) to (1979-80)	(-) 3.6	(+) 0.2			
Sixth Plan (1980-85)	(+) 3.0	(+) 5.3			
Seventh Plan (1985-90)	(+) 8.8	(+) 6.0			
Eighth Plan (1992-97)	(+) 6.3	(+) 6.2			
Ninth Plan (1997-02)	(+) 6.4	(+) 5.6			
Tenth Plan (2002-07)	(+) 7.6	(+) 7.8			
Annual Plan (2007-08)	(+) 8.5	(+) 9.3			
Annual Plan (2008-09)	(+) 7.4	(+) 6.7			
Annual Plan (2009-10)	(+) 8.1	(+) 8.6			
Annual Plan (2010-11)	(+) 8.8	(+) 8.9			
Annual Plan (2011-12)	(+) 7.6	(+) 6.7			
Annual Plan (2012-13)	(+) 6.4	(+) 5.5			
Annual Plan (2013-14)	(+) 7.1	(+) 6.4			
Annual Plan (2014-15)	(+) 7.5	(+) 7.4			
Annual Plan (2015-16)	(+) 8.1	(+) 8.2			
Annual Plan (2016-17)	(+) 7.0	(+) 7.1			
Annual Plan (2017-18)	(+) 6.5	(+) 6.5			
Annual Plan (2018-19)	(+)7.3	(+) 6.8			
Annual Plan (2019-20)	(+) 5.6	(+) 5.0			

Source: Economics & Statistics Department, Himachal Pradesh

- 1.6.6 In 10th Plan 2002-07, State economy achieved a growth rate of 7.6 percent and growth rate at all India level was 7.8 % thus both the economies by and large, grew at the same pace.
- 1.6.7 During the 11th Five Year Plan (2007-12), the State achieved an average growth rate of 8.0 percent despite worldwide slow down.
- 1.6.8 During the 12th Five Year Plan (2012-17) the State achieved an average growth rate of 7.2 percent despite global slowdown, whereas in the same plan period average growth rate of India was 7.1 percent.
- 1.6.9 The average growth rate of State's economy remained less than the national average during 2015-16 and 2016-17, it recovered during 2017-18 and again exceeded the national average after that.
- 1.6.10 The following table presents sector-wise movement of the State Domestic Product:

_	Product at Current Prices															
	SI. No	Sectors	1970-71	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2106-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
	1.	2.	3.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.
-		Primary	8.56	3.22	0.05	9.02	9.15	7.16	7.04	7.08	5.68	6.22	5.97	3.35	2.64	3.22
		Secondary	6.73	9.77	3.02	2.91	2.19	3.81	3.01	3.02	2.76	2.56	2.76	4.13	4.03	2.90
		Tertiary	4.71	7.01	6.93	8.07	8.66	9.03	9.95	9.90	1.56	1.22	1.27	2.52	3.33	3.88

 Table –6

 Percentage Contribution of Sectoral State Domestic

 Product at Current Prices

Source: Economics & Statistics Department, Himachal Pradesh

- 1.6.11 The above table reveals that Primary Sector contributed 58.56 percent to the SDP in 1970-71, which has come down to 13.22 percent in the year 2019-20. The contribution of Secondary Sector was 16.73% in 1970-71 and this had increased to 43.02 percent upto 2008-09 and further increased to 42.90 percent in the year 2019.20. Whereas, the contribution of Tertiary Sector has increased from 24.71 percent in 1970-71 to 43.88 percent in 2019-20. This structural shift from Primary to Secondary and Tertiary Sectors is a healthy sign for a growing economy. However, an important observation has been that due to concerted efforts of the initiative taken by the Central Government, which were supplemented by the State Government to double income of the farmer's by 2022, the primary sector's contribution to the GSDP has increased during 2019-20 by 0.58 percentage points.
- 1.6.12 Movement of Per Capita Income at current prices from the beginning of First Five Year Plan/ Annual Plan period in respect of Himachal Pradesh vis-a-vis All-India is given in the following table: -

Table – 7Comparative Statement of Per Capita Income of
Himachal Pradesh and All India

(In Rupees)

Plan Period	Year	Per Capita Income at Current Prices			
1 1000 1 01100		Himachal Pradesh	All India		
1.	2.	3.	4.		
First Plan	1951-1956	240	239		
Second Plan	1956-1961	286	274		
Third Plan	1961-1966	398	337		
Annual Plan	1966-1967	440	509		
Annual Plan	1967-1968	532	588		
Annual Plan	1968-1969	576	604		
Fourth Plan	1969-1974	586	651		
Fifth Plan	1974-1978	1020	1034		
Annual Plan	1978-1979	1249	1316		
Annual Plan	1979-1980	1258	1390		
Sixth Plan	1980-1985	1704	1630		
Seventh Plan	1985-1990	2649	2730		
Annual Plan	1990-1991	4910	4983		
Annual Plan	1991-1992	5691	5603		
Eighth Plan	1992-1997	6390	6262		
Ninth Plan	1997-2002	13488	12729		

Tenth Plan	2002-2007	26627	18885
Annual Plan	2007-2008	43966	35825
Annual Plan	2008-2009	49903	40775
Annual Plan	2009-2010	58402	46249
Annual Plan	2010-2011	68297	54021
Annual Plan	2011-2012	87721	63462
Annual Plan	2012-2013	99730	70983
Annual Plan	2013-2014	114095	79118
Annual Plan	2014-2015	123299	86647
Annual Plan	2015-2016	135512	94797
Annual Plan	2016-2017	150290	104880
Annual Plan	2017-2018	165025	115293
Annual Plan	2018-2019	183108	126521
Annual Plan	2019-2020	195255	135050

Source: Economics & Statistics Department, Himachal Pradesh

- 1.6.13 The Per Capita Income of Himachal Pradesh and All India increased almost at the same pace from the period 1951-52 till the end of Eighth Plan but thereafter, Himachal Pradesh leaped forward and reached upto a level of Rs.1,95,255 by March, 2020 as against the All India Per Capita Income of Rs. 1,35,050 as per advanced estimates.
- 1.6.14 The movement of Gross Domestic Product from the period 1999-2000 to 2019-20 (As per Advance Estimate) as under:-

Sr. No.	Year	Gross Domestic	%age Change over the Previous		
110.		At current prices (Rs. in crore)	At constant prices (Rs. in crore)	Year at Constant Price	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	
1.	1999-2000	14112	14112		
	(Base 1999-2000)				
2.	2000-2001	15661	15004	6.3	
3.	2001-2002	17148	15786	5.2	
4.	2002-2003	18905	16585	5.1	
5.	2003-2004	20721	17925	8.1	
6.	2004-2005	24077	24077		
	(Base 2004-05)				
7.	2005-2006	27127	26107	8.4	
8.	2006-2007	30281	28483	9.1	
9.	2007-2008	33962	30917	8.5	
10.	2008-2009	41483	33210	7.4	
11.	2009-2010	48189	35897	8.1	
12.	2010-2011	56980	39054	8.8	
13.	2011-2012	72720	72720		
	(Base (2011-12)				
14.	2012-2013	82820	77384	6.4	
15.	2013-2014	94764	82847	7.1	
16.	2014-2015	103772	89060	7.5	
17.	2015-2016	114239	96274	8.1	
18.	2016-2017	125634	103355	7.0	
19.	2017-2018	138351	110034	6.8	

Table -8Movement of Gross Domestic Product

20.	2018-2019	153845	117851	7.1
21.	2019-2020	165472	124403	5.6

Source: Economics & Statistics Department, Himachal Pradesh

7. Plan Investment

1.7.1 Himachal Pradesh has so far gone through an era of development planning for a period of six decades. The investment vis-a-vis the per capita annual investment made over the various plan periods is given in the following table:-

Plan Investment							
	Total Plan	Per Capita					
Plan Period	Investment	Annual Plan					
	(Rs. in Crore)	Investment (In Rs.)					
1.	2.	3.					
First Plan (1951-56)	5.27	4.00					
Second Plan (1956-61)	16.03	11.00					
Third Plan (1961-66)	33.84	21.60					
Annual Plans (1966-67) to (1968-69)	39.78	40.00					
Fourth Plan (1969-74)	113.43	61.20					
Fifth Plan (1974-78)	161.48	100.50					
Annual Plans (1978-79) and (1979-80)	147.56	176.50					
Seventh Plan (1985-90)	1324.76	544.59					
Annual Plans (1990-91)& (1991-92)	393.81	765.32					
Eighth Plan (1992-97)	3480.72	6311.83					
Ninth Plan (1997-2002)	7899.67	13223.49					
Tenth Plan (2002-2007)	8353.57	13459.32					
Annual Plan (2007-08)	2104.80	3462.99					
Annual Plan (2008-09)	2400.00	3948.67					
Annual Plan (2009-10)	2700.00	3970.56					
Annual Plan (2010-11)	3000.00	4375.09					
Annual Plan (2011-12)	3300.00	4806.99					
Annual Plan (2012-13)	3700.00	5389.65					
Annual Plan (2013-14)	4100.00	5972.32					
Annual Plan (2014-15)	4400.00	6409.32					
Annual Plan (2015-16)	4800.00	6991.99					
Annual Plan (2016-17)	5200.00	7574.65					
Annual Plan (2017-18)	5700.00	8302.99					
Annual Plan (2018-19)	6300.00	9176.98					
Annual Plan (2019-20)	7100.00	10342.23					
Annual Plan (2020-21)	7900.00	11507.65					
Annual Development Budget (2021-22)	13174.45	19190.75					

]	Table –9
Plan	Investment

Source: Planning Department, Himachal Pradesh

8. Development of Infrastructure Facilities

1. Roads and Bridges

1.8.1.1 During the First Five-Year Plan (1951-56), "Roads" were given highest priority. During this period, Rs. 225.41 lakh were spent on the development of roads, which amounted to 42.75% of the total plan investment of Rs. 527.25 lakh. With this investment, the State achieved an additional 2413 kms. length of roads. The progress made in the development of roads since 1971 at the time of formation of a full-fledged State to achievements made till the end of 31st March, 2020 are given in the following table:-

	Koau Constr				aiiiau	511		
Sr. No	Description	Unit	1971	During 11 th Plan (2007- 12)	During 12 th Plan (2012- 17)	As on 31 st March, 2018	As on 31 st March,2 019	As on 31 st March, 2020
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
1.	Motorable roads	Kms	7609	31867	34922	35727	36725	37624
2.	Roads provided with cross drainage	Kms	2755	23327	28832	29890	30942	31921
3.	Metalled and Tarred length	Kms	2218	19007	24046	25332	26853	28077
4.	Bridges	No.	232	1735	2002	2075	2142	2192
5.	Village connected with	n Roads		I		I	I	
	(a) Above 1500 population	No.	-	208	209	209	210	210
	(b) 1000-1500 population	No.	-	266	287	287	291	291
	(c) 500-1000 population	No.	-	1216	1263	1273	1293	1293
	(d) 200-500 population	No.	-	3240	3494	3546	3584	3691
	(e) Less than 200 population	No.	-	4700	4948	4966	4989	4989
	Total (5)		-	9630	10201	10281	10367	10474

Т	able	-10	

Road Construction i	in Himachal Pradesh
----------------------------	---------------------

Source: Public Works Department, Himachal Pradesh

- 1.8.1.2 Besides an increase in the motorable road density from 13.66 kms. per 100 sq. kms. of area in 1971 to 65.78 kms. per 100 sq. kms. upto March, 2019, the quality of this crucial infrastructure has also improved significantly. A net addition of 29,966 km of roads has been made since 1971 to 31st March, 2020.
- 1.8.1.3 The following data depicts the position of road length from 1971 to 2020:-

	Road Length (Kms.) in Himachal Pradesh										
		Position	n as on 31	st March							
Ty	pe of Road	1971	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
1.		2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
(a)	Motorable Four Lane	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	102	102
(b)	Motorable Double lane	1765	2411	2415	2415	2426	2478	2478	1659	2046	2079
(c)	Motorable Intermediate Lane	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1342	1352	1370
(d)	Motorable Single lane	5844	29999	30550	31076	31489	3189 1	32444	32664	33225	34073
Total Motorable roads		7609	32410	32965	33491	33915	3436 9	34922	35727	36725	37624
(e)	Jeepable	608	276	260	255	273	285	306	370	1012	1128
(f)	Less than Jeepable (Track)	2400	1483	1422	1396	1375	1363	1363	1363	717	723
To	tal	10617	34169	34647	35142	35563	3601 7	36591	37460	38454	39475

Table –11 Road Length (Kms.) in Himachal Pradesh

Source: Public Works Department, Himachal Pradesh

2. Mineral Wealth

1.8.2.1 Himachal Pradesh is blessed with considerable amount of mineral wealth. As per investigation of Geological Survey of India, the minerals available in Himachal Pradesh include limestone, byrytes, clays, mica, iron pyrites, salt, gypsum, slate, antimony and lead. The distribution of these minerals is scattered all over the State and they include lime stone in Bilaspur, Sirmaur and Kangra district; salt and slates in Mandi district; gypsum in Rajban & Bharli in Sirmour district; Lahaul & Spiti and Sabathu in Solan district; byryte in Sirmour, iron ore in Mandi and Kangra; and uranium in Kullu and Hamirpur districts.

3. Irrigation Potential & Area Covered

- 1.8.3.1 In the 1st Five-Year Plan (1951-56), irrigation was given second priority and investment of Rs. 55.18 lakh was envisaged against which Rs.33.70 lakh actual expenditure was incurred. By the end of the year 2019-20 the State has created CCA of 2.81 lakh hectares under major/medium/minor irrigation schemes implemented through plans.
- 1.8.3.2 The following table presents irrigation potential assessed and created in H.P:-

Sr. No.	Irrigation Potential Assessed & Cr	Area (Lakh Hect.)
1.	2.	3.
1.	Total Geographical Area	55.67
2.	Net Area Sown	5.83
3.	Total Culturable Command Area Available	
	(i) Major & Medium Irrigation	0.50
	(ii) Minor Irrigation	2.85
Total (3)	3.35
4.	C.C.A. created upto the end of 31.3.2020	
	(A) By Rural Development and Agriculture	1.00
	Department	
	(B) I & PH Department Schemes :	
	(i) Major & Medium Irrigation	0.37
	(ii) Minor Irrigation	1.44
Sub To	otal (B)	1.81
Total (4)	2.81

 Table –12

 Irrigation Potential Assessed & Created

Source: Jal Shakti Vibhag, Himachal Pradesh

1.8.3.3 Cumulative Culturable Command Area created under various irrigation schemes by the end of 11th Five Year Plan, 12th Five Year Plan and Annual Plan 2018-19 & 2019-20 is given in the following table:-

Table-13

Sr. No.	Items	Unit	11 th Plan 2007-12	12 th Plan 2012-17	Annual Plan 2018-19	Annual Plan 2019-20
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.
1.	Major & Medium Irrigation	Hect.	30152	34352	35638	36578
2.	Minor Irrigation	Hect.	118826	122126	140083	143784
3.	Kuhals and others	Hect.	100657	100657	100657	100657
	Total	Hect.	249635	257135	276378	281019

Cumulative CCA Created

Source: Jal Shakti Vibhag, Himachal Pradesh

1.8.3.4 A total 2.81 lakh hectares CCA has been created which forms 48.20 percent of the net area sown as per data supply by the State Irrigation & Public Health Department.

4. **Rural Water Supply**

1.8.4.1 As per 1991 Census, there were 16807 villages in the State and all of these were provided with safe drinking water facility by March, 1994. Thereafter, the focus shifted from village to habitation. As per the survey of 2003, which was finalized in March, 2005 total 51,848 habitations were identified of which there were 20,112 (FC), 9389 (NC) and 22347 (PC) habitation in the State. The partially covered and not covered habitations (9389 NC + 22347 PC) have been categorized as slipped back habitations as per revised guidelines of the Central Government. The year-wise status of covered and balance habitations to be covered is given in the following table:-

Table-14Status of Habitations Covered

D 1	NG	DC	TO	TT + 1
Period	NC	PC (11 20	FC	Total
	(0-10	(11-39		
	LPCD)	LPCD)		
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
Status as on 1-04-2007	6588	19504	25756	51848
Habitations covered during 2007-08 under State & Central Sector	1533	2977	-	4510
Status as on 1-04-2008	5055	16527	30266	51848
Habitations covered during 2008-09 under State & Central Sector upto 31.03.2009	1423	4106	-	5529
Status as on 1-04-2009	3632	12421	35795	51848
Habitations covered during 2009-10 under State & Central Sector upto 31.3.2010	1214	3961	-	5175
Status as on 1.04.2010	2418	8460	40970	51838
Habitations covered during 2010-11 under State & Central Sector upto 31.3.2011	0	5000	0	5000
Status as on 1.04.2011	0	13282	39919	53201
Habitations covered during 2011-12 under State & Central Sector upto 31.3.2012	0	2557	0	2557
Status as on 1.04.2013	0	10725	42476	53201
Status as on 1.04.2014	0	21783	31821	53604
Status as on 1.04.2015	0	21450	32154	53604
Status as on 1.04.2016	0	21054	32550	53604
Status as on 1.04.2017	0	19222	34382	53604
After Yearly Updation on IMIS web-site	1	1	1	4
Status as on 1.04.2018 (Supply rate @ 55 lpcd)	0	20209	34260	54469
Status as on 1.04.2019 (Supply rate @ 55 lpcd)	0	19948	34521	54469
Status as on 1.04.2020 (Supply rate @ 55 lpcd)	0	23883	31396	55279

Source: Jal Shakti Vibhag, Himachal Pradesh

- 1.8.4.2 After yearly data updation on IMIS website, as on 1.4.2020, there are total 55,279 habitations in the State. Out of these 55,279 habitations, 31,396 habitations are fully covered getting water >55 lpcd and 23,883 habitations are partially covered getting water < 55 lpcd. The Govt. of India has launched Jal Jivan Mission (JJM), which aims at providing Functional Household Tap Connection (FHTC) to every rural household by 2024, the programme focuses on service delivery at household level i.e. water supply on regular basis in adequate quantity and of prescribed quality.
- 1.8.4.3 In Himachal Pradesh 75.53% households have been provided with domestic water connection against a National average of 33.91 % households.
- 1.8.4.4 The Govt. of Himachal Pradesh has decided to complete the implementation of Jal Jivan Mission by July 2022 by providing FHTCs to all the 17,03,626 households. 3 Districts, 11 Blocks, 774 Gram Panchayats and 8090 villages have been fully covered under the Jal Jeevan Mission. During the year 2020-21 an amount of Rs. 326.20 crore has been received from Govt. of India under Jal Jivan Mission and more than 95 % of this amount has been utilized. Under JJM 3,65,178 Functional Household Tap Connection (FHTC) have been provided against the target of 2,44,351 FHTC during the year 2020-21.

1.8.4.5 Revised Status as per yearly data updation

During the year 2013-14, Govt. of India has revised the norms of Water Supply for FC Habitations from 40 LPCD to 55 LPCD. The updated status of habitations as 27.01.2021 is as under:-

Total No.	No. of	No. of	No. of	No. of	Habitations
of	Habitations	Habitations	Habitations	Habitations	with 100 %
Habitatio	with	with	with	with	Population
ns	population	population	population	population	coverage
	coverage >0	coverage>25	coverage>50	coverage>75	
	& <25%	&<50%	& <75%	&<100%	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
55279	1360	5342	7818	7006	33753

Source: Jal Shakti Vibhag, Himachal Pradesh

5. **Power Generation and Consumption**

1.8.5.1 The year wise data on power generation and power purchase by the HPSEBL from outside w.e.f. 1980-81 has been depicted in the following table:-

Generation Year	Generation MUs	Electricity Purchased MUs		
1.	2.	3.		
1980-81	246	266		
1990-91	1263	1059		
2000-01	1154	2540		
2006-07	1433	5057		
2007-08	1865	5434		
2008-09	2076	6048		
2009-10	1799	6524		
2010-11	2053	7440		
2011-12	2020	7790		
2012-13	1699	8250		
2013-14	1848	6530		
2014-15	2091	6821		
2015-16	1569	9491		
2016-17	1591	9456		
2017-18	1941	11346		
2018-19	2063	11957		
2019-20	2243	12063		

Table-15 Power Generated/Purchased

Source: Himachal Pradesh State Electricity Board Limited

1.8.5.2 It is evident from the above table that power generation, which was 246 MUs in 1980-81, touched the level of 2243 MUs in 2019-20, which is the highest generation by the Power Houses of HPSEBL till date. The sale of power by HPSEBL remained as under :-

Table-16

Sale of Power by HPSEBL

			<u> (illion Units)</u>
Year	Sale within State	the Sale Outside the State	Total
1.	2.	3.	4.
1980-81	265	147	412
1990-91	1009	718	1727
2000-01	2206	616	2822
2006-07	4301	1255	5556
2007-08	5029	1199	6228
2008-09	5461	1498	6959
2009-10	5814	1284	7098
2010-11	6642	1705	8347
2011-12	6918	1598	8516
2012-13	7358	1171	8529
2013-14	7536	1999	9535
2014-15	7867	1276	9143
2015-16	7958	1334	9292
2016-17	7960	1776	9736
2017-18	8405	3484	11889
2018-19	9041	3687	12728
2019-20	9124	3546	12670

Source: Himachal Pradesh State Electricity Board Limited

1.8.5.3 The annual compound growth rate from the sale of power within the State w.e.f. from 2010-11 to 2019-20 remained about 3.96 % and the increase in the sale of power (within the State) from 2018-19 to 2019-20 is about 1% indicating a falling rate of growth in sale of power by the HPSEBL. The provisional T&D losses (within the State) for the year 2019-20 are about 12.11 %.

1.8.5.4	The trend in power consumption in the State among different end users is given
	in the following table:-

		(Million kwh)								
Sr. No.	End Users	11 th Plan 2007-12	12 th Plan 2012-17	Year 2017-18	Year 2018-19	Year 2019-20				
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.				
1.	Domestic	1406.203	1774.497	2008.83	2105.768	2193.693				
		(20.33)	(23.58)	(23.90)	(23.29)	(24.00)				
2.	Commercial	387.203	450.942	567.086	614.562	623				
		(5.60)	(5.99)	(6.75)	(6.8)	(6.83)				
3.	Industrial	4314.567	4480.716	4815.743	5334.652	5322.87				
		(62.37)	(59.54)	(57.30)	(59.01)	(58.34)				
4.	Govt. Irrigation & WSS	439.976	470.722	605.093	565.729	560.47				
	-	(6.37)	(6.25)	(7.20)	(6.26)	(6.14)				
5.	Agriculture	36.167	41.319	62.182	62.983	56.73				
		(0.52)	(0.55)	(0.74)	(0.70)	(0.62)				
6.	Public Lighting	12.984	12.454	11.29	10.365	10.75				
		(0.19)	(0.17)	(0.13)	(0.11)	(0.12)				
7.	Non Domestic/	98.550	117.590	144.573	158.655	159.69				
	Non Commercial	(1.42)	(1.56)	(1.72)	(1.75)	(1.75)				
8.	Temporary	28.640	26.895	35.96	37.521	45.88				
		(0.41)	(0.36)	(0.43)	(0.41)	(0.50)				
9.	Bulk/Misc.	192.877	150.696	152.802	150.643	150.92				
		(2.79)	(2.00)	(1.83)	(1.67)	(1.65)				
	Total	6917.167	7525.831	8404.559	9040.878	9124				

Table-17 Power Consumption

Note: Figures in above table are percent shares of various end uses of energy for each year. Source: Himachal Pradesh State Electricity Board Limited

1.8.5.5 The above data indicates that there is an increase in the power consumption for different categories of consumers with respect to previous years except some categories like Industrial, WSS and Agriculture, where the consumption either remained constant or decreased slightly in comparison to last year i.e. 2018-19.

6. Rural Electrification

Deen Dayal Upadhya Gram Jyoti Yojana (DDUGJY)

- 1.8.6.1 The Ministry of Power, Govt. of India has launched Deendayal Upadhyaya Gramin Jyoti Yojana (DDUGJY) vide Office Memorandum No. F. 44/44/2014-RE on 3rd December, 2014 for the electrification of rural households, separation of agriculture & non- agriculture feeders, strengthening & augmentation of Sub-Transmission & Distribution (ST&D) infrastructure in rural areas, including metering at distribution transformers feeders and consumers end. The core objective is to ensure reliable and quality power supply in rural areas.
- 1.8.6.2 Accordingly, scheme was formulated by HPSEBL for all 12 districts of Himachal Pradesh covering 35 un-electrified villages, one SAGY (Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana) village and 14088 rural households (including 3288 BPL households). The DDUGJY scheme was sanctioned for Rs. 158.33 cr. wherein 86 % was granted to Rs. 134.58 cr. and 15 % was utility share of Rs. 23.74 cr. The works were awarded in departmentally / turnkey mode. The awards were placed at higher rates than the scheme provisions and accordingly the DDUGJY scheme was revised amounting to Rs. 237.181 cr. HPSEBL has arranged funding from financial institution amounting to Rs. 52 cr to meet up the increased scheme cost. Till date the amount utilized as a grant from Government of India is Rs. 67.66

crore and amount utilized against 15 % utility share is Rs. 22.16 cr. and HPSEBL has exploited Rs. 30 crore from additional funding. The expenditure incurred till dated amounts to Rs. 119.83 crore.

- 1.8.6.3 Out of 35 villages covered in DDUGJY scheme, 28 inhabited villages have been electrified departmentally under the scheme by 30th September, 2016 within the target fixed by Ministry of Power, Govt. of India and remaining 7 villages are not required to be electrified as these village are having temporary seasonal habitation.
- 1.8.6.4 The execution of works under this scheme in five districts viz. Shimla, Mandi, Kangra, Kullu and Solan is being done on full turn key basis. However, in remaining districts works in 3 Nos. district namely Kinnaur, Bilaspur and Lahaul & Spiti stand completed and in remaining districts the works is in progress. Most of the works except 33/11 KV new Sub-Stations are under completion.

Integrated Power Development Scheme (IPDS)

- 1.8.6.5 The Ministry of Power, Govt. of India has launched Integrated Power Development Scheme (IPDS) vide office Memo No. 26/1/2014- APDRP dated 3.12.2014 for electrification of urban households. The objectives of the project under IPDS are as follows:-
 - (a) The project shall provide strengthening of Sub- Transmission and Distribution Network in urban areas including provisioning of Solar Panels on Govt. buildings including net metering.
 - (b)The projects shall provide metering of feeders/ distribution transformers/ consumers in urban areas.
- 1.8.6.6 Accordingly, the project was formulated by HPSEBL for all 12 circles of HPSEBL comprising 54 urban towns as per Census, 2011 and the same has been sanctioned in March, 2016 by M/S PFC Limited for Rs. 110.60 crore alongwith Project Management Agency (PMA) cost @ 0.5 per cent of project cost i.e. Rs. 0.55 crore. The scheme has been revised with cost of Rs. 133.29 crore.
- 1.8.6.7 As per IPDS guidelines, the scheme is to be completed in a period of 30 months (i.e. 6 months for award + 24 months for execution). In respect of PMA, HPSEBL has awarded the work for Project Management Agency (PMA) to M/S WAPCOS Ltd. for IPDS projects in HP on 09.09.2015. Till date, total GOI Grant amounting to Rs. 83.319 core has been released by PFC against sanctioned GoI grant of Rs. 101.87 crore. The counterpart loan amounting to Rs. 9.26 crore has been released by REC Limited till date against sanctioned loan amount of Rs. 11.06 crore (i.e. 10 % of the project cost) and own / utility share (5 % of the scheme cost i.e. Rs. 5.60 crore has already been utilized against Rs, 6.90 cr. by HPSEBL's through its own sources. Additional funds requirement of Rs. 21.059 crore (over and above sanctioned IPDS scheme) shall be met with REC loan which has sanctioned on 27.01.2020. In nutshell, total funds amounting to Rs. 98.18 crore have been received so far and the total expenditure against the funds received upto 31.03.2020 is Rs. 93.86 crore. The 33/11 KV, 2x10 MVA GIS Sub - Station at Paonta Sahib has been sanctioned by PFC Ltd. on 06.12.2018 for Rs. 8.64 crore (GOI Grant Rs. 7.34 crore). The site development work of the Sub-Station is completed and the major material for the construction of 33 KV and 11 KV HT line has been handed over to the contractor. The Sub–Station works is targeted to be completed by 05.06.2021. Till date, overall physical progress of the scheme throughout the State is 79%. The works in 10 circles namely Nahan, Hamirpur, Bilaspur, Una, Kangra, Kullu, Solan, Dalhousie, Shimla & Mandi

have been completed in all respects whereas the works in 2 remaining circles namely Rohru and Rampur are under progress.

7. Agriculture Productivity (a) Soils

1.8.7.1 The soils of the State can broadly be divided into nine groups on the basis of their development and physicochemical properties. These are: (i) alluvial soils, (ii) brown hill soil, (iii) brown earth, (iv) brown forests soils, (v) grey wooded or podzolic soils, (vi) grey brown podzolic soils, (vii) planosolic soils, (viii) humus and iron podzols (ix) alpine humus mountain speletal soils. The soil found in the districts of Mandi, Kangra, Bilaspur, Una, Solan, Hamirpur and Sirmaur is generally brown, alluvial and grey brown podzolic, Kullu and Shimla have grey-wooded podzolic soils, while Kinnaur, Lahaul & Spiti and some parts of Chamba district have humus mountain speletal soils.

(b) Development of Agriculture

- 1.8.7.2 Agriculture is the main occupation of the people of Himachal Pradesh and has an important place in the economy of the State. Himachal Pradesh is the only State in the country whose 89.97 percent of population (Census 2011) lives in rural areas. Therefore dependency on Agriculture/ Horticulture is evident as it provides direct employment to about 62 percent of total workers of the state.
- 1.8.7.3 Agriculture happens to be the premier source of State income (GSDP). About 10.4 percent of the total GSDP comes from agriculture and its allied sectors. Out of the total geographical area of the state (55.67 lakh hectare) the area of operational holdings is about 9.96 lakh hectares and is operated by 9.44 lakh farmers. The average holding size is about 1.00 hectare. Distribution of land holdings according to 2015-16 Agriculture Census shows that 88.84 percent of the total holding are of Small and Marginal. About 10.86 percent of holdings are owned by Semi–Medium and Medium farmers and only 0.30 percent by large farmers.

(c) Development of Horticulture

1.8.7.4 The planned development of Horticulture in Himachal Pradesh is only of the recent origin and more so a post independence phenomenon. During the preindependence period, there had been practically no or very little development of Horticulture. Pioneering efforts were, however, made by a few European and Amercian Missionaries by way of introduction of the different varieties of temperate fruits, particularly apples. It was only after the launching of five year plans in 1951-52 that the development of horticulture started receiving any attention. During the year 1990-91, the total area under all kind of fruits was 1,63,330 ha. Including 62,828 ha. of area under apple with annual production of 386.314 MT. Subsequently the programmes focused on the all-around and diverse development of horticulture throughout the State. The 12th Five Year Plan gave emphasis on improving the horticulture productivity and quality of fruit and intensification of Horticulture development /ancillary horticulture activities in untapped and less development areas. During the year 2018-19, the fruit production was 495.362 MT with apple production of 368.603 MT. The production estimates for 2019-20 are still awaited although tentative estimates put the apple production of 715.25 MT.

(c) Production of Food Grains

1.8.7.5 The details of area and production of foodgrains, major commercial crops, apple and all fruits in H.P. from the financial Year 2015-16 to 2019-20 are given below:-

Table-18
Table showing Area and Production of Food Grains and
Major Commercial Crops in H.P.

(Area in 000 Hect. & Production in 000 MT)

Sr. No.	Name of the Crop	Year 2015-16		Year 2	Year 2016-17		2017-18	2018-1	9	2019-2 (Tenta	
		Area	Prod.	Area	Prod.	Area	Prod.	Area	Prod.	Area	Prod.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.
1. Kha	rif										
1.	Maize	94.22	37.65	81.34	36.46	80.81	50.91	86.78	71.11	87.44	29.73
2.	Paddy	3.69	29.88	3.83	35.48	1.61	41.37	1.81	46.68	2.62	43.66
3.	Ragi	.88	.93	.52	.60	.82	.92	.72	.82	.62	.72
4.	Millets	.27	.09	.20	.80	.18	.36	.10	.12	.31	.30
5.	Pulses	7.74	5.53	8.58	5.76	5.22	1.65	7.91	7.05	5.82	2.19
Total	Kharif	91.79	88.08	80.47	94.10	73.64	09.21	83.32	40.78	82.81	91.60
II. Ral	bi										
1.	Wheat	41.05	67.62	38.28	05.18	42.68	98.32	19.00	82.63	19.10	27.96
2.	Barley	9.23	4.33	9.49	8.66	9.16	8.19	0.36	2.08	0.40	0.83
3.	Gram	.36	.38	.33	.41	.36	.37	.38	.40	.38	.40
4.	Pulses	2.43	3.64	4.33	4.38	2.87	5.34	.56	6.56	2.11	1.81
Total]	Rabi	73.07	45.97	72.43	68.63	75.08	72.22	49.30	51.67	51.99	01.00
	of Food s (I+II)	64.86	634.05	52.90	562.73	48.72	581.43	32.62	692.45	34.80	592.60
1.	Potato	8.02	83.25	5.08	95.84	5.88	98.66	4.41	86.80	5.10	96.71
2.	Ginger (Green)	.78	2.33	.07	5.39	.88	3.70	.07	3.74	.10	3.99
3.	Vegetable	5.23	608.55	6.95	653.51	8.68	691.56	1.60	722.14	6.14	860.67
Total Crops	of Comm.	6.03	824.13	5.10	884.74	7.44	923.92	9.08	942.68	04.34	091.37
1.	Apple	10.68	73.13	11.90	68.13	12.63	46.57	13.15	68.60	14.14	15.25
2.	All Fruit	26.80	28.83	29.20	11.88	30.85	65.31	32.14	95.63	33.30	45.42

(i) Agriculture Department, Himachal Pradesh.
 (ii) Horticulture Department, Himachal Pradesh.

(e) Production of Fish

Source:

1.8.7.6 Himachal Pradesh is blessed with some of the finest rivers viz. Satluj, Beas, Ravi and Chenab originating from the permanent glaciers and spring-beds. The rivers and their branches are bestowed with exotic fish species viz. trout, mahseer, snow trout, loaches, indigenous carps, lesser barilius and minor carps. Besides, there are many natural lakes located in the higher reaches and manmade reservoirs harbouring more than 78 fish species. The level of fish production and fish seed production in the State is depicted in the following table:

Tabl	e-19
------	------

	1		h Produ				1
Sr. No.	Item	Unit	11 th Five Year Plan (2007-12)	12 th Five Year Plan (2012-17)	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
1.	Fish Production (Inland)	000' Tones	7.38	8.56	12.76	13.40	14.02
2.	Fish Seed Production						
	(i) Carp Seed (Spawn)	Million	20.32	21.63	60.89	53.63	52.89
	(ii) Trout Seed (Ova)	Million	0.00	0.00	1.96	1.46	1.49
	Total Seed Production	Million	20.32	21.63	62.85	55.09	54.38
	(i) Carp Farms	Nos.	4	6	7	7	7
	(ii) Trout Farms	Nos.	5	6	7	7	7
	Total	Nos.	9	12	14	14	14
	(iii) Nursery Area of Carp Farms	Area Hect.	1.5	1.5	2.2045	2.2045	2.2045
	(iv) Nursery Area of Trout Farms	Area Hect.	0	0	0.0762	0.0762	0.0762
	Total Nursery Area	Area Hect.	1.5	1.5	2.2807	2.2807	2.2807

Fish Production

Source: Fisheries Department, Himachal Pradesh.

8. Animal Husbandry

1.8.8.1 The livestock data for the last 6 livestock census is given below which indicates that the total livestock population has declined by about 9.23 lakhs heads between 1987 & 2012. It is a pointer to two trends, one is that the pastoral and livestock based livelihood is declining in number and the other, that the stock is improving in quality as the output is increasing.

Table-20
Category wise Cattle as per Livestock Census

		v		F			(In lak	h)
Sr. No.	Category	1987	1992	1997	2003	2007	2012	2017
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
1.	Cattle	22.45	21.65	21.74	21.96	22.69	21.49	18.28
2.	Buffaloes	7.95	7.04	7.48	7.73	7.62	7.16	6.47
3.	Sheep	11.14	10.79	10.80	9.06	9.01	8.05	7.91
4.	Goats	11.20	11.18	11.68	11.16	12.41	11.19	11.08
5.	Horses and Ponies	0.20	0.14	0.13	0.17	0.13	0.15	0.15
6.	Mules and Donkeys	0.31	0.24	0.26	0.33	0.26	0.31	0.26
7.	Pigs	0.18	0.07	0.07	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.02
8.	Other Livestock	0.02	0.06	0.08	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.05
	Total	53.45	51.17	52.24	50.46	52.17	48.44	44.22

Source: Animal Husbandry Department, Himachal Pradesh

1.8.8.2 The status of Veterinary Institutions established /created in the State is depicted in the table given below:-

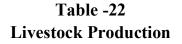
			•	nstituti				
Sr. No.	Institutions	31 st March, 2014	31 st Marc h, 2015	31 st March, 2016	31 st Marc h, 2017	31 st March, 2018	31 st March, 2019	31 st March, 2020
1.	2.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
1.	Hospitals	282	284	284	322	340	352	361
2.	Vety. Dispensaries	1767	1766	1769	1772	1770	1767	1760
3.	Central Vety. Dispensaries	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
4.	Polyclinics	7	7	9	9	9	10	10
5.	State Vety. Hospitals	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
6.	Zonal Hospital	-	-	-	1	1	1	2
7.	Sub – Divisional Veterinary Hospitals	49	49	48	48	59	60	60
8.	Dispensaries opened under 'Mukhya Mantri Arogya Pashu Dhan Yojna'		1251	1251	1251	1251	1251	1251

Table-21 Veterinary Institutions as on

Source: Animal Husbandry Department, Himachal Pradesh

Livestock Production

1.8.8.3 The production figures are depicted in the following table: -



r. Io	Product	Jnit										
			10-11	11-12	12-13	13-14	14-15	15-16	16-17	17-18	18-19	19-20
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.
1.		000' Tonnes	1102.49	1119.87	1138.61	1150.81	1172.16	1282.86	1328.17	1392.09	1460.34	1531.33
2.	00	Lakh Number	1020.63	1049.67	1069.39	1075.48	1084.33	811.67	958.99	981.40	1007.00	1066.21
3.	Wool	Lakh Kg.	16.42	16.48	16.50	16.57	16.62	14.11	14.74	14.84	15.31	15.16

Source: Animal Husbandry Department, Himachal Pradesh

1.8.8.4 Above table depicts that milk production is increasing at steady pace, which is a good signal for rural economy. Similarly, increasing trend in the production of eggs and wool has been witnessed from 2010-11 to 2014-15 period. However, a decline during the year 2015-16 has been recorded in egg and wool production in the State which has again increased during 2016-17 to 2019-20.

9. Forests

- 1.8.9.1 Forests are an important resource of Himachal Pradesh. Although the area classified as "Area under Forest" is 68.16 percent of the total geographical area of the State, yet the effective forest cover is much lower, primarily on account of the fact that a very large area is either alpine meadows or is above the tree line.
- 1.8.9.2 Current scenario is described in the following table: -

			(Area in Sq. Km.)
Sr.	Category	Area	Remarks
No			
1.	2.	3.	4.
1.	Geographical Area of the State	55,673	-
2.	Area required under forest cover as per NFP 1988	37,115	Total culturable area under recorded forests is 21,572 sq. km. for the purposes of policy requirements unculturable area forming vital eco-system and wildlife habitats shall also have to be considered.
3.	Forest area as per forest record	37,948	-
4.	Actual Forest cover	15,434	As per Forest Survey of India Report, 2019
5.	Unculturable Area	16,376	Includes area under snow cover, permanent high
			altitude pastures, rocky mountains and above tree
			line (unfit for tree growth).
6.	Culturable Area	21,572	-
7.	Very Dense Forest	3,113	Requires protection.
8.	Moderately Dense Forest	7,126	Requires protection for improvement in density.
9.	Open Forest	5,195	Requires protection for improvement in density.
10.	Balance Culturable Area	6,138	Includes scrub, blank areas and areas covered by
			plantations, which are not picked up in the satellite
			imagery (say post 1980 plantations).
11.	Area on which forests can be	14,896	Balance culturable area + open forest +50 % of
	raised/tree cover can be		Moderately Dense Forest
	provided/ density can be		
	increased.		
Tour	ca. Forast Danartmant Hima	hal Dua	lash

Table -23

Source: Forest Department, Himachal Pradesh

- 1.8.9.3 The National and State Forest Policy lays emphasis on additional areas to be brought under tree cover, whereas the total culturable area that is available under recorded forest is 21,572 sq. kms. The areas like permanent pastures can not support the tree cover and grass is the best vegetation which can grow there. In the present scenario, there seems to be no other way out except to consider the un-culturable areas forming vital eco-systems and wildlife habitats as part of forest/ tree cover although it is agreed that for carbon sequestration process, tree cover is the only lasting answer and National Forest Policy needs to consider maintaining eco-systems and habitats in addition to emphasis on tree/forest cover alone.
- 1.8.9.4 Forest wealth of Himachal Pradesh is estimated at more than Rs. 1.50 lakh crore. The Forest Conservation Act coupled with the Apex Court orders in Civil Petition No. 202 of 1995 (titled T.N. Godavarman Thirumulkpad versus Union of India) has limited the State Government from undertaking even scientific exploitation of forests and ecologically viable forests. The National Forest Policy, 1988 also mandates that the "Forest would not be managed for earning revenues." The Himalayan forests are a rich source of biological diversity from

which benefits flow not only to the concerned states where these forests are located but also to the downstream and adjoining states. The State Government needs suitable compensation on account of revenue foregone due to ban on felling of trees. The Forest Department has filed an application before the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India for allowing Silviculture felling of tree below 1500 MSL in the State in accordance with approved working plans. The Hon'ble Supreme Court of India vide its order dated 16.02.2018 passed in I.A. No. 3840 of 2014 in CWP No. 202 of 1995 titled as "T.N. Godavarman Thirumulkpad versus Union of India and Others" has allowed the State for silvicultural Green falling of 3 spices viz. Khair, Chil and Sal on experimental basis. These species have been allowed to fell in Nurpur range of Nurpur Forest Division, Bharai range of Bilaspur Forest Division and Poanta range of Poanta Forest Division. The Experimental Silviculture Felling have been done in two phases /years from the approved forest as per the directions of Hon'ble Apex Court and Central Empowered Committee and exploitation work for the year 2018-19 has been completed within stipulated period, the detail of same is as under :-

Year	Name of the	Area in Ha	Species	Total trees marked and handed over to HPSFDC Ltd. for exploitation								
	Division			Green Trees	Vol. (m3)	Salvag e trees	Vol. (m3)	Total Trees	Vol (m3)			
2018-19	Poanta	89.53	Sal	3117	6364.64	0	0	3117	6364.64			
			Eucalyptus	379	189.94	0	0	379	189.94			
	Bilaspur	49.05	Chil	4339	3304.32	0	0	4339	3304.32			
	Nurpur	136.25	Khair	970	209.34	79	13.24	1049	222.58			
			Chil	86	121.43	23	13.05	109	134.48			
	Total	274.83		8891	10189.68	102	26.29	8993	10215.97			
2019-20	Poanta	313.55	Sal	6920	13404.72	105	131.96	7025	13536.38			
			Eucalyptus	118	41.03	0	0	118	41.03			
	Bilaspur	23.95	Chil	1057	1104.61	0	0	1057	1104.61			
	Nurpur	1393.26	Khair	8898	1902.71	4756	557.35	13654	2460.06			
			Chil	1	0.19	289	254.07	290	254.26			
			Eucalyptus	3740	3429.56	90	12.79	3830	3442.35			
	Total	1730.76		20734	19882.83	5240	956.17	25974	20838.99			

1.8.9.5 As per the exploitation data for the year 2019-20, the work in Bilaspur and Paonta Forests Divisions has been completed but work in certain approved forests of Nurpur Forest Division is still in progress.

10. Growth of Health Institutions

1.8.10.1 The growth of Health Institutions in Himachal Pradesh from 1971 onwards is depicted in the following table: -

Table-24

S. No.	Items	1971	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16	17.
1.	Allopathic Hospitals*	39	92	93	93	98	115	106	114	140	155	273	277	288	299	303
2.	Ayurvedic Hospitals	0	25	25	27	27	27	28	30	31	31	33	33	33	34	34
3.	PHC'/CHC/RH	72	514	522	522	522	530	550	552	567	578	587	627	667	680	680
4.	Allopathic(ESI) Dispensaries	119	22	41	41	41	41	28	29	29	29	30	35	34	34	32
5.	Ayurvedic Colleges		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
6.	Ayurvedic Dispensaries **	363	1127	1127	1127	1127	1127	1131	1130	1130	1134	1130	1151	1197	1197	1206
7.	HSCs	256	2071	2071	2071	2067	2065	2066	2065	2068	2065	2071	2083	2084	2097	2104
8.	Medical College	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	5	6	6	6	6
8.	Dental College	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9.	Nursing School /ANM School	1	6	6	2	2	2	2	5	5	6	6	6	7	7	7
10.	Nursing College	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
	Total:	851	3861	3889	3887	3889	3912	3916	3930	3975	4003	4151	4203	4320	4357	4376

Health Institutions in Himachal Pradesh as on 31st March of Each Year

Note: PHC = *Primary Health Centre, CHC* =*Community Health Centre, RH* = *Rural Hospital, HSC* = *Health Sub-Centre.*

* Including Government, State Special, Cantonment Board, Private Hospitals.

** Includes Unani, Amchi, Nature Care Unit and Homeopathic Dispensaries.

Source: (i) Health and Family Welfare Department, Himachal Pradesh

(ii) Medical Education Department, Himachal Pradesh

(iii) AYUSH Department, Himachal Pradesh

Table-25

Health Institutions in Private Sector

Sr.	Institutions	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
No.														
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.
1.	Hospitals	24	24	31	48	39	47	65	73	187	188	188	191	191
2.	Allopathic	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	11	12	4	4	4	4
	Dispensaries													1
3.	Medical College	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3.	Dental Colleges	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
4.	Nursing Colleges	1	2	7	10	10	12	15	18	18	20	24	42	42
5.	Nursing/ ANM School	2	15	15	24	28	28	28	34	33	34	34	38	37
6.	Homoeopathy Medical College	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
7.	Ayurvedic College	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2
То	tal	36	50	62	91	86	97	118	141	256	252	258	283	282

Source: (i) Health and Family Welfare Department, Himachal Pradesh.

(ii) Medical Education Department, Himachal Pradesh.

(iii) AYUSH Department, Himachal Pradesh.

Table-26

Sr. No.	Institutions	As on 31.03.202	% age of Pvt. Inst. to total Inst.		
		Government	Private	Total	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
1	Hospitals	98	191	289	66.09
2	Allopathic Dispensary (ESI).	32	4	36	11.11
3	Dental Colleges	1	4	5	80.00
4	Nursing College	2	42	44	95.45
5	Nursing / ANM School	7	37	44	84.09
Tota	1	140	278	418	66.50

Comparative Position of Government and Private Institutions in the Health Sector

Source: (i) Health and Family Welfare Department, Himachal Pradesh. (ii) Medical Education Department, Himachal Pradesh.

1.8.10.2 The steady growth of medical institutions in the State has resulted in better medical care to the people. This is also reflected in considerably lowering down of crude birth and death rates and significant improvement in the infant mortality rate. The comparative data on vital statistics for Himachal Pradesh and All-India is as under: -

Tał	ole-27
-----	--------

Comparative Data on Vital Statistics

Sr.No.	Parameter	All India	Himachal Pradesh
1.	Birth/Thousand (SRS 2017)	20.0	15.7
2.	Death/Thousand (SRS 2017)	6.2	6.9
3.	Infant Mortality/Thousand (SRS 2017)	32	19
4.	Couple Protection Rate:		
	i) As on 31.3.2011	40.4	42.0
	ii) As on 31.3.2019	NA	27.96
5.	Life Expectancy at birth (2013-17)		
]	Male	68.2	69.6
	Female	70.7	76.8
	Total	69.4	72.9

Source: Health and Family Welfare Department, Himachal Pradesh

1.8.10.3 The time series data on birth rate and death rate of H.P. is given in the following table:

Table-28				
Data on Birth Rate and Death Rate	in	H.P.	(SRS	Rates)

		(Per thousand)						
Year	Birth Rate	Death Rate	Differential					
1.	2.	3.	4.					
1971	37.3	15.6	21.7					
1981	31.5	11.1	20.4					
1991	28.5	8.9	19.6					
1999	23.8	7.3	16.5					
2000	22.1	7.2	14.9					
2001	21.2	7.1	14.1					
2007	17.4	7.1	10.3					
2008	17.7	7.4	10.3					
2009	17.2	7.2	10.0					
2010	16.9	6.9	10.0					

2011	16.5	6.7	9.8	
2012	16.2	6.7	9.5	
2013	16.0	6.7	9.3	
2014	16.4	6.7	9.7	
2015	16.3	6.6	9.7	
2016	16.0	6.8	9.2	
2017	15.8	6.6	9.2	
2018	15.7	6.9	8.8	

Source: Health and Family Welfare Department, Himachal Pradesh

Table-29

Comparative Data on Infant Mortality Rate

	-	(Per Thousand)
Year	Himachal Pradesh	All India
1.	2.	3.
1971	118	129
1981	71	110
1991	75	80
2001	54	66
2007	47	55
2008	44	53
2009	45	50
2010	40	47
2011	38	44
2012	36	42
2013	35	40
2014	32	39
2015	28	37
2016	25	34
2017	22	33
2018	19	32

Source: Health and Family Welfare Department, Himachal Pradesh

1.8.10.4 The decadal variation in the population in Himachal Pradesh since 1901 has been reported as under: -

		on in Population
Year	Persons	%age Decadal Variation
1.	2.	3.
1901	19,20,294	-
1911	18,96,944	(-) 1.22
1921	19,28,206	(+) 1.65
1931	20,29,113	(+) 5.23
1941	22,63,245	(+) 11.54
1951	23,85,981	(+) 5.42
1961	28,12,463	(+) 17.87
1971	34,60,434	(+) 23.04
1981	42,80,818	(+) 23.71
1991	51,70,877	(+) 20.79
2001	60,77,900	(+) 17.54
2011	68,64,602	(+)12.95

Table-30

Source: Health and Family Welfare Department, Himachal Pradesh

11. Education

1.8.11.1The literacy percentage in Himachal Pradesh has increased from 31.96 percent in 1971 to 42.48 percent in 1981, 63.86 percent in 1991, and 76.50 percent in 2001 and has now reached the level of 82.80 percent in 2011. The literacy rate in Himachal Pradesh is higher than the national average. The success march of education continued ahead through concerted efforts of spread of educational institutions in the State. Age group wise data on gross enrolment ratio is given below:-

Table-31 Enrolment Data

Sr. No											nrolment
	р	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.
1.	6-11 Ye	ears			1			1			
	(a) Boys	110.98	110.94	107.66	106.83	105.46	105.61	104.83	104.60	102.76	102.64
	(b) Girls	110.95	110.03	107.28	106.61	105.58	105.66	104.46	104.60	102.37	102.14
	Total	110.97	110.03	107.48	106.72	105.52	105.63	104.66	104.60	102.58	102.40
2.	11-14 Yea	ars						·		•	
	(a) Boys	131.51	125.09	106.00	102.12	101.61	102.63	101.78	101.80	102.95	101.20
	(b) Girls	130.31	124.42	106.35	102.29	102.36	102.94	101.51	102.20	102.87	100.90
	Total	130.94	124.77	106.16	102.20	101.97	102.77	101.65	102.20	102.91	101.06

Source: Elementary Education Department, Himachal Pradesh

A. Growth of Educational Institutions

1.8.11.2 The growth of Educational Institutions upto 31st March, 2020 is given in the following table:-

Educational Institutions

Sr. No	Institutions	As o	As on 31 st March									
110		1970-71	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.
1.	Primary Schools	3768	10773	10542	10619	10714	10711	10710	10725	10657	10623	10716
2.	Middle Schools	742	2278	2256	2283	2302	2131	2130	2066	1996	1969	2038
3.	High Schools	435	848	850	834	832	846	880	930	922	930	928
4.	Senior Secondary Schools	-	1246	1276	1328	1372	1552	1610	1718	1836	1841	1873
5.	Colleges including Sanskrit Colleges	15	71	71	71	71	85	102	113	137	138	137
6.	B. Ed Colleges	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Total	4960	15217	14996	15136	15292	15326	15433	15553	15549	15502	15693

Source: (i) Elementary & Higher Education Department, Himachal Pradesh

1.8.11.3 The details of the institutions managed and run in the private sector are given as under:-

Table-33

Sr. No.	Institutions	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
A. Ge	neral Education:		•	•		1			•				
1.	Primary Schools	566	686	646	638	648	620	609	617	598	655	620	600
2.	Middle Schools	486	697	688	713	667	775	792	800	839	860	797	795
3.	High Schools	490	679	601	606	734	764	967	990	1021	1045	1055	977
4.	Sr. Sec. Schools	343	350	547	562	369	399	476	502	526	552	557	560
5.	Degree/Sanskrit Colleges	63	63	85	78	82	85	85	70	62	69	69	67
6.	B.Ed. Colleges	69	71	75	71	73	76	72	72	71	71	71	71
Tota	al	2017	2546	2642	2668	2573	2719	3001	3051	3117	3252	3169	3070

Educational Institutions in Private Sector

Source: (i) Elementary Education Department, Himachal Pradesh. (ii) Higher Education Department, Himachal Pradesh.

Table-34

Comparative Position of Government and Private Institutions in Education Sector

Sr. No.	Institutions	As on 31.03.2	020 (Nos.)		% age of Pvt. Inst. to total Inst.
		Government	Private	Total	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
I. G	eneral Education	1	1	1	
1	Primary Schools	10716	600	11316	5.30
2	Middle Schools	2038	795	2833	28.06
3	High Schools	928	977	1905	51.29
4	Sr. Sec. Schools	1873	560	2433	23.02
5	Degree/ Sanskrit Colleges/ SCERT/ Fine Art College	137	67	204	32.84
6	B.Ed. Colleges	01	71	72	98.61
Total		15693	3070	18763	16.36

Source: (i) Elementary Education Department, Himachal Pradesh.

(ii) Higher Education Department, Himachal Pradesh.

1.8.11.4 In the field of technical education, the State has made significant strides. The position of technical institutions functioning in the Government Sector is depicted in the following table: -

				Marc		(/			
Sr. No	Institutions		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
1.	Indian Institute of Technology	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2.	National Institute of Technology	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3.	National Institute of Fashion Technology	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4.	IIIT Una		-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5.	Government B. Pharmacy College		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	4
6.	Government Engineering College		1	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	5	5	5
7.	Govt. Polytechnics	9	9	9	10	15	1 5	15	15	15	15	15	15
8.	Industrial Training Institutes	76	76	80	85	91	9 7	104	104	11 9	123	12 7	132
9.	Motor Driving & Heavy Earth Moving Operator Training Institute under SCVT Scheme	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
10.	IIM Sirmour		-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
11.	H.P. Technical University		-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
12.	CIPET Baddi		-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
13.	Regional Vocational Training Institute for Women Jhundla Shimla	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1

Table-35Technical Education Institutions (Govt. Sector)

Source: Technical Education Department, Himachal Pradesh

Table-36

Sr.	Institutions	2008	2009	2010				2014		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
No.														
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.
1.	Universities /Deemed Universities	3	3	3	4	11	16	17	17	17	17	17	17	-
2.	B. Pharmacy Colleges	6	10	12	12	12	12	11	13	13	13	13	14	14
3.	Engineering Colleges	4	5	12	16	17	17	16	14	14	14	14	12	12
4.	Polytechnics including 2 nd Shift	3	5	17	20	20	21	20	24	26	23	20	22	22*
5.	Industrial Training Institutes/Centres	51	56	81	95	120	129	129	131	131	143	147	151	151
6.	Vocational Trg. Centres under SCVT Schemes	257	257	53	07	07	03	03	02	02	02	02	02	03
Tota	al	324	336	178	154	187	198	196	201	203	212	213	218	202

Technical Education Institutions in Private Sector

Note: * 07 Private Polytechnics, 11 D-Pharmacy, 04-Nos. Engineering Colleges are conducting 2nd Shift in diploma and 01 within the Polytechnic.

Source: Technical Education Department, Himachal Pradesh.

Table-37

Comparative Position of Government and Private Institutions in Technical Education Sector

Sr.	Institutions	As on 31.03.2020) (Nos.)		% age of Pvt.	
No.		Government	Private	Total	Inst. to total Inst.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	
П. 7	Technical Education					
1	B. Pharmacy Colleges	04	14	18	77.78	
2	Engineering Colleges	05	12	17	70.59	
3	Polytechnics	15	22	37	59.46	
4	Industrial Training Institutes/Centres	132	151	283	53.36	
Total		156	199	355	56.06	

Source: Technical Education, Vocational and Industrial Training Department, Himachal Pradesh.

B. State Universities

(i) Himachal Pradesh University

1.8.11.5 Himachal Pradesh University was founded on July 22, 1970. This is the only multi-faculty and affiliating university in the State. The Mission of the University is to usher Himachal Pradesh and India into the new millennium with a leading contribution in the field of education and research both in the social science, languages, behavioral science and in science and technology.

(ii) Chaudhary Sarwan Kumar Himachal Pradesh Krishi Vishavidyalaya

- 1.8.11.6 Himachal Pradesh Krishi Vishavidyalaya (renamed as Chaudhary Sarwan Kumar Himachal Pradesh Krishi Vishavidyalaya in June, 2001) was estbalised on 1st November, 1978. The college of Agriculture (established in May, 1966) formed the nucleus of the new farm university. It is ICAR accredited and ISO 9001:2008 certified institution.
- 1.8.11.7 The University has been given the mandate for making provision for imparting education in agriculture and other allied branches of learning, furthering the advancement of learning and prosecution of research and undertaking extension of such sciences, especially to the rural people of Himachal Pradesh. Over the years, this University has contributed considerably in transforming the farm scenario of Himachal Pradesh. Today, the State has earned its name for hill agricultural diversification and the farming community has imposed its faith in the University.

(iii) Dr. Y.S. Parmar University of Horticulture and Forestry

- 1.8.11.8 Dr. Yashwant Singh Parmar University of Horticulture and Forestry, Solan was established on 1st December, 1985 with the goal of strategic need based farmer oriented research and extension through excellence in education. Late Dr. Yashwant Singh Parmar, the first Chief Minister and the architect of Himachal Pradesh perceived the importance of Horticulture and Forestry to develop and improve the State Economy which led to the establishment of this university. Its history lies in erstwhile Himachal Agriculture College, Solan established in 1962 and affiliated to the Punjab University. It became one of the campuses of Agriculture Complex of Himachal Pradesh University on its formation in 1970. Consequent upon the establishment of Himachal Pradesh Krishi Vishvavidyalaya in 1978, this campus became its Horticulture Complex and finally in 1985, assumed the status of a State University, being the only University in the country engaged exclusively in teaching, research and extension in Horticulture and Forestry.
- 1.8.11.9 The University has three constituent colleges viz; College of Horticulture and College of Forestry located at the main campus, Nauni having nine and seven departments respectively. The other two colleges are Horticulture and Forestry at Neri Hamirpur and college of Horticulture and Centre of Excellence for Horticulture Research and Extension at Thunag, District Mandi. In addition, there are six Regional Horticulture and Training Stations, nine Research Sub-Station and five Krishi Vigyan Kendras (KVKs) situated in different agro climatic zones of the State.

IV. Central University

1.8.11.10 Central University has been set-up in Himachal Pradesh in District Kangra. Prof. (Dr.) Kuldip Chand Agnihotri is the current Vice-Chancellor of this University. At present University is running at the campus and building of Govt. College Shahpur, whereas the office of the University is at Sanskriti Sadan, Dharamsala. Various courses have been started in this University.

V. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel Cluster University, Mandi

1.8.11.11 Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel Cluster University, Mandi was created by an act of state legislature in April, 2018. The head-quarter of the University is located in the Camp office at Govt. College Mandi. There are four constituent colleges of the University: Vallabh Govt. College Mandi, Govt. College Bassa, Govt. College Darang and Maharaja Laxman Sen College, Sundernagar. Construction of buildings and infrastructure development work is in advanced stage and is expected to be completed within next six to eight months.

The mandate of the university has been to establish broad-based and viable under graduate, post graduate and research programmes in several disciplines with firm interdisciplinary orientation and linkages. In line with the new education policy, the University has started the process of designing multidisciplinary courses and curriculum for these courses with multi entry and exit frame work. In the current Academic Session, the University has started six new courses M.Sc. Botany (15 subsidized & 10 Non-subsidized), M.Sc. Zoology (15 subsidized & 10 Non-subsidized), M.Sc. Physics (20 subsidized & 10 Non-subsidized), M.Sc. Chemistry (20 subsidized & 10 Non-subsidized), M.A. History (30 subsidized & 15 Non-subsidized) and M.B.A. (30 subsidized & 15 Non- subsidized).

VI. Technical University

- 1.8.11.12 The Himachal Pradesh Technical University has been established in the year 2010 by an Act of Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh and the ibid Act has been repealed by the Himachal Pradesh Technical University, Act, 2014 with the following objectives:-
 - (a) to develop the knowledge of Science, Engineering and Technology, Management and Environment by teaching, research, experimentation or practical training or such other means as the University may deem fit for the advancement of quality of life of the mankind;
 - (b) to supply the required skilled manpower of appropriate kind and quality to meet the needs of society and national developments plans;
 - (c) to develop patterns of teaching and training at various levels of educational accomplishment so as to set high standards of education in Science, Engineering and Technology;
 - (d) to derive benefits from the ever growing scientific and technological knowledge in different parts of the world and to advance frontiers of knowledge by research, innovation, invention and product development;
 - (e) to establish close linkage with Industry to make teaching, training and research in the University relevant to the needs of society and industry at national and international level;
 - (f) to establish, maintain and manage College Schools, Departments, Centres of Research and other Institution necessary to carry out the objects of the University and
 - (g) to affiliate or recognize Colleges or Institutions within and outside the State of Himachal Pradesh.
- 1.8.11.13 As per the ibid Act, the Himachal Pradesh Technical University shall be a teaching and affiliating University comprising of Affiliated, Autonomous and Constituent Colleges and shall consist of a Chancellor, a Vice-Chancellor, Board of Governors and an Academic Council. Presently, 45 Aided and Unaided Professional Institutions located in different parts of Himachal Pradesh are affiliated to this University and are wholeheartedly making their best efforts to provide quality education in the field of Engineering, Pharmacy, Science and Management. The University runs five Off-Campuses situated in different parts of the State and is providing quality education to meet the demands of industry and society. During the last three years, the University has conducted various important activities like Inauguration of New Campus at Daruhi, Tehsil & District Hamirpur, examination reforms, convocation, establishment of Web-Studio, Data Centre, e-Library, Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP), Incubation Centre for distribution of Projects, publication of Newsletters and Journals, Kulgeet of University, obtaining of AICTE Approval for M.Tech. in the University Campus, signing of various Memorandum of Understandings (MoU) with reputed Institutions and Industry, conducting of GATE training, employability skill tests, introduction of Green Campus-Clean Campus Campaign, conducted various online workshops and lectures on Implementation of National Education Policy-2020.

C. Private Universities

1.8.11.14 The Private Universities play a significant role in providing Skill and Job oriented higher education to the students of Himachal Pradesh and other states. These Private Universities are offering a wide variety of courses on engineering, medical education, hospitality management, nursing and humanities etc.. Apart from providing higher education on various skill and job oriented courses, these universities are also offering campus placement to the students.

Sr. No.	Name of Private Universities	Year of Establishment
1.	J.P. University Waknaghat, Solan	2002
2.	Chitkara University, Baddi, Solan	2008
3.	Eternal University, Baru Sahib, Sirmour	2008
4.	Baddi University of Emerging Science & Technology, Baddi, Solan	2009
5.	Shoolini University of Biotechnology & Management Science, Solan	2009
6.	Indus International University, Una	2009
7.	ARNI University, Indora, Kangra	2009
8.	Manav Bharti University, Sultanpur, Solan	2009
9.	Maharishi Markandeshwar University, Kumarhatti, Solan	2010
10.	Bahra University, Waknaghat, Solan	2010
11.	Sri Sai University, Palampur, Kangra	2010
12.	Institute of Chartered Financial Analysis of India (ICFAI) Baddi, Solan	2011
13.	Career Point University, Hamirpur	2012
14.	India Education Centre (IEC) University, Baddi, Solan	2012
15.	(APG)Alakh Parkash Goyal University, Shimla	2012
16.	Maharaja Agrasen University, Baddi, Solan	2012
17.	Abhilashi University, Chachaiot, Mandi	2014

List of Private Universities in the State is given below:-

12. Tourism Development

1.8.12.1 The Comparative position of arrival of domestic and international tourists during the year 2015 to 2019 is given below-

Comparative position of Tourists in flow in the state of Himachal Pradesh						
Year	Domestic	Foreigner	Total			
1	2	3	4			
2015	1,71,25,045	4,06,108	1,75,31,153			
2016	1,79,97,750	4,52,770	1,84,50,520			
2017	1,91,30,541	4,70,992	1,96,01,533			
2018	1,60,93,935	3,56,568	1,64,50,503			
2019	1,68,29,231	3,81,876	1,72,12,107			
~ ~			1			

Source:- Tourism Deptt., Himachal Pradesh.

- 1.12.2 As per available data from India Tourism Statistics, 2017, the State of Tamilnadu has got Rank 1 in Domestic as well as foreign Tourists arrivals in india, whereas Himachal Pradesh has got Rank 16 in case of domestic tourists and Rank 12 in foreign Tourists. Considering the importance of Tourism sector in State economy, the State Government has formulated new strategy to attract more tourists in the state.
- 1.12.3 District Wise Tourists arrival in 2020 is given below: -

District wise Number of Tourists visited Himachal Pradesh in 2020 (Upto						
June, 2020)						
District	Domestic	Foreigner	Total			
Bilaspur	1,97,633	-	1,97,633			
Chamba	1,65,898	177	1,66,075			
Hamirpur	60,828	-	60,828			
Kangra	1,50,595	9,261	1,59,856			
Kinnaur	2150	105	2255			
Kullu	3,93,147	7023	4,00,170			
Lahaul-Spti	3,788	127	3915			
Mandi	2,31,482	405	2,31,887			
Shimla	4,44,022	21,111	4,65,133			
Sirmour	1,86,886	451	1,87,337			
Solan	2,35,010	3,135	2,38,145			
Una	92,392	08	92,400			
Total	21,63,831	41,803	22,05,634			

Source:- Tourism Deptt., Himachal Pradesh.

1.12.4 District Wise Comparative position of Domestic as well as International Tourists during the Year 2019 (Upto June, 2020).

District wise Number of Tourists visited Himachal Pradesh in			
2020 (Upto June, 2020)			
District	Domestic	Foreigner	Total
Bilaspur	1,97,633	-	1,97,633
Chamba	1,65,898	177	1,66,075
Hamirpur	60,828	-	60,828
Kangra	1,50,595	9,261	1,59,856
Kinnaur	2150	105	2,255
Kullu	3,93,147	7,023	4,00,170
Lahaul-Spti	3,788	127	3,915
Mandi	2,31,482	405	2,31,887
Shimla	4,44,022	21,111	4,65,133
Sirmour	1,86,886	451	1,87,337
Solan	2,35,010	3,135	2,38,145
Una	92,392	08	92,400
Total	21,63,831	41,803	22,05,634*

Source:- Tourism Deptt., Himachal Pradesh.

^{*} The Total Tourist Arrival for the year 2019 was 172.12 lakh, Out of which Domestic Tourists were 168.29 lakh & Foreign Tourists were 3.83 lakh. District wise data was not available at the time of compilation of the data.

CHAPTER –2

Annual Plan 2020-21

2.1 Though NITI Aayog and Government of India has discontinued the process of formulation of Five Years Plans/ Annual Plans the State Government had taken a conscious decision to continue with the process of planning as an integral part of budgeting. The role of planning cannot be undermined as it is essential for mobilizing and optimally allocating not only financial resources but also all other kinds of resources for realizing set goals through execution and implementation of appropriately formulated policies and programmes of the Government. Even an organization totally guided by market forces cannot survive without planning. Planning is also necessary to promote infrastructural development like hydro-electric projects, irrigation and water supply scheme, roads & transport system and for strengthening the health & educational institutions. The Annual Plan for 2019-20 was Rs. 7100 crore and size of Annual Plan 2020-21 had been approved at Rs. 7900 crore. The break-up of aggregate size of Annual Plan 2020-21 is given as below:-

Table -1

		(Rs. in Crore)
Sr.	Item	Approved Outlay
No.		2020-21
1.	General Plan	5111.00
2.	Scheduled Castes Sub-Plan	1990.00
3.	Tribal Area Sub-Plan	711.00
4.	Backward Area Sub-Plan	88.00
	Total	7900.00

Break-up of Annual Plan Outlay 2020-21

2.2 Of the Annual Plan size of Rs. 7900.00 crore, an outlay of Rs. 1990.00 crore, which was in proportion to Scheduled Castes population of the State, had been provided for **Scheduled Castes Sub-Plan (SCSP)** for the implementation of schemes benefiting Scheduled Castes Population. These funds were budgeted under single Demand No. 32 which was administered, managed and implemented by the Department of Empowerment of SCs, OBCs, Minorities Affair & Specially Abled. Likewise, 9% funds, i.e. Rs. 711.00 crore were provided under the **Tribal Area Sub-Plan (TSP)** and budgeted in single Demand No. 31.

2.3 For the declared backward areas, an outlay of Rs. 88.00 crore was allocated under development heads of Agriculture, Horticulture, Animal Husbandry, Forestry, Irrigation, Industries, Roads & Bridges, Education, Health and Rural Water Supply.

2.4 The sectoral spread of the outlay for the year 2020-21 is given in the following table:-

			(Rs. in	Crore)
Sr.	Sector	Approved	%age	Anticipated
No.		Outlay 2020-21		Expenditure 2020-21
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
1.	Agriculture & Allied Activities	974.29	12.33	974.29
2.	Rural Development	256.39	3.25	256.39
3.	Special Area Programme	27.78	0.35	27.78
4.	Irrigation and Flood Control	508.05	6.43	508.05
5.	Energy	499.57	6.32	499.57
6.	Industry& Minerals	79.47	1.01	79.47
7.	Transport & Communication	1394.89	17.66	1394.89
8.	Science, Technology & Environment	41.19	0.52	41.19
9.	General Economic Services	482.27	6.11	482.27
10.	Social Services	3487.24	44.14	3487.24
1.1		140.00	1.00	140.06
11.	General Services	148.86	1.88	148.86
	Total	7900.00	100	7900.00

Table -2Sector-wise Outlay of Annual Plan 2020-21

2.5 1st priority in the allocation of funds of Rs. 3487.24 crore (44.14%) was given to **'Social Services Sector'**. The funds allocated for the Education & Health sectors will help in improving the human development indicators and making the growth process in the State more inclusive.

2.6 In the order of priority, 2^{nd} priority was given to **'Transport and Communication Sector'** by providing an outlay of Rs. 1394.89 crore (17.66%) to link feasible villages with motorable roads and maintenance of the existing infrastructure.

2.7 The 3rd priority went to the **Agriculture & Allied Activities** by making a provision of Rs. 974.29 crore (12.33%). It mainly consisted of Externally Aided Projects (EAPs) & Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (RKVY).

2.8 Irrigation and Flood Control Sector occupied 4th priority in the approved outlays. There was a total provision of Rs. 508.05 crore (6.43%) for this sector. This included Command Area Development & Flood Control programmes.

2.9 Against the Annual Plan Outlays of Rs.7900.00 crore, an expenditure of Rs. 7900.00 crore is anticipated upto 31.3.2021.

2.10 With the above approved investment, following physical targets are interalia envisaged to be achieved:-

Sr.	Item	Unit		Anticipated
Sr. No.	Item	Unit	Target 2020-21	Achievement
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
1	Food grain Production	000 M.T.	1674.72	1674.72
2	Vegetable Production	000 M.T.	1658	1658
3	Fertilizer Consumption	M.T.	54000	54000
4	Fruit Production	Lakh M.T.	8.36	8.36
5	Mushroom Production	M.T.	2000	2000
6	Production of Honey	M.T.	1300	1300
7	Milk Production	000 Tonnes	1620	1620
8	Wool Production	Lakh Kgs.	15	15
9	Fish Production	M.T.	15000	15000
10	Electricity to sold			
i	Within State	M.Us.	10393	10393
ii	Outside State	M.Us.	586.85	586.85
11	Additional CCA to be Created	Hects.	3500	3500
12	Rural Water Supply: P.C. habitations to be Covered under (Centre +State Sector)	Habitations	765	765
13	Coverage of Habitations 55 lpcd to 70 lpcd (Centre+State)	Habitations (20%)	765	765
14	Command Area Development			
	Field Channel Development	Hects.	7000	7000
15	Road & Bridges			
i	C/o Motorable Roads	Kms.	925	925
ii	C/o Jeepable Roads	Kms.	150	150
iii	Metalling & Tarring	Kms.	1800	1800
iv	Villages Connectivity	Nos.	90	90

Table -3Physical Targets of Selected Items-2020-21

CHAPTER – 3

Annual Development Budget 2021-22

I Economy of Himachal Pradesh

3.1.1 The economy of Himachal Pradesh has been growing at a fast pace from the last fifteen years and this growth has resulted in benefits to large section of the State's population. Himachal has become a model of development not for smaller States but for bigger States of the country in the field of Education, Health, Horticulture, Social Welfare and inclusive growth. Today, Himachal Pradesh is known as most prosperous and fastest growing economy in the country. The economic growth in the State was historically and predominantly governed by agriculture and its allied activities but during the recent years it has shown shift from agriculture sector to industries and service sector. The share of agriculture and allied sector in the State Gross Domestic Product has been declining continuously and the share of industries and services sectors have respectively increased. Outbreak of COVID -19 during the early part of 2020-21 has retarded the development process not only in Himachal Pradesh but across the globe. The development strategy has accordingly been re-oriented on the basis of lessons learnt. The Annual Development Budget for 2021-22 has been proposed for Rs. 13174.45 Crore, which contains Rs. 9405.41 crore for Annual State Development & Rs. 3769.04 crore for Annual Central Development Budget.

II Growth of Economy

3.2.1 The long term growth prospective at national level is positive due to its young population, corresponding low dependency ratio, health savings, investment rates and increasing integration in global economy. India topped the World Bank's growth outlook for the first time in the Financial Year 2015-16, during this period the economic growth was 7.6 percent. But due to onset of COVID-19 & the subsequent National Lockdowns, the Real GDP had contracted by an unprecedented 23.9% (year-on-year) in Q1 F.Y. 2021 but as the F.Y. coming to end, the green shoots are quite visible in the growth numbers. Hence, to fulfill vision of becoming a \$5 trillion economy by 2024-25, India will now have to sustain a real GDP growth rate of more than 8% in coming years. The recent estimate by the International Monetary Fund (IMF) has projected growth rate of India in double digits during 2021-22. The Economic Survey of Government of India, 2020-21 has also projected real GDP growth rate of the country at 11 percent during 2021-22.

3.2.2 India has one of the fastest growing service sector in the World with an annual growth rate above 9 percent since 2001, which contributed 57 percent of GDP in 2012-13. India has become a major exporter of IT services, Business Process Outsourcing (BPO) and is the fastest growing part of the economy.

3.2.3 In a very short span of time, the state of Himachal Pradesh has achieved a remarkable growth in the field of Education, Health, Horticulture & Social Welfare sectors. The economy of the State has achieved a growth rate 5.20 percent in the financial year 2019-20. The Per Capita Income at current prices witnessed an increase of 6.63 percent as it has increased to Rs.1,95,255 in 2019-20 from Rs.1,83,108 in 2018-19.

III. Annual Development Budget 2021-22

3.3.1 The State Government has decided to finish the plan & non-plan based distinction in the State budget staring from 2021-2022.

3.3.2 Being a Nodal Department for Annual Plans, the Planning Department had been formulating and monitoring the implementation of Annual Plans in the state. Whereas, Non-Plan part of the state budget was being looked after by the Finance Department. The budget outlays were being reflected in various Demands for Grants as Plan & Non-Plan which will now further be classified into Capital & Revenue Heads. The departmental schemes/ programmes were being booked either in Plan or Non plan or both. But after the decision of State Cabinet regarding merger of Plan & Non Plan Budget, a new accounting mechanism has been developed. Now, the state budget will be classified in Development & Non Development components & Development Budget will be looked after by the Planning Department & Non- Development by the Finance Department. Although, the distinction between development and non-development budget is not precise, the budget for implementation of different development and welfare schemes has formed part of development budget.

3.3.3 The Annual Development Budget will further by divided into two parts i.e. Annual State Development Budget & Annual Central Development Budget.

Development Budget (2021-22)	Rs. in Crore
Annual State Development Budget	9405.41
Annual Central Development Budget	3769.04
Annual Development Budget (Total)	13174.45

3.3.4 The Sub- Plans i.e. General Plan, Scheduled Caste Sub -Plan, Tribal Sub- Plan will now be renamed as General Development Programme, Scheduled Caste Development Programme & Tribal Area Development Programme respectively.

3.3.5 Scheduled Caste Development Programme (SCDP) & Tribal Area Development Programme (TADP) will continue to be formulated & monitored by ESOMSA & Tribal Development departments. They will also continue to perform all the functions/activities of these sub plans being Nodal Departments.

Table-4

Sr.No.	Item	(Rs. in crore) Proposed Outlay
		2021-22
1.	2.	3.
1.	General Development Programme	8503.65
2.	Scheduled Castes Development Programme	3350.35
3.	Tribal Area Development Programme	1227.45
4.	Backward Area Sub-Plan	93.00
	Total	13174.45

Break-up of Annual Development Budget 2021-22

3.3.6 Out of the Annual Development Budget size of Rs. 13174.45 crore, an outlay of Rs. 3350.35 crore, has been provided for Scheduled Castes Development Programme for the implementation of schemes largely benefiting Scheduled Caste population. These funds will be budgeted under single Demand No. 32 to be administered, managed and implemented by the Department of Empowerment of Scheduled Castes, Other Backward Classes, Minority Affairs & Specially Abled (ESOMSA). Likewise, funds amounting to Rs. 1227.45 crore have been provided under the Tribal Area Development Programme (TADP) which is to be budgeted under single Demand No. 31.

3.3.7 For the declared backward areas, an outlay of Rs. 93.00 crore have been proposed under development heads of Agriculture, Horticulture, Animal Husbandry, Forestry, Irrigation, Industries, Roads & Bridges, Education, Health and Rural Water Supply which is to be budgeted in the Demand for Grants No. 15 under the Backward Area Development Programme (BADP).

3.3.8 The Sectoral spread of the outlay for the year 2021-2022 is given in the following table:-

			(Rs	. in crore)
Sr. No.	Sector	Proposed Outlay 2021-22	%age	Priority
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
1.	Agriculture & Allied Activities	1126.15	8.55	III
2.	Rural Development	674.57	5.12	VI
3.	Special Area Programme	27.78	0.21	XI
4.	Irrigation and Flood Control	436.12	3.31	VII
5.	Energy	906.07	6.88	IV
6.	Industry& Minerals	177.32	1.34	VIII
7.	Transport & Communication	3376.56	25.63	II
8.	Science, Technology & Environment	45.48	0.35	X
9.	General Economic Services	773.58	5.87	V
10.	Social Services	5503.08	41.77	Ι
11.	General Services	127.74	0.97	IX
	Total	13174.45	100.00	

 Table -5

 Sector-wise Outlay of Annual Development Budget 2021-22

3.3.9 The percentage allocations shown in earlier plans could now present an accurate picture of sectoral allocations as the assistance available under various Centrally Sponsored Schemes was not being added up while determining the sectoral allocations during those years. With the inclusion of outlays for Centrally Sponsored Schemes to determine sectoral outlays, accurate picture of sectoral priorities get reflected. Thus, the sectoral priorities shown in table 5 above are not strictly comparable with those of annual plans for earlier years due to difference in two methodologies.

3.3.10 1^{st} priority in the allocation of funds of Rs. 5503.08 crore (41.77%) has been given to **'Social Services Sector'**. The funds allocated for the Education & Health sectors will help in improving the human development indicators and making the growth process in the State more inclusive.

3.3.11 In the order of priority, 2^{nd} priority has been given to **'Transport and Communication Sector'** by proposing an outlay of Rs. 3376.56 crore (25.63 %) to link feasible villages with motorable roads.

3.3.12 'Agriculture & Allied Activities Sector' occupies 3rd priority in the proposed outlays. There is a total provision of Rs. 1126.15 crore (8.55%) for this sector. It mainly consists Externally Aided Projects (EAPs) & Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (RKVY). The high priority has been given to this sector (Agriculture/ Horticulture) as it provides direct employment to about 62 percent of total workers in the State.

3.3.13 The 4th priority goes to **'Energy Sector'** by making a provision of Rs. 906.07 crore (6.88%). This includes loan and equity contribution to Major Power Projects in the State.

3.3.14 The Head of Development-wise proposed outlay for Annual Development Budget 2021-22 are given at **ANNEXURE-A**.

3.3.15 With the above proposed investment, following physical targets are interalia envisaged to be achieved:-

Sr.	Physical Targets for Selection Item	Unit	Target
No.			2021-22
1.	2.	3.	4.
1.	Food Grains Production	000 M.T.	1675.35
2.	Vegetable Production	000 M.T.	1850.00
3.	Fertilizer Consumption	M.T.	52700
4.	Fruit Production	000M.T.	798.50
5.	Mushroom Production	M.T.	1889.00
6.	Production of Honey	M.T.	1130.00
7.	Milk Production	000' Tonnes	1690.00
8.	Wool Production	Lakh Kgs	15.00
9.	Fish Production	Tonnes	15457
10.	Electricity to be sold		
	i)Within State	M.Us	9635
	ii)Outside State	M.Us	936
11.	Additional CCA to be Created	Hects.	5500
12.	Command Area Development		
	i) Field Channel Development	Hects.	2000
13.	Road & Bridges		
	i) C/o Motorable Roads	Kms.	1000
	ii) C/o Jeepable Roads	Kms.	60
	iii) Metalling &Tarring	Kms.	2000
	iv) Villages Connectivity	Nos.	90

 Table –6

 Physical Targets for Selected Indicators-2021-22

3.3.16 The Annual Development Budget 2021-22 has large outlays for the projects/ schemes covered under Externally Aided Projects (EAPs), Rural Infrastructure Development Funds (RIDF). The item wise detail of these programmes is as under:-

1. Programme Covered under Rural Infrastructure Development Fund (RIDF)

3.3.1.1 Under Rural Infrastructure Development Fund, major schemes in Soil and Water Conservation, Horticulture, Irrigation, Water Supply and Roads & Bridges sectors etc. are being covered for finance through NABARD. It is a major component of Annual Development Budget 2021-22 for building infrastructure assets for supplementing growth in productivity. In the Annual Development Budget 2021-22, an outlay of Rs. 931.67 crore has been proposed which constitutes 7.07% of the total development outlay.

3.3.1.2 The component wise details of the head of developments whose schemes are covered under this programme are given in the table below:-

		(Rs. in Crore
Sr. No.	Component	Proposed Outlay
1.	2.	3.
1.	Soil Conservation (Agriculture)	55.00
2.	Horticulture	11.00
3.	Minor Irrigation	150.00
4.	Flood Control	11.00
5.	Roads & Bridges	516.67
6.	Road Transport	20.00
7.	Rural Water Supply	188.00
	Total	951.67

Table –7Component wise RIDF provisions for Annual Development Budget 2021-22

2. Externally Aided Projects (EAPs)

3.3.2.1 The Externally Aided Projects are being implemented in the sectors of Agriculture, Horticulture, Forests, Power, Roads, Tourism, Treasury & Accounts, Technical Education, Rural Water Supply and Urban Development with the assistance from World Bank, Asian Development Bank and Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) etc. In the proposed Annual Development Budget 2021-22, the outlay for EAPs is Rs. 942.07 crore which accounts for 7.15% of the plan outlay.

3.3.2.2 The department wise details of EAPs being implemented in the State are given in the following table:-

Table-8Component wise EAPs provision for Annual Development Budget 2021-22

	(F	Rs. in crore)
Sr. No.	Department	Proposed Outlay
1.	2.	3.
1.	Agriculture	
(i)	Crop Diversification Promotion in Himachal Pradesh- Phase -II	20.00
2.	Horticulture	
(i)	World Bank assisted H.P. Horticulture Development Project	120.00
(ii)	HP Subtropical Horticulture, Irrigation & value Addition Project(HP SHIVA)	10.00
3.	Forest	
(i)	H.P. Eco System Management & Livelihood Project	45.00
(ii)	H.P. Forest Eco-system climate Proofing Project	55.00

(iii)	Integrated Development Project for Source Sustainability and Climate	55.00
	Resilient Rainfed Agriculture	
	Sub-Total –(3)	155.00
4.	Power	
(i)	Power Projects through HPPTCL	263.00
(ii)	Power Projects through HPPCL	78.00
(iii)	Distribution Smart Grid under Himachal Power & Renewable	0.03
	Development Programme	
	Sub-Total (4)	341.03
5.	Roads & Bridges	
(i)	State Road Project (Phase-II)	110.00
6.	Tourism	
(i)	Infrastructure Development Investment Programme for Tourism	0.02
7.	Treasury & Accounts	
(i)	World Bank assisted Integrated Finance Management System.	36.00
8.	Technical Education	
(i)	HPKVN / ADB Assisted Skill Development Project	70.00
9.	Rural Water Supply & Sanitation	
(i)	Rural Water Supply Project under BRICS Bank Assisted	0.03
(ii)	Remodeling /Renovation of Old RWSS	20.00
(iii)	Sewerage Schemes	0.01
10.	Urban Development	
(i)	World Bank Aided Shimla Water Supply & Sewerage Project	60.01
	Grand Total	942.10

IV. Annual State Development Budget

3.4.1 The entire development budget has been divided into State Development Budget and Central Development Budget. The State Development Budget consists of all the outlays for implementation of schemes and programmes funded by the State Government. Additionally, it also contains the outlays for meeting counterpart state share against the central released under various Centrally Sponsored Schemes and Externally Aided Projects. The Head of Development-wise proposed outlay for Annual State Development Budget 2021-22 are given at **ANNEXURE-B**.

V. Annual Central Development Budget (Centre Share for Centrally Sponsored Schemes)

3.5.1 The Government of India has been providing funds as centre share under Centrally Sponsored Schemes (CSSs) through the State Treasury. Hence, in view of the budget requirements as indicated & sought by concerned departments, Rs.3769.04 crore has been proposed as Central Share under Centrally Sponsored Schemes (CSSs). The Head of Development-wise proposed outlay for Annual Central Development Budget 2021-22 are given at **ANNEXURE-C**.

CHAPTER-4

EXTERNALLY AIDED PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR 2021-22

4.1 State of Himachal Pradesh having scarce resource base to fund/implement its developmental activities, Externally Aided Projects play very important role to supplement the State's own resources as State gets loan component under EAPs in the 90:10 ratio of grant and loan from GoI being a Special Category State. The State Government has given a very high priority to the Externally Aided Projects (EAPs) in the resource mobilization strategy of the State. The implementation of these projects would help in achieving the objectives of increasing productivity and raising the quality of life especially of the rural masses.

4.2 The State Government is implementing Externally Aided Projects (EAPs) in the sectors of Tourism, Agriculture, Forestry, Horticulture, Power/Energy, Skill, Finance & Urban Development etc. The implementation of these projects would help in achieving the objectives of increasing productivity and raising the quality of life especially of the rural masses.

4.3 Since 1st November 2018, all the State sector proposals are being routed through a *Web-portal* of Department of Economic Affairs, Government of India for seeking external assistance from Multilateral Development Banks (MDBs) and Bilateral Agencies (BAs). Adviser (Planning) has been nominated as State Nodal Authority for oprationalization of this portal. With a view to ensure the optimal utilization of this external resource of funding, all the State sector proposals are being reviewed/ approved by State Government through a State Level Screening Committee constituted under the chairmanship of Administrative Secretary (Finance) to the GoHP before routing the same to GoI through online portal. The necessary guidelines in this regard have been circulated to all the departments from time to time for compliance.

4.4 Project-wise detail of on-going & New Projects is as under:

A. Progress under On-going EAPs in Himachal Pradesh:

1. Infrastructure Development Investment program for Tourism in HP Nodal Department: Tourism

Project Cost:	Rs 357.23Cr (on-going tranche-III only)
Donor Agency:	Asian Development Bank (ADB)
Project Period:	60 months (Oct, 2015 to Sept, 2020)
Sharing Pattern:	70% (ADB) & 30% (State Share)

4.1.1 Project Objective: The project aims to improve basic tourist facilities such as information centre, waste management, camping sites, parking, toilets, landscaping, road improvement, beautification and development of tourist places including historical & religious places of tourist attraction in the project area, etc. in order to increase the inflow of other national and inter-national tourists in State.

4.1.2 Closed Tranche (Loan No. 2676-IND): Total 19 Sub-projects (Civil) under tranche 1 of said project stand completed with expenditure of Rs 225.40 Crore. The entire eligible amount of Rs 151.45 Crore has been received as reimbursement from ADB.

4.1.3 Progress under Tranche-III (Loan No. 3223-IND): Originally, there were 15 sub-projects to be implemented under this loan. However, as per revised plan, 11 sub-projects are being executed under this loan. Besides 9 civil works, 2 Consultancies and Community Based Tourism (CBT) packages have been completed and now 2 civil works are in progress at the last stage of completion.

4.1.4 During 2020-21, an outlay of Rs 77.60 Crore was kept against which an expenditure of Rs 37.70 Crore has been incurred up-to 30^{th} November, 2020. Against this expenditure, a reimbursement of Rs 33.91 Crore has been received upto 30^{th} November 2020.

4.1.5 As the project would be over in FY 2020-21, no substantial outlay has been proposed for the financial year 2021-22 except token provision of Rs 0.02 Crore.

2. HP Forest Eco Systems Climate Proofing Project Nodal Department: Forest

Project Cost:	Rs 308.45 Crore
Donor Agency:	KfW
Project Period:	93 months (April, 2015 to March, 2022)
Sharing Pattern:	85% KfW & 15% State Share (including Beneficiary share).

4.2.1 Project Objective:

- To make the forests resilient to the risks of climate change.
- To enhance the adaptive capacities of local communities to cope up with the negative impacts of climate change.
- To sustain the climate resilience of forest ecosystems and adaptive capacities of the local communities.

4.2.2 Activities

- Eradication of Lantana & other invasive weeds from forest areas and Rehabilitation of such areas: 15000 ha.
- Enrichment of existing Bamboo areas: 1000 ha.
- Enrichment of degraded forests with Broad leaved multipurpose tree species: 5000 ha.
- Spring Catchment rejuvenation: 150 Nos.
- Capacity building and skill development

4.2.3 For 2020-21, an outlay of Rs 49.00 Crore was kept against which an expenditure of Rs 13.29 Crore has been incurred and reimbursement of Rs 5.09 Crore has been received up-to 30th November 2020.

4.2.4 An outlay of Rs 55.00 Crore has been proposed for the financial year 2021-22.

3. Improvement of HP Forest Ecosystems Management & Livelihoods Project Nodal Department: Forest

Project Cost:	Rs 800 Crore
Donor Agency:	JICA
Project Period:	120 months (March, 2018 to March, 2028)
Sharing Pattern:	80% JICA & 20% State

4.3.1 Components:

• Sustainable Forest Management, Biodiversity Conservation, Livelihood improvement & Institutional strengthening.

4.3.2 Project Background: Project headquarter at Shimla and Regional offices at Kullu and Rampur. Project area spread in six districts - Kinnaur, Shimla, Bilaspur, Mandi, Kullu, Lahaul & Spiti. Project to be implemented in 61 Ranges (56 Territorial & 5 Wild Life) under 18 Forest Divisions of 7 Forest Circles.

4.3.3 For 2020-21, an outlay of Rs 33.00 Crore was kept against which an expenditure of Rs 9.74 Crore has been incurred with reimbursement receipts of Rs 16.57 Crore up-to 30th November, 2020.

4.3.4 An outlay of Rs 45.00 Crore has been proposed for the financial year 2021-22.

4. Integrated Development project for source sustainability & climate resilient Rainfed Agriculture

Nodal Department: Forest

Project Cost:	Rs 700.00 Cr
Donor Agency:	World Bank
Project Period:	60 months (Apr, 2020 to Mar, 2025)
Sharing Pattern:	80% WB & 20% State Share.

4.4.1 Project Objective:

- Improve access to water with focus on water budgeting
- Enhance agriculture productivity & strengthen supply chains
- Enhance farmers income by on farm & off farm activities
- To mitigate the effects of Climate Change

4.4.2 Project Components:

- Sustainable Land and Water Resource Management
- Improved Agricultural Productivity and Value Addition
- Institutional Capacity Building for Integrated Watershed Management & Project Management.

4.4.3 Loan & Project Agreements with the World Bank has been signed on 11th March, 2020 and the project has been started formally from the FY 2020-21. The project would be implemented in multi-sectoral integrated approach involving Forest (Nodal Department), Agriculture, Animal Husbandry and Panchayati Raj & Rural Development.

4.4.4 An outlay of Rs 50.00 crore was kept for the financial year 2020-21. An expenditure of Rs 29.92 Crore has been incurred upto 30^{th} November, 2020 with reimbursement receipts of Rs 21.53 Crore including amounts covered under retroactive financing.

4.4.5 An outlay of Rs 55.00 Crore has been proposed for the financial year 2021-22.

5. HP Horticulture Development Project

Nodal Department: Horticulture

Project Cost:	Rs 967.54 Cr (revised cost)
Donor Agency:	World Bank (IDA Credit)
Project Period:	85 months (June, 2016 to June, 2023)
Sharing Pattern:	79% WB & 21% State (including beneficiary share of
-	1.63%)

4.5.1 Objective: To support small farmers and agro-entrepreneurs in Himachal Pradesh, to increase the productivity, quality and market access of selected horticulture commodities.

4.5.2 **Project Components:**

Component A: Horticulture Production and Diversification Component B: Value Addition & Agri-enterprise Development Component C: Market Development Component D: Project Management, Monitoring & Learning

4.5.3 The project size has been downsized from Rs 1135.67 Cr to Rs 967.54 Cr with the surrender of USD 20 Million to the WB and various components/activities have accordingly been revised.

4.5.4 An outlay of Rs 120.00 Crore was kept for FY 2020-21 against which an expenditure of Rs 60.12 Crore has been incurred and reimbursement of Rs 27.71 Crore has been received upto 30th November 2020.

4.5.5. An outlay of Rs 120.00 Crore has been proposed for the financial year 2020-21.

6. Ongoing Projects under Power Sector through HPPTCL:

4.6.1	HP Clean Energy Transmission Investment Program
Nodal	Department: Power

Project Cost:	Rs 678.20 (Trance-II) & Rs 956.35 Cr (Tranche-III)
	(total cost Rs 2396.55 Crore of all three tranches)
Donor Agency:	ADB
Project Period:	117 months
	January, 2012 to March, 2019 (1 st Tranche)-tranche already over
	December, 2020 (2 nd Tranche) & September, 2021(3 rd Tranche)
Sharing Pattern:	77% ADB share & 23% State share

4.6.2 Project Overview:

- Creation of Intrastate transmission network to evacuate 3000-4000 MW Hydro Power.
- Funds sourced from 350 Million USD (approx 2200 Crore) loan from ADB under HP Clean Energy Transmission Investment Program (HPCETIP).
- Funds also sourced from Domestic Financial Institution for some of the projects.

4.6.3 For 2020-21, an outlay of Rs 350.00 Crore (Rs 266.00 Crore loan & Rs 84.00 Crore equity) was kept against which an expenditure of Rs 149.03 Crore has been incurred with reimbursement receipts of Rs 160.85 Crore up-to November, 2020.

4.7.1 Green Energy Corridor Intra State Transmission System in HP: Nodal Department: Power

Project Cost:	Rs 801.60 Crore
Donor Agency:	KfW
Project Period:	66 months-Oct, 2015 to Jun,2022(period extended from Oct,2020)
Sharing Pattern:	40% KfW, 40% MNRE & 20% State share

4.7.2 The scheme has been envisages for evacuating renewable energy being injected in InSTS & Distribution System to ISTS. HPSEBLs target to facilitate evacuation of 250 MW being injected at distribution Grid.

4.7.3 No separate provisions have been made for this project, however, HPPTCL is meeting out the requirement of funds out of the total outlays approved for the Transmission Corporation and MNRE grants. During 2020-21, an expenditure of Rs 123.40 Crore has been incurred up-to 30th November, 2020 and against this expenditure a reimbursement of Rs 42.84 Crore has been received.

4.7.4 An outlay of Rs 330.00 Crore (Rs 263.00 Crore loan & Rs 67.00 Crore equity) has been kept w.r.t. HP Power Transmission Corporation Limited under these projects for 2021-22.

Ongoing Projects under Power Sector through HPPCL:

4.8.1 Deothal Chanju (30 MW) & Chanju III (48 MW) HEPs:

Nodal Department:	HPPCL
Project Cost:	Rs 861.74 Cr (To be revised on restructuring)
Donor Agency:	AFD
Project Period:	To be decided on restructuring
Sharing Pattern:	80% AFD share & 20% State Share

4.8.2 AFD had agreed to provide an amount of Euro 80 million for financing of Chanju-III HEP & Deothal Chanju HEP. Credit Facility Agreement between GoI & AFD was signed on 04.07.2017. The Project agreement was signed on 02.02.2018. On lending agreement between HPPCL, GoHP and AFD signed on 11.07.2018, however, first drawdown under the project could not be made for want of forest clearances. However, now the clearances are in place, but drawdown is still pending for want of restructuring of credit facility by the AFD and DEA. Restructuring is expected to be completed soon and project is expected to start from FY 2021-22.

4.8.3 An outlay of Rs 89.00 Crore (Rs 78.00 Crore against loan component & Rs 11.00 Crore as equity separately) was kept for the 2020-21 out of which and an anticipatory expenditure of Rs 2.43 Crore has been made upto Nov, 2020 under this project.

4.8.4 An outlay of Rs 89.00 Crore (Rs 78.00 Crore against loan component & Rs 11.00 Crore as equity separately) has also been proposed in favour of HP Power Corporation Limited under externally aided projects for the 2021-22.

9. HP Skill Development Project

Nodal Department: Technical Education Department

Project Cost:Rs 650 CroreDonor Agency:ADBProject Period:62 months (June 2018 to May 2023)Sharing Pattern:80% ADB share & 20% State ShareLatest Status:Physical & Financial Targets under Project:

Activities/Physical Targets	Progress
-Upgradation of 50 ITIs from SCVT to NCVT	-5 Packages advertised
across 25 trades, Establish 1 Women	- work started at Rehan
Polytechnic	
-Training to 2,880 youth under B.Voc	-B.Voc Started in 12 colleges,
- Training to 2,880 youth under B. Voe	1800+ students are enrolled
-Establish 6 City Livelihood Centers	-Construction of 4 CLC started
-4000 Livelihood Training numbers	
-Establish 7 Rural Livelihood Centers	-Construction of 3 CLC started
-4000 Training numbers	
-Upgradation of 9 employment exchanges	-Construction of 1 MCC
-Appointment of Young Professional and Career	Hamirpur Started
Counsellors	

4.9.1 For 2020-21, an outlay of Rs 61.01 Crore was kept against which an expenditure of Rs 54.78 Crore has been incurred up-to 30th Nov, 2020 and against this expenditure a reimbursement of Rs 34.07 Crore has been received upto 30th Nov, 2020.

4.9.2 An outlay of Rs 70.00 Crore has been made under said project for FY 2021-22.

80% WB & 20% State Share.

10. Integrated Financial Management System Project

Sharing Pattern:

Nodal Department:Treasuries, Accounts & LotteriesProject Cost:Rs 315.00 CroreDonor Agency:World BankProject Period:60 months (July, 2017 to July, 2022)

4.10.1 Objective: The objective of HP Public Financial Management Capacity Building Program (HPPFMCB) is to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of PFM systems and processes in Government of Himachal Pradesh (GoHP), including through leveraging Information Technology; for improving governance, accountability and internal controls, and enhancing service delivery. The program is being implemented under the Program for Results (PfR) financing instrument.

4.10.2 Key Results Areas (KRAs): The operation is focused on three results areas, spanning across the PFM spectrum –expenditure, revenue and procurement. Summary is as under:

• Result Area 1: Improved efficiency of the Finance Department in an enhanced Control Environment to contribute towards effective financial controls, accountability and enhanced governance.

- Result Area 2: Enhancing Value for Money through better Contract Management by strengthening contract management in Irrigation & Public Health (IPH) department and supporting roll-out of the e-Procurement solution across the state.
- Result Area 3: Unlocking revenue potential through modernization of the Excise & Taxation Department by strengthening the institutional capacity, performance and organizational efficiency that will lead to improved revenue administration.

4.10.3 Key Stakeholders and Beneficiaries: The key stakeholder of the Program is the Government of Himachal Pradesh (GoHP) and the beneficiaries include several departments of GoHP primarily the Finance Department, Directorate of Treasuries and Accounts, Excise and Taxation Department, Department of Information and Technology, and department undertaking procurement. The Program will also benefit the citizens of HP through optimum use of resources, efficient processes and improved service delivery.

4.10.4 As the program is under Program for Results (PfR) financing instrument, a disbursement of Rs 26.32 Crore has been made during 2020-21 against outlays of Rs 37.00 Crore.

4.10.5 For 2021-22, an outlay of Rs 36.00 Crore has proposed for the financial year 2021-22.

11. Shimla Water Supply & Sewerage Project (DPL 1)

Nodal Department: Urban Development

Project Cost:Rs 280.01 CrDonor Agency:World BankProject Period:5 years (2019-20 to 2023-24)Project Objectives:

- Improving governance, managerial and financial autonomy
- Improving service delivery orientation & energy efficiency
- Increasing customer orientation and accountability

4.11.1 Status:

- State has completed all prior actions for DPL and Shimla Municipal Corporation (SMC) and State Government have incorporated a jointly owned, autonomous WSS company (Shimla Jal Prabandhan Nigam Limited SJPNL).
- Entire Loan amount of Rs 280.01 Crore (US\$ 40 Million) has already been received from the WB in advance for completing the various activities & measure to be undertaken under DPL and achievements are being made as per the schedule.
- Subsequent tranches/phases under said program are being negotiated with the World Bank under Program for Result financing instrument.

4.11.2 An outlay of Rs 60.00 Crore has been proposed for the financial year 2021-22.

12. HP State Road Transformation Project (HPSRP-II)

Nodal Department: Public Works Department

Project Cost:	Rs 799.68 Cr
Donor Agency:	World Bank
Project Period:	72 months (Oct, 2020 to Sept, 2026)
Sharing Pattern:	73% WB & 27% State Share.

4.12.1 Objective of the project:

The main objective of the HPSRTP are to provide a safe, climate resilient road network, to adopt multi model approach and integration of State Road Network with National Highways, reduce transportation cost to develop green highways with minimum impact on environment and social fabric etc.

4.12.2 Proposed Key Activities: Under this project state network roads measuring 650 Km. will be upgraded to double lane standards in three tranches and 1350 Km road length will be provided periodic maintenance.

4.12.3 Loan & Project Agreements with the World Bank has been signed on 7th Sept, 2020 and the project has been started formally from the FY 2020-21.

4.12.4 An outlay of Rs 110.00 Crore was kept for this project during 2020-21 and an expenditure of Rs 4.41 Crore has been incurred upto 30th November, 2020. Claims of Rs 2.96 Crore has been filed w.r.t. expenditure incurred on project activities one year prior to loan effectiveness date which are eligible for reimbursement under retroactive financing.

4.12.5 An outlay of Rs 110.00 Crore has been proposed for the financial year 2021-22.

B. Besides these ongoing projects, budget provisions have been made in respect of following projects which are likely to be started and are in the initial stage:

13. Project Readiness Financing (PRF) under HP Subtropical Horticulture, Irrigation & Value Addition Project (HP SHIVA)

Nodal Department:	Horticulture Department
Status:	New Project
Project Cost:	Rs 93.75 Cr (PRF cost)
-	Rs 975.00 Cr (total cost including PRF & main loan)
Donor Agency:	ADB

4.13.1 Objectives of the Project:

- Eliminate Disparity in income with sustainable livelihood opportunities.
- Solar power for fencing integrated with inter linked crete-wire & barbed wire.
- Beej Se bazar Tak (BSBT)
- Primary Processing & post harvest management, value addition & increase in green cover.
- Protection against weather vagaries, monkey menace, stray cattle and wild animals.

4.13.2 Activities Involved

- Strategic planning for selection of horticultural fruit crops.
- Identification of clusters & formation of FIGs, creation of water sources for Individual /FIG/ Clusters.
- Identification, Multiplication & procurement of improved planting material. Introduction and evaluation of hitherto new potential horticultural crops.
 - Promotion of high density plantation/ meadow orcharding.
 - Development of "Package of Practices" & crop specific cropping modules.
 - Community service centres-infrastructure facilities like cold storage, gradingpacking units, reefer transport vans/ carriers etc.

• Agri-business entrepreneurship development & creation of sustainable market linkages across the value chain.

4.13.3 Latest Status of Project:

The project has been divided into two stages i.e. Project Readiness Financing (PRF) of USD 10 M & main loan of USD 90 M to be taken after successful conclusion of PRF. ADB has conveyed its approval for concept paper for both main loan and PRF under HPSHIVA during June 2020. PRF would be implemented during a period of two year w.e.f. Dec, 2020 to Nov, 2022 and loan agreement of PRF has been signed in December, 2020.

- **4.13.4** A budget provision of Rs 10.00 Crore made for this project in 2020-21.
- 14. Phase-II of H.P. Crop Diversification Promotion Project, JICA ODA.

Nodal Department:	Agriculture
Project Cost:	Rs 1104.16 Cr
Donor Agency:	JICA
Project Period:	9 Years
Sharing Pattern:	81% JICA with 19% State Share (including Beneficiaries
	share of 1.7%)

4.14.1 Objective: Promotion of sustainable crop diversification to increase income of SF/MF and to provide gainful on farm & off farm employment. The project is expected to set up crop diversification model in 7 districts with expansion of model in 5 Phase-I districts.

4.14.2 Status:

- Preliminary Project Report (PPR) was submitted to Ministry of Agriculture, Govt. of India/ JICA in March, 2017 and Line Ministry supported and recommended the project to DEA in May, 2017. This project was posed by DEA to JICA and was included in JICA Rolling Plan in June, 2017.
- The project is at an advanced stage of negotiation with JICA and loan & project agreements are expected to be signed in the FY 2020-21 before March, 2021.

4.14.3 A budget provision of Rs 20.00 Crore has been proposed under this project for FY 2021-22.

15. Rural Water Supply Project (1st Phase)

Nodal Department:	I&PH Department
Project Cost:	700.00 Cr
Donor Agency:	NDB
Sharing Pattern:	80% NDB Share & 20 % State share

4.15.1 Project Objectives:

- All rural households to have access to piped water supply in adequate quantity with a metered tap connection providing safe drinking water, throughout the year. Continuous uninterrupted water supply is an aspiration and efforts shall be made to cover increasing numbers of habitations.
- To ensure that every rural person has enough safe water for drinking, cooking and other domestic needs as well as livestock throughout the year including during natural disasters.

• By 2022, every rural person in the State shall have access to 70 lpcd within their household premises without barriers of social or financial discrimination.

4.15.2 Latest Status:

In its fourth Tri-partite portfolio review meeting (TPRM) held on 27-11-2020 between NDB, DEA and participant states, NDB has in principle agreed for funding of the project with revised 24 schemes.

4.15.3 A budget provision of Rs 0.03 Crore has been proposed for this project in 2021-22.

16. Remodelling/Renovation of Old RWSS:

4.16.1 This project with estimated cost of Rs 798.19 Crore was posed by the GoI to ADB for funding under Externally Aided Projects (EAPs) in 2018. Department of Economic Affairs vide its letter dated 25th August 2020 had conveyed the consent of ADB to proceed with preparation and processing of the said project. As per Aide Memoire issued by ADB after Virtual Reconnaissance Mission w.e.f. 19-10-2020 to 23-10-2020, the loan negotiations have been proposed in October 2021 subject to fulfillment of various formalities detailed in Aide Memoire. The action to be taken by the department on the various issues has already been started so that loan negotiations can be finalized in October, 2021.

4.16.2 A budget provision of Rs 0.03 Crore has been proposed for this project in 2021-22.

17. Distribution Smart Grid under Himachal Hydro Power & Renewable Development Program

4.17.1 The project was considered in 106th Screening Committee Meeting of DEA held on 20th May, 2020 and proposal was approved for posing it to the World Bank for USD 200 Million subject to certain conditions. Subsequently, the WB team has suggested Program for Results (PfR) financing instrument for funding this project for having shorter appraisal process. The Program for Results matrix is being finalized in consultation with the WB.

4.17.2 A budget provision of Rs 0.03 Crore has been proposed for this project in 2021-22.

The budget provisions w.r.t. various Externally Aided Projects (EAPs) being implemented in the State for 2021-22 are given in tabular form at Annexure- "A".

Provisions for Externally Aided Projects (EAPs) in State of Himachal Pradesh for 2021-22

(Rs in Crore)

Sr	Name of the Project	Total	Sharing		Start	0	Donor	Implemen		Remarks
N 0.		Cost	%age External Aid	%age State Share	Date	Date	Agency	Departme	Outlays for 2021-22	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1.	Infrastructure Development Investment Programme for Tourism	582.63 Cr	70.00	30.00	2010	2020	ADB	Tourism	0.02	
2.	HP Forest Eco-System Climate Proofing Project	308.45 Cr	85.00	15.00	04/2015	12/2022	KfW	Forest	55.00	Ongoing Project
3.	HP Forest Eco-system Management & Livelihood Improvement Project	800.00 Cr	80.00	20.00	04/2018	03/2028	JICA	Forest	45.00	Ongoing Project
4.	Integrated Development project for Source sustainability & climate resilient Rain-fed Agriculture	700.00 Cr	80.00	20.00	04/2020	03/2025	WB	Forest	55.00	New Project
5.	HP Horticulture Development Project	967.54 Cr	79.00	21.00	06/2016	07/2023	WB	Horticultu re	120.00	Ongoing Project
6.	Power Projects through <u>HPPTCL</u> : Clean Energy Transmission Investment Program	2396.55 Cr	79.00	21.00	01/2012	09/2021	ADB	HPPTCL	263.00	Ongoing Project Rs 263.00 Crore –Loan
	Green Energy Corridor Intra State Transmission System in HP	801.60 Cr	40(KfW) + 40(MNRE	20.00	10/2015	03/2022	KfW	HPPTCL	203.00	
7.	PowerProjectsthroughHPPCL:DeothalChanjuHEP & Chanju-IIIHEP	861.74 Cr (tentative)	80.00	20.00		be decided acturing of	AFD	HPPCL	78.00	Rs 78.00 Cr – Loan
8.	HP Skill Development Project	650.00 Cr	80.00	20.00	05/2018	06/2023	ADB	Tech Education	70.00	Ongoing Project
9.	Project	315.00 Cr	80.00	20.00	07/2017	07/2022	WB	Treasury	36.00	Ongoing Project
10	Shimla Water Supply & Sewerage Project	280.01 Cr	100.00	0.00	04/2019	03/2025	WB	Urban Dev.	60.01	Ongoing Project
11	UD State Dead Duritant	799.68 Cr	73.00	27.00	10/2020	09/2026	WB	Public Works	110.00	New project
12	HP Subtropical Horticulture, Irrigation & Value Addition Project (HP SHIVA)	975.00 Cr	80.00	20.00	NA	NA	ADB	I&PH	10.00	Pipeline
13	HP Crop Diversification Promotion Project (Phase- II)		81.00	19.00	NA	NA	ЛСА	Agricultur e Departme	20.00	Pipeline

								nt		
14	Rural Water Supply Project under BRICS	700.00 Cr	80.00	20.00	NA	NA	NDB	I&PH	0.03	Pipeline
15	Remodelling/Renovation of Old RWSS	798.19 Cr	NA	NA	NA	NA	ADB	I&PH	20.00	Pipeline
16	Distribution Smart Grid under Himachal Hydro Power & Renewable Development Program		-	-	-	-	-	-	0.03	Pipeline
17	Sewerage Schemes of I&PH	-	-	-		-	-	-	0.01	
	Grand Total								942.10	

CHAPTER- 5

Backward Area Development Programme (2021-22)

5.1 Recognizing the need for reducing and removing economic disparities between different regions in the country and for accelerated development of backward areas, the identification of backward areas was taken up way back during the Fourth Five Year Plan (1969-74) and efforts were made to identify remote and inaccessible areas which remained neglected due to their inaccessibility and difficult geographical and harsh climatic conditions. The basic criteria decided for this purpose was remoteness, inaccessibility, socio-economic development and infrastructural backwardness. This process gave birth to the formulation of Sub- Plan for these backward areas which was designed to mitigate the micro-regional disparities in development and to look after the developmental needs at the micro level for these identified areas.

5.2 The State Government issued a Notification declaring 321 Panchayats as backward vide notification No. PLG-FC (F)3-55/82 dated 10-1-1986. After this identification, exclusive earmarking in the budget under separate sub-heads in various demands was introduced, which continued up to 1994-95. For the overall development of backward areas, the Government of Himachal Pradesh framed a comprehensive policy during the year 1995-96. A separate Sub-Plan for the development of Backward Areas in the State came into existence because of this policy of the State Government.

5.3 Backward Area Sub-Plan (now Backward Area Development Programme) mainly consists of the following components:-

- 1. Identification and declaration of areas as backward;
- 2. Socio-economic development of areas declared as backward through the mechanism / intervention of BADP; and
- 3. Periodic review of areas declared as backward as per the decision of the State Government

5.4 Implementation Mechanism of Backward Area Sub-Plan (Backward Area Development Programme):

5.4.1 Backward Area Development Programme is operational in ten districts of the State (except tribal areas). Tribal areas are being taken care of under

separate Tribal Area Development Programme (TADP). The Backward Area Sub-Plan comprises of three categories viz:-

(a)Backward Blocks:	All Blocks having 50% or more panchayats notified as backward are declared as " Backward Blocks ".
(b)Contiguous Pockets:	Group of five or more than five Backward Panchayats forming a contiguous geographical area is called " Contiguous Pockets ".
(c) Dispersed Panchavat	s: The panchayats other than those mentioned in

(c) Dispersed Panchayats: The panchayats other than those mentioned in (a) and (b) above, are called "Dispersed Panchayats".

5.5 All such Panchayats which have been carved out from the existing notified Backward Panchayats are also declared as Backward. The outlays earmarked for the Backward Area Development Programme under various functional major heads are budgeted under Demand No.-15- Planning and Backward Area Sub-Plan. Earmarking of the sectoral outlays is done for the following thirteen heads of development:-

- 1. Agriculture.
- 2. Soil Conservation (Agriculture).
- 3. Horticulture.
- 4. Minor Irrigation.
- 5. Animal Husbandry.
- 6. Forestry.
- 7. Village and Small Scale Industries.
- 8. Rural Roads & Bridges.
- 9. Elementary Education
- 10. General Education.
- 11. Rural Health (Allopathy)
- 12. Ayurveda.
- 13. Rural Water Supply.

5.6 The "Backward Area Development Programme" is administered through the Deputy Commissioners. Deputy Commissioners have been declared as controlling officers for this Sub-Plan. All the District Planning Officers have been declared as DDOs for all the Capital heads. DDOs of the concerned departments in the districts operate only revenue heads under the Sub Plan. The

District Planning Officer helps the Deputy Commissioner in implementation, physical & financial monitoring of all schemes under the Sub-Plan.

5.7 District Planning, Development and 20-Point Programme Review Committees (DPDCs) have been authorized for formulation, implementation, monitoring and review of the schemes under Backward Area Development Programme. District Planning, Development and 20-Point Programme Review Committees (DPDCs) have also been authorized to make diversion(s) within approved Budget from one sector to another sector/ scheme, keeping in view the specific needs of the area for undertaking infrastructural development. Therefore, complete and absolute freedom has been given to the DPDCs which can direct the concerned department(s) and get scheme(s) executed through the locally available infrastructure.

5.8 To facilitate the quick execution of the schemes, concerned Deputy Commissioner of the district has been authorized to accord administrative approval and expenditure sanction for all the schemes which hitherto rested with the concerned Administrative Secretaries / Head of Departments. Thus, absolute decentralization of powers has been given to DPDCs through this concept.

5.9 To regulate and avoid any abnormal fluctuations in the expenditure under BADP, the State Government has issued instructions during 2001 to spend the budget of BADP in the following controlled manner:-

1 st Quarter	25%
2 nd Quarter	40%
3 rd Quarter	25%
4 th Quarter	10%

5.10 The quarterly budget authorization under BADP to the districts is made on the above mentioned criteria. The budget allocation to the districts is made in proportion to the number of declared Backward Panchayats of the district.

5.11 Areas under Backward Area Development Programme:

(i) Backward Declared Blocks:

There are ten backward declared blocks in the State having 323 Panchayats. The district wise detail is as under:-

Sr. No.	District	Name of Backward Block
1.	2.	3.
1	Chamba	1. Tissa
		2. Salooni
		3. Mehla
2	Kullu	1. Ani
		2. Nirmand
3	Mandi	1. Darang
		2. Seraj
		3. Balichowki
4	Shimla	1. Chhohara
		2. Kupvi
Total :		10

District-wise detail of Backward Blocks

(ii) Contiguous Pockets:

There are 15 contiguous pockets of Backward Declared Panchayats in the State having total 132 backward declared Panchayats.

(iii) Dispersed Panchayats:

There are 109 Dispersed Backward declared Panchayats in the State.

5.12 District-wise detail of Backward Declared Panchayats:

As of now, total number of 564 Gram Panchayats out of 3226 Panchayats in the State have been declared as Backward Panchayats. The district-wise break-up of these backward Panchayats is as under:-

Sr.No.	District	Total No. of	Total No. of Panchayats
		Panchayats	Declared Backward
1.	2.	3.	4.
1.	Bilaspur	151	15
2.	Chamba**	283	159
3.	Hamirpur	229	13
4.	Kangra	748	17
5.	Kullu	204	79
6.	Mandi	469	161
7.	Shimla	363	88
8.	Sirmaur	228	26
9.	Solan	211	3
10.	Una	234	3
11.	Kinnaur*	65	0
12.	Lauhal &	41	0
	Spiti*		
Total		3226	564

District-wise break-up of Backward Panchayats

* Tribal areas are being taken care of under separate Tribal Area Development Programme (TADP).

** Pangi and Bharmour Sub Divisions of Chamba District are also scheduled Areas in the State

5.13 Development Schemes under BADP

Broadly, the following schemes/programmes are being implemented under Backward Area Development Programme:-

- Construction of Seed store and other storage building for Agriculture and Horticulture purpose.
- Construction of Veterinary Institutions Buildings.
- Remodelling/Construction of Water Supply and Irrigation Schemes.
- Provision of Capital outlay for Village and Small Industries.
- Construction of Link Roads & Bridges.
- Construction of School Buildings for Elementary and Secondary Education Institutions.

- Construction of Rural Health Institutions buildings.
- Construction of Ayurvedic Dispensaries.
- Construction of Forests Huts in Rural Areas.

5.14 For the Annual Plan 2020-21an outlay of Rs.88.00 crore was kept which has been estimated to be completely utilized. For the Annual Plan 2021-22 a provision of Rs. 93.00 crore has been proposed for the implementation of Backward Area Development Programme.

CHAPTER -6 Decentralized Development in Himachal Pradesh

The concept of decentralized planning is as old as the Gandhian economic thought. The development of village economy through active participation of people for their own development and the ideology of self sustaining village economy is, in fact, ingrained into Indian philosophy from vedic times. The most important aim of planning is to identify a process of development which will raise living standards and open out to the people, new opportunities for a richer and more prosperous life. The basic objectives of planning can be grouped under four heads, viz. growth, modernization, self reliance and social justice. In one form or another but possibly with varying emphasis, these objectives reflect the views of all sections of the population and represent a national consensus on the aim of planning. The concept of decentralized planning was accepted in principle since the beginning of planning era in the country but the first step towards the decentralization was taken during the 1st Five Year Plan. In Himachal Pradesh conscious efforts for the formulation of the District Plans, were made during the Fifth Five Year Plan so as to tackle the problems of poverty, unemployment, inequality, infrastructure backwardness directly and effectively. The Decentralized Planning process was initiated in a phased manner and the steps taken in this direction to ensure adequate involvement of people and their representatives in the decision making process are briefly discussed in the succeeding paragraphs.

1. Organizational Structure at district level.

6.1.1 The Planning Department at the district level is headed by the Chief Planning Officer. The ADC/ADM of the district has been designated as ex-officio Chief Planning Officer. Two tribal districts viz Kinnaur and Lahaul-Spiti and two blocks Pangi and Bharmour of Chamba district have been excluded from this structure, since these are governed by the Tribal Sub-Plan concept which is a decentralized effort in itself.

6.1.2 The District Planning Cells headed by District Planning Officers are engaged in the preparation of shelf of schemes at the District level, to monitor the process of the implementation of all the plan schemes being run by various departments soon after the approval of the budget. Besides, the Planning Cells also prepare the shelf of schemes under various decentralized planning programmes viz Sectoral Decentralized Planning, Vikas Mein Jan Sahyog, Vidhayak Keshetra Vikas Nidhi Yojna, Mukhya Mantri Gram Path Yojna and the Backward Area Sub-Plan. The District Planning Cells play a pivotal role in reviewing the implementation of all these Decentralized Planning Programmes including Central Sector MPLAD Scheme by convening the meetings of District Planning, Development and 20-Point Review Committees. In these meetings, the pace of expenditure and level of development achieved through implementation of schemes are reviewed. Thereafter, the Deputy Commissioners and other Executing Agencies ensure taking up corrective measure from time to time. In

addition to these activities, the District Planning Cells are also engaged in the collection of data on developmental activities, desired by the State Govt. and District Administration for the evaluation of development schemes.

2. Sectoral Decentralized Planning Programme (SDP):-

6.2.1 This programme was introduced in ten Non- Tribal Districts of the State in 1993-94. For the Tribal Districts, the components of SDP are taken care under the Tribal Sub-Plan (TSP). Under this programme, untied funds are allocated to the districts of non-tribal areas, on a formula of 60% on the basis of population and 40% on the basis of geographical area. After the merger of the Plan and Non Plan distinction the name of this programme has been changed to Regional and Decentralized Development Programme (RDDP). The schemes of local importance and missing links in budget are identified by the local planners. The Deputy Commissioner concerned is required to get the works approved from the District Planning, Development and 20-Point Programme Review Committee.

Salient Features of this Programme:

- 1. Keeping in view the geographical conditions and local needs, Deputy Commissioners are authorized to sanction the schemes as per developmental needs of the public. Such schemes are sanctioned after seeking prior approval of the District-Level Planning, Development and 20-Point Programme Review Committee.
- 2. The earmarked funds are to be utilized during the respective financial year and unspent balances need to be surrendered well-in-time. Generally, there should be no occasion for surrender of resources since demand always outstrips the availability of resources.
- 3. Under SDP, funds can be utilized for the purchase of materials / equipments needed for the project and consumed in the process of implementation, but no store articles can be purchased.
- 4. No funds under SDP will be utilized as Grant-in-aid.
- 5. Under this programme, only those developmental works should be considered for execution whose estimates and designs are technically approved by the competent Technical Authority / Personnel of Govt./ Semi Govt./ Govt. undertakings within the delegated technical powers. The Technical Officer/ Authority who can technically approve the estimates, will also be competent to assess the work and authorize disbursement of payments.
- 6. No departmental charges shall be levied under this programme.
- 7. The earmarked funds can also be utilized for completion of ongoing developmental schemes of the selected heads of development, having inadequate budgetary provision so as to ensure completion of the same towards speedy accrual of maximum benefits to the people.
- 8. Repairs/Renovation of Govt. owned public assets like Schools, Health Institutions, Veterinary Institutions, Water Supply, Irrigation Kuhls, Village

Link Roads etc. will be a valid charge out of the allocation under Sectoral Decentralized Planning.

- 9. The Deputy Commissioners are competent to accord A/A & E/S under SDP subject to the availability of budgetary provisions under selected heads of development and fulfillment of other requirements.
- 10. Under SDP, neither recurring expenditure / liability can be created nor bunching of sanctions and phasing of work beyond one financial year is allowed. Also, revision of estimates and revision of sanctions are not allowed.
- 11. The developmental works to be executed under SDP should lead to a community benefit (consisting at least five families). No works benefiting individuals/single family can be taken up under this programme.
- 12. The works to be executed under SDP are required to be completed within the same financial year or within one year from the date of sanction. The phasing of work and financial sanction for more than one financial year is not permissible.
- 13. Under SDP the expenditure on following items is not permissible:-

i)Purchase of vehicles of any kind,

- ii) Organizing fairs/expenditure on any work within the premise of temples,
- iii) Purchase of Photostat and Fax-machine etc.,
- iv) Purchase of Type-Writers,
- v) Purchase of Calculator etc.

6.2.2 Under this programme, budget is allocated to the ten Non-Tribal districts on the basis of 60% population and 40 % area as per 1981 census. A budget of Rs. 22477.00 lakh has been proposed for 2021-22. District wise budget allocated under SDP during the last three years is as under:-

		(Rs. in lakh)					
Sr. No.	Name of the District	Allocation					
		2018-19	2019-20	2020-21			
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.			
1.	Bilaspur	305.80	400.72	440.88			
2.	Chamba	468.20	613.57	674.92			
3.	Hamirpur	363.52	476.42	524.04			
4.	Kangra	1392.58	1711.10	1882.20			
5.	Kullu	627.48	822.30	904.52			
6.	Mandi	1170.51	1135.03	1248.52			
7.	Shimla	838.24	1098.50	1208.32			
8.	Sirmaur	567.24	634.32	697.72			

10.	Una	395.64	518.44	570.32
	Total	6542.49	7952.00	8747.20

3. Vikas Mein Jan Sahyog (VMJS)

6.3.1 To elicit effective people's participation through decentralization planning, some funds were diverted from the Local District Planning allocation in the year 1991-92 to start a new programme "Gaon Bhi Apna, Kam Bhi Apna". In the year 1994 the programme was restructured and renamed as "Vikas Mein Jan Sahyog". Under this programme, an open offer was given to the public to come forward with a public share of 30% of the project cost and Govt. would provide the rest by sanctioning a developmental scheme benefiting the community. During the year 1994, it was provided under the programme that a developmental scheme would be sanctioned in the ratio of 70:30, (70% Govt. share & 30% public share) in rural areas and 50:50 in urban areas. The maximum limit for the sanction of a scheme by the Deputy Commissioner was kept at Rs. 70,000. In the year 1995, the guidelines of the programme were revised. Accordingly, the public share for the sanction of a particular scheme in rural areas was reduced to 25% of the estimated cost of the project, thereby. The limit for the sanction of project by the Deputy Commissioner was Rs. 1.00 lakh in the year 1994-95, which was further raised to Rs. 10.00 lakh in 2006-07, Rs. 20.00 lakh in 2016-17 and Rs. 40.00 lakh in the year 2018-19.

6.3.2 At present the limit for according administrative and expenditure sanctions to the schemes under Vikas Mein Jan Sahyog are as under:-

Sr.No.	Authorized Offices/Department	Limit for Financial Sanction (Rs. in lakh)
1.	Deputy Commissioner	40.00
2.	Adviser, Planning Department	70.00
3.	Secretary (Planning)	100.00
4.	Finance Department, on the	100.00 and above.
	recommendation of Planning Department	

6.3.3 At the State level, the VMJS funds are budgeted under Demand No. 15 and controlled by Adviser (Planning), Himachal Pradesh. The allocation of VMJS funds is done on the formula of 60% on the basis of population and 40% on geographical area. Other salient features are given below:

- 1. This programme is an integral part of Decentralized Planning Scheme.
- 2. In urban areas, cost sharing ratio between the Community and the Govt. is 50:50 except in the case of Govt. assets like school buildings, health and veterinary institutions, construction of drinking water supply schemes

and sewerage schemes and installation of hand pumps where sharing pattern is in the ratio of 25:75 in between Community and the Govt.

- 3. In rural areas, cost sharing is in the ratio of 25:75 between Community and the Govt. However, in the case of tribal areas, panchayats declared as backward and areas predominantly inhabited by SCs, STs and OBCs cost sharing is in the ratio of 15:85 between Community and the Govt.
- 4. Any individual can also get a public assets constructed either as a purely charitable in nature or to commemorate the memory of his/her ancestors by sharing 50 percent cost of the work.
- 5. The Community has an important role in selection of implementing agency for execution of works.
- 6. Works are required to be completed within one year from the date of sanction.
- 7. Works being constructed/ executed under VMJS are subject to a close monitoring through local committees to be constituted by DCs.
- 8. Community and the Govt. are liable to contribute 10% funds additionally, subject to their proportionate share in construction cost of community works for the maintenance of assets which are to be maintained.
- 9. All works beyond the estimated cost of Rs. 5.00 lakh be got executed through the Government Departments and not by the societies/ local committees.
- 10. The execution of works up to Rs. 5.00 lakh should be ensured under the supervision of the Assistant Engineer/ Junior Engineer of the Rural Development Department and the measurement of the work done of each work be entered in the measurement book of concerned Junior Engineer/ Technical Assistant of the area on regular basis.
- 11. The projects/assets of the following nature can be sanctioned under this programme:
 - i) Construction of buildings of Govt. educational institutions.
 - ii) Construction of multipurpose community/public assets.
 - iii) Construction of motorable roads and rope-ways.
 - iv)Construction of irrigation schemes/drinking water schemes/ installation of hand-pumps.
 - v) Construction of buildings of public health services.
 - vi) Provision of important missing links; such as three phases transmission lines, transformers, X-Ray plants, Ambulances etc.
 - vii) Setting up of Go-Sadan for stray animals.

6.3.4 Under this programme, the budget is allocated to **the ten Non-Tribal** districts on the basis of 60% population and 40 % area as per 1981 census. A budget of Rs. 2698.00 lakh has been proposed for 2021-22. District wise budget allocated under VMJS during the last three years is as under:-

 $(\mathbf{D}_{\alpha} := \mathbf{l}_{\alpha}\mathbf{l}_{\beta}\mathbf{h})$

		(Rs. in lakh)						
Sr. No.	Name of the District	Allocation						
		2018-19	2019-20	2020-21				
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.				
1.	Bilaspur	102.13	110.88	123.64				
2.	Chamba	156.39	169.76	189.28				
3.	Hamirpur	121.42	131.80	146.96				
4.	Kangra	436.09	473.40	527.84				
5.	Kullu	258.58	227.48	253.64				
6.	Mandi	313.20	314.00	350.12				
7.	Shimla	317.38	303.92	338.84				
8.	Sirmaur	161.66	175.48	195.68				
9.	Solan	160.00	149.84	167.08				
10.	Una	132.14	143.44	159.92				
	Total	2159.00	2200.00	2453.00				

4. Vidhayak Keshetra Vikas Nidhi Yojna (VKVNY):-

6.4.1 The State Government launched a new programme called "Vidhayak Keshetra Vikas Nidhi Yojna" in the year 1999-2000. This scheme was discontinued in the year 2001-02 due to some constraints but re-started in the year 2003-04. The main objectives of this scheme are as under:-

- 1. Funds are provided to Deputy Commissioners enabling MLAs to make recommendations for sanctioning of developmental schemes in their constituencies/district.
- 2. As the schemes / works will be formulated / determined by the Hon'ble MLAs as such they will take keen interest in the implementation and monitoring of each scheme thereby resulting in effective utilization of the limited financial resources.

6.4.2 The scheme/works of the following nature can be under-taken under this programme:-

- 1. Construction of rooms in Educational Institutions.
- 2. Construction of Ayurvedic Dispensaries, Veterinary Institutions & Health Sub-Centres etc.
- 3. Installation of Hand Pumps.

- 4. Construction of Motorable / Jeepable link roads in rural areas.
- 5. Construction of Community bhawans which can be used for different institution or celebration at village level.
- 6. Provision of apparatus in Health Institutions which are not already available there such as X-Ray Plants, Ultra Sound machines and ECG machine etc.
- 7. Purchase of Ambulance for Health Institutions subject to the condition that concerned institution /department should have full provision for recurring expenditure or not.
- 8. Construction of small bridge/culverts on rural roads and foot Bridges on different khads, streams etc.
- 9. Construction of metalled rural paths (concrete based or black or black topped), on which two wheeler vehicles could be plied.
- 10. Water supply schemes for left out hamlets where there is necessity of public taps by providing additional pipes.
- 11. Irrigation Schemes at local level.
- 12. Construction of toilets in the Schools and construction of public toilets & bathrooms in the bus stands.
- 13. Electrification of left out houses in remote/rural areas (LT Extensions).
- 14. Maintenance of school buildings and construction of school play grounds.
- 15. Construction of Gym centres in panchayats & Urban areas.
- 16. Construction and maintenances of Bus Stands.
- 17. In rural and urban areas, maintenance of Government buildings such as Ayurvedic dispensaries, Veterinary Dispensaries, Health Institutions, Community Bhawan, Education Institutions etc.
- 18. Repair and maintenance of roads in rural and urban areas.
- 19. WiFi Facilities (Non-recurring expenditure)
- 20. Sanction of various facilities in public offices like sitting arrangements for students in the schools, sports kits/equipments in schools, beds and blankets in the hospitals, replacement of motor pumps of water supply.
- 21. Grant to Mahila Mandals for purchase of utensils and furniture (Maximum Rs. 25,000/- per Mahila Mandals) and also grant of

Rs.25,000/- to registered Yuvak Mandals for purchase of Sports equipments.

6.4.3 The scheme envisaged allocation of Rs.15.00 lakh per MLA during the year 1999-2000 which was further enhanced to Rs. 20.00 lakh in the year 2000-01, Rs. 24.00 lakh per MLA in 2003-04, Rs. 25 lakh per MLA in 2004-05, Rs. 30.00 lakh per MLA in 2008-09, Rs.50.00 lakh per MLA in 2012-13 and Rs. 75.00 Lakh per MLA in the year 2015-16. This limit was further enhanced to Rs. 1.00 crore per MLA in the year 2016-17, Rs. 1.10 crore per MLA in the year 2017-18, Rs. 1.25 crore per MLA in the year 2018-19, Rs. 1.50 crore per MLA in the year 2019-20 and Rs.1.75 crore per MLA in the year 2020-21. Due to COVID-19 pandemic this programme was made non operative for two year i.e. 2020-21 and 2021-22 but it had now restore and an amount of Rs. 50.00 lakh per Legislative Assembly Constituency in two equal instalments. The amount of Rs. 5.00 lakh will be spent on the works under norms of Mukhya Mantri Gram Path Yojna (MMGPY).

6.4.4 It is to be ensured by the Deputy Commissioners that schemes, recommended by the concerned MLAs of the area are sanctioned within a month's time and funds utilized within one year of the sanction.

6.4.5 If an ongoing work is not completed within one year and additionality is required, it may be allowed by Deputy Commissioner on the recommendations of Hon'ble Member of Legislative Assembly (MLA) from the sanctioned budget ceiling of Vidhayak Keshetra Vikas Nidhi Yojna (VKVNY).

6.4.6 As per the recommendations of the Hon'ble Manav Vikas Samiti, before depositing unspent amount of VKVNY in the Government Treasury, the Hon'ble MLA must be consulted and after the approval of concerned MLA, the unspent amount should be spent on some other appropriate development works under this programme.

6.4.7 The programme was temporarily suspended during first two quarters of the financial year 2020-21 due to incidence of Covid-19. However, an amount of Rs. 50.00 lakh per Legislative Assembly Constituency was authorized during the remaining period of the financial year, which was authorized in two equal installment of Rs. 25.00 lakh each. A budget of Rs. 13600.00 lakh has been proposed for 2021-22. District wise budget allocated under VKVNY during the last three years is as under:

(Rs. in lakh)

Sr. No.	Name of the District	Allocation						
		2018-19	2019-20	2020-21				
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.				
1.	Bilaspur	500.00	600.00	200.00				
2.	Chamba	540.00	648.00	216.00				
3.	Hamirpur	625.00	750.00	250.00				
4.	Kangra	1875.00	2250.00	750.00				
5.	Kullu	500.00	600.00	200.00				
6.	Mandi	1250.00	1500.00	500.00				
7.	Shimla	1000.00	1200.00	400.00				
8.	Sirmaur	625.00	750.00	250.00				
9.	Solan	625.00	750.00	250.00				
10.	Una	625.00	750.00	250.00				
	Total	8165.00	9798.00	3266.00				

5. Mukhya Mantri Gram Path Yojana (MMGPY):-

6.5.1 The Mukhya Mantri Gram Path Yojana (MMGPY) has been re-introduced to strengthen decentralized planning process and to meet the aspirations and felt needs of the local population. This scheme has been designed to provide village pucca paths to commuters and road connectivity at micro level. The construction of pucca paths of 4 feet width and minimum of 100 meters to 2 kms length using durable raw material will be constructed under this programme.

6.5.2 The Deputy Commissioners have been fully empowered to sanction works under this Yojna. This Yojna is being implemented in ten non-tribal districts of the State. For the Tribal Districts, the component of this yojana are taken care of under the provision kept for nucleus budget in Tribal Sub-Plan (TSP).

Salient Features

- 1. Allocation of funds to the districts is made on the basis of total rural population and total number of inhabited villages in the district on 50:50 ratio as per 1991 census.
- 2. Under the programme neither recurring expenditure/liability can be created nor construction of kutcha path is allowed.
- 3. The Block Development Officers will supply the list of works in consultation with public representatives to the Deputy Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners are authorized to sanction works on the basis of the shelf/data received from Block Development Officers and other sources.

- 4. No departmental charges will be levied under this programme and all the sanctioned schemes are to be completed within a period of three month from the date of sanction of the work.
- 5. The works are to be completed within the sanctioned amount and no additional/ revised sanction of funds will be allowed.
- 6. Only those developmental works should be considered for execution where estimates and designs are technically approved by the Rural Development Department J.E./A.E./XEN according to their technical powers.
- 7. The Deputy Commissioners at their own level are allowed to utilize 1 percent contingency of the allotted budget at the district HQs and block level.
- 8. Under this programme the schemes / works are to be executed with the approval of the District Planning, Development and 20-Point Programme Review Committee.
- 9. The UCs/CCs of the completed schemes will be maintained by the concerned DCs at the district level in the offices of District Planning Cells.
- 10. The DCs will be responsible for submission of physical and financial monthly progress reports by the 10th of every month to the Planning Department.
- 11. The concerned Panchayats will maintain the works executed out of MMGPY funds from their own resources/revenue. Affidavit to this effect is to be obtained from the concerned Panchayats before the sanction of work.
- 12. Monitoring of the implementation of this scheme will be done on the pattern of other schemes under decentralized planning.
- 13. The road alignment should be got approved from the PWD, so that the jeepable roads later on could be upgraded to normal bus roads, as per the PWD norms.

Budget Provision

6.5.3 Under this scheme, budget is allotted on the basis of total rural population and total number of inhabited villages in the district on 50:50 ratio as per 1991 census. An allocation Rs. 736.00 lakh has been proposed for the year 2021-22 under this scheme. District wise budget allocated under MMGPY during the last three years is as under:

			(11.5. 1)	II IAKII)
Sr.	Name of the District	Allocation		
No.		2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
1.	Bilaspur	31.87	31.88	38.76
2.	Chamba	40.40	40.40	49.16
3.	Hamirpur	47.00	47.00	57.16
4.	Kangra	124.00	124.04	150.88
5.	Kullu	19.28	19.28	23.44
6.	Mandi	89.12	89.08	108.36
7.	Shimla	72.03	72.00	87.60
8.	Sirmaur	36.69	36.68	44.64
9.	Solan	59.88	59.92	72.84
10.	Una	29.73	29.72	36.16
	Total	550.00	550.00	669.00

(Rs. in lakh)

6. Monitoring Process at the District Level:-

6.6.1 The State Planning Department, after the passing of the budget by the State Legislative Assembly, conveys the Decentralized Planning outlay under all such programmes to all the Deputy Commissioners expect the tribal districts. Based on this allocation, the District Planning, Development and 20-Point Programme Review Committees monitor the progress of implementation of the works sanctioned. The process of the review includes a detailed analysis of the physical content and in some cases, also involves the emergence of the diversion proposals from one sector to another depending upon the actual implementation possibilities of various programmes.

6.6.2 The works being executed under SDP, VMJS, VKVNY, MMGPY and MPLADS are monitored regularly in the quarterly meetings of District Planning, Development and 20-Point Programme Review Committees.

The works under these programmes / schemes are monitored and supervised effectively in the following manner:

Sr.No.	Authorized Authority	Inspections (%age)
1.	Block Development & Panchayat	100%
	Officer/ Junior Engineer (Dev.)	
2.	District Planning Officer	15%
3.	Sub-Divisional Officer (Civil)	10%
4.	ADC / ADM	5%
5.	Deputy Commissioner	4%
6.	Officer from the State Planning	1%
	Department	

CHAPTER - 7

Scheduled Castes Development Programme (SCDP)

1. Introduction:

7.1.1. It was in the year 1979-80 that the Govt. formulated a Special Component Plan (SCP) for the first time, now renamed as Scheduled Castes Development Programme (SCDP) for the Scheduled Castes as part of the State Plan. The Scheduled Castes Development Programme is specifically designed to channelize the flow of benefits and outlays from the general sector in the state plan and from the Union Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment for the development of Scheduled Caste in physical as well as financial terms. The Scheduled Castes Development Programme is designed to help poor Scheduled Caste families through composite income generating programmes. The Development Programme seeks to improve the living conditions of Scheduled Castes population through provision of drinking water supply, link roads, house, establishment of educational, health, veterinary institutions etc. The Development Programme process includes identification, formulation and implementation of schemes/programmes under different sector for the economic amelioration of persons belonging to those communities. Outlays were specifically earmarked in the state plan besides supplementations by the Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment, Govt. of India by way of Special Central Assistance. While the Tribal Sub Plan is area based, the Scheduled Castes Development Programme directly benefits the individuals/families and infrastructural facilities in the habitation where Scheduled Caste concentration is 40% or more.

2. Past and Future:

7.2.1 To fulfill the objective of Scheduled Castes Development Programme it was incorporated in the 5th Five Year Plan as a strategy, which aimed at rapid socioeconomic development of Scheduled Castes. The first-ever exercise towards formulation of the Scheduled Castes Development Programme (SCDP) for Scheduled Castes in this State was initiated in 1979-80 when Rs. 4.61 crore were earmarked but real thrust was given in the 6th Five Year Plan (1980-85); when 11% of the State Plan outlays were provided under this Sub-Plan. This earmarking continued till 11th Five Year Plan 2007-12 and Annual Plan 2007-08. For the first time for the year 2008-09, the Planning Department has allocated 24.72% outlay of the Main State Plan to the Scheduled Castes Sub-Plan, which was in accordance with the Scheduled Castes population in the Pradesh as per 2001 census and from the year 2014-2015, onwards the Planning Department has allocated 25.19% outlay of the Main State Plan to the Scheduled Castes Sub-Plan, which was in accordance with the Scheduled Castes population in the Pradesh as per 2011 census. Hence, an outlay of Rs 1990.00 crores has been earmarked for the Scheduled Castes Sub Plan for 2020-21 which is 25.19% and Rs. 2369.22 crore for the year 2021-22, which again is 25.19% of the overall State Development Budget and is as per the Scheduled Castes population in the Pradesh as per 2011 census. Besides this, provision of Special Central Assistance and the Centrally Sponsored Scheme/Programmes under Central Development Budget has helped the State in augmenting the pace of economic activity. The strategy of Scheduled Castes Development Programme has started giving results but a lot more is yet to be done to improve the socio-economic condition of these groups. For bringing economic improvement accelerating the pace of infrastructure development for the benefits of the Scheduled Castes, the State Govt. has transferred all the subjects relating to Scheduled Castes Development Programme and other socio-economic related schemes of the Scheduled Castes to the Social Justice & Empowerment Department. This department has been made a Nodal Department for the socioeconomic development of the Scheduled Castes Sub Plan are as under:-

3. Objectives:

- i) Conservation of whatever assets the Scheduled Castes have.
- ii) Updating and/or provision of new skills to improve their employability or productivity.
- iii) Providing minimum literacy and functional skills through education to every scheduled castes up to 35 years of age as part of the programme of universalization of elementary education and eradication of illiteracy.
- iv) Enabling them to acquire special education/technical qualification and avail of existing as well as newly emerging employment opportunities etc.
- v) Provision of entrepreneurial training to educated unemployed scheduled castes youth.
- vi) Helping in their taking diversified activities including in the area of manufacturing, and business through self-employment programme.
- vii) Modernizing existing traditional activities like tanning and leather work.
- viii) Doing all what is necessary to tackle and eradicate social problem of untouchability.
- ix) Provision of minimum needs and basic amenities in their habitations.

Strategy:

7.4.1 The Special Emphasis on the overall development of SCs will be laid during Annual State Development Budget 2021-22 which is as under:-

- i) The strategy of Scheduled Castes Development Programme already being followed should be continued and further intensified during the 12th Five Year Plan, pursuing the indicated objectives, ensuring adequate thrust on socio-economic and educational development of Scheduled Castes.
- ii) The Scheduled Castes Development Programme of the State should provide for meeting the minimum needs/ basic amenities of all the Scheduled Castes habitations fully with a view to improve their quality of life.

- iii) The Scheduled Castes Development Programme should also provide for a judicious mix of beneficiary oriented programmes and human resource development.
- iv) The schemes taken up should be viable and as far as necessary innovative in a way to diversify Scheduled Castes into newer areas of economic activities.
- v) There should be provision for meeting the backward and forward infrastructure needs.
- vi) The delivery systems have to be effective.
- vii) The organization and association of the beneficiary groups should be given the preference.
- viii) One of the identified gaps has been the need for inculcation a sense of commitment and urgency in the policy making and implementation of the same.
- ix) Machinery to fulfilling the objective of development of Scheduled Castes on desired line and their integration with the main-stream; and
- x) The Voluntary Agencies may be suitably associated in programmes.

5. Demography:

7.5.1 Comparative demographic detail of SCs vis-a-vis the total population as per 2011 census is subjoined below:-

Item	Unit	Total Population of the Himachal Pradesh			Scheduled Castes population in Himachal Pradesh		
		Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8
1. Population	Persons	6864602	6176050	688552	1729252	1606535	122717
	Males	3481873	3011045	317528	876300	812072	64228
	Females	3382729	3065705	317024	852952	794463	58489
2. Decennial growth rate	% age	12.94	12.65	15.61	15.12	14.50	23.81
(2001-11)							
3. Proportion of SC population to total	% age	-	-	-	25.19	25.17	25.21
population							
4. Sex ratio	No. of Females per 1000 males	972	986	853	973	978	911
5. Literacy	Person	82.80	81.85	91.10	78.92	78.33	86.43
	Males	89.53	89.05	93.42	86.23	85.85	90.93
	Females	75.93	74.62	88.37	71.46	70.70	81.48
6. Decennial growth	% age in Literacy						
	Persons	8.23	8.99	2.47	12.69	12.70	6.57
	Males	4.96	5.50	1.54	9.80	8.12	4.16
	Females	12.66	13.58	3.96	18.31	19.02	10.41
7. Proportion of	% age	100.00	89.97	10.03	100.00	92.90	7.10

urban to total			1			Ι	
population							
8. Of the total							
population							
i) Main Workers	Persons	2062501	1822109	240392	500133	461969	38164
	Males	1438989	1247874	191115	345934	315565	30369
	Female	623512	574235	49277	154199	146404	7795
Breakup of workers out of	the total main	workers:-				-	
a) Cultivators							
	Persons	919786	914201	5585	251992	251105	887
	Males	514927	510886	4041	142420	141851	569
	Females	404859	403315	1544	109572	109254	318
b) Agril. Labourers							
	Persons	68668	66318	2350	18205	17688	517
	Males	43235	44463	1772	12788	12366	422
	Females	22433	21855	578	5417	5322	95
c) Household and	other that	n				<u> </u>	
House hold Industry							
	Persons	32691	27502	5189	9723	8847	876
	Males	24576	20466	4110	7405	6725	680
	Females	8115	7036	1079	2318	2122	196
d) Other Workers							
	Persons	1041356	814088	227268	220213	184329	35884
	Males	853251	672059	181192	183321	154623	28698
	Females	188105	142029	46076	36892	29706	7186
ii) Marginal Workers					50072		
	Persons	1496921	1467275	29646	401428	394358	7070
	Males	604384	588484	15900	169053	164996	4057
	Females	892537	878791	13746	232375	229362	3013
Break up of workers	s out of the	total margin	al workers:-		232373		1
a) Cultivators							
	Persons	1142276	1134381	7895	289527	287807	1720
	Males	391227	389068	2159	99813	99367	446
	Females	751049	745313	5736	189714	188440	1274
b) Agril. Labourers					107/14		
	Persons	106370	103961	2409	33879	33195	684
	I VIDUIID	100570 1					1
	Males					18608	464
	Males	56825	55338	1487	19072	18608 14587	
c) Household and other than House hold Industry						18608 14587	464 220
/	Males	56825	55338	1487	19072 14807		
other than House	Males Females Persons	56825 49545 26028	55338 48623 24696	1487 922 1332	19072 14807 8775	8474	220 301
other than House	Males Females	56825 49545	55338 48623	1487 922	19072 14807	14587	220

	Persons	222247	204237	18010	69247	64882	4365
	Males	143741	132066	11675	45613	42592	3021
	Females	78506	72171	6335	23634	22290	1344
iii) Non Workers							
	Persons	3305180	2886666	418514	827691	750208	77483
	Males	1438500	1273987	164513	361313	331511	29802
	Females	1866680	1612679	254001	466378	418697	47681

7.5.2 The Scheduled Castes in this State are not concentrated into specific regions but are widely dispersed and would be benefited equally as rest of the population. Accordingly, approach to economic development in the case of Scheduled Castes Sub Plan for Scheduled Castes is not area based, as is the case with the Tribal Sub-Plan. The district of Bilaspur, Kullu, Mandi, Solan, Shimla and Sirmour are the predominantly Scheduled Castes populated districts where Scheduled Castes concentration is above the State average. Thus, these six districts taken together account for 67.77% of the Scheduled Castes population in the State and are situated contiguously.

7.5.3 Urbanization among the Scheduled Castes population is 7.10% as against the State average of 10.03%. An attempt has been made to identify such villages which have (i) 40% or above SC population (ii) 90 Persons and above of SC persons which are to be taken up under the Scheduled Castes Sub Plan. According to the 2011 census there are 4063 such Scheduled Castes villages where the population of SCs is more than 40% and there are 2727 villages, which have 90 or more SC persons in the State excluding whole **districts of Kinnaur and Lahaul-Spiti and Pangi, Bharmour and Holi Tehsils/sub Tehsil of Chamba district**. District-wise detail of such villages is as under:-

District	Total No. of villages	No. of Villag (2011census)	6 or above	SC concentration		
		No. of villages	Total Population	SC Population	%age of SC population.	
1.Bilaspur	953	209	72078	38287	53.12	
2.Chamba*	954	176	84578	47547	56.22	
3.Hamirpur	1671	309	85057	46638	54.83	
4.Kangra	3617	589	206895	118251	57.16	
5. Kullu	314	51	85517	41368	48.37	
6. Mandi	2850	651	291717	167287	57.35	
7.Shimla	2705	684	164031	92993	56.69	
8.Sirmour	968	405	187228	107257	57.29	

(2011 Census data)

Total	17205	4063	1386932	785834	56.66	
10.Una	790	165	72372	38754	53.55	
9.Solan	2383	830	137459	87452	63.62	

District	Total No. of villages	No. of Villages having 90 Persons or above SC concentration (2011census)						
		No. of villages	Total Population	SC Population	%age of SC population			
1.Bilaspur	953	180	161884	41178	25.44			
2.Chamba*	954	210	160688	40618	25.28			
3.Hamirpur	1671	189	125896	34909	27.73			
4.Kangra	3617	674	624886	140048	22.41			
5. Kullu	314	146	286452	73581	25.69			
6. Mandi	2850	431	286005	80203	28.04			
7.Shimla	2705	292	179721	50500	28.10			
8.Sirmour	968	202	216161	50869	23.53			
9.Solan	2383	198	164890	40283	24.43			
10.Una	790	205	263639	59433	22.54			
Total	17205	2727	2470222	611622	24.76			

* Excluding Pangi, Bharmour and Holi Tehsils/sub Tehsil of Chamba district.

7.5.4 A comparative picture with regard to percentage of Scheduled Castes to total population (district-wise) as per 2011 census and 2001 census in the Pradesh is given below:-

	Total Population		SC Popula	SC Population		f SC Population population
	2011	2001	2011	2001	2011	2001
Н. Р.	686460 2	6077900	1729252	1502170	25.19	24.72
1.Bilaspur	381956	340885	98989	86581	25.92	25.40
2.Chamba	519080	460887	111690	92359	21.52.	20.04
3.Hamirpur	454768	412700	109256	98539	24.02	23.88
4.Kangra	151007 5	1339030	319385	279540	21.15	20.88
5.Kinnaur	84121	78334	14750	7625	17.53	9.73
6.Kullu	437903	381571	122659	107897	28.01	28.28
7. Lahaul- Spiti	31564	33224	2235	2605	7.08	7.84
8.Mandi	999777	901344	293739	261233	29.38	28.98
9.Shimla	814010	722502	215777	188787	26.51	26.13
10.Sirmour	529855	458593	160745	135744	30.34	29.60
11. Solan	580320	500557	164536	140642	28.35	28.10
12.Una	521173	448273	115491	100588	22.16	22.44

7.5.6 A vast majority of the Scheduled Castes (16,06,535) reside in the rural areas and only 1,22,717 Scheduled Castes reside in urban areas. Sex-wise spread of Scheduled Castes among various districts is shown as below:-

District	SC Male	C Male SC Female Total populati on of SC				populati	% age of SC to total SC Population of H.P.	
	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total		
1. Bilaspur	47550	2721	50271	46128	2590	48718	98989	5.72
2. Chamba	53144	3010	56154	52491	3045	55536	11690	6.46
3. Hamirpur	50806	2921	53727	52735	2794	55529	109256	6.32
4. Kangra	152186	7511	159697	152616	7072	159688	319385	18.47
5. Kinnaur	7433	0	7433	7317	0	7317	14750	0.85
6. Kullu	58981	3705	66686	56533	3440	59973	122659	7.09
7. Lahaul-Spiti	1154	0	1154	1081	0	1081	2235	0.13
8. Mandi	140605	6645	147250	139975	6514	146489	293739	16.99
9. Shimla	91176	19652	110828	88059	16890	104949	215777	12.48
10. Sirmour	77367	5650	83017	72352	5376	77728	160745	9.30
11. Solan	76902	8580	85482	71898	7156	79054	164536	9.51
12. Una	54768	3833	58601	53278	3612	56890	115491	6.68
Himachal Pradesh	812072	64228	876300	794463	58489	852952	1729252	100.00

(According to 2011Census)

District wise total no. of Scheduled Castes Households is as under (2011 census):

Name of Distt.	In Urban area	In Rural Area	Total
1.Bilaspur	1163	19281	20444
2.Chamba	1314	19883	21197
3.Hamirpur	1296	23637	24933
4.Kangra	3240	66253	69493
5.Kinnaur	0	3436	3436
6.Kullu	1606	23673	25279
7.Lahaul-Spiti	0	462	462

8.Mandi	3002	59031	62033
9.Shimla	9339	36268	45607
10.Sirmour	2414	26262	28676
11.Solan	3739	29170	32909
12.Una	1479	22264	23743
Total	28592	329620	358212

6. Scheduled Castes Sub Plan through plans:

7.6.1 The first-ever effort at carving out a Scheduled Castes Sub Plan for Scheduled Castes was made in 1979-80 when an outlay of Rs. 4.61 crores was earmarked for this sub-plan against which actual expenditure was Rs. 2.98 crore was incurred. The actual expenditure for the Annual Plan 2019-20 against the budget provision of Rs. 1788.49 Crore was Rs. 1336.13 Crore. There is a budget provision of Rs. 1990.00 Crore for the current financial year 2020-21. Hence, an outlay of Rs. 2369.22 crore under State Development Budget and Rs. 981.13 under Central Development Budget under Scheduled Castes Development Programme is proposed for the year 2021-22.

7.6.2 The year-wise outlays and expenditure since the inception of Scheduled Castes Sub Plan for SCs is appended below:-

STATE PL	LAN		SPECIAL ASSISTAN	CENTRAL CE
Year	Outlay	Expenditure	Outlay	Expenditure
1979-80	461.00	297.73	-	-
1980-81	681.15	538.99	83.00	79.93
1981-82	1098.5	1067.21	121.2	119.42
1982-83	1353.5	1334.4	112.00	127.24
1983-84	1540.00	1387.22	125.00	129.07
1984-85	1575.5	1575.5	150.00	150.00
1985-86	1949.00	1642.36	178.00	177.67
1986-87	2256.25	2304.97	170.00	169.37

(Rs.	in	lakh)
· ·		,

1987-88	2470.00	2445.18	230.00	230.26
1988-89	2860.00	2720.87	165.00	137.22
1989-90	3065.00	3011.32	185.00	158.62
1990-91	4205.00	3922.91	214.00	254.36
1991-92	4946.00	4213.75	234.00	175.59
1992-93	6043.00	5336.03	474.00	463.43
1993-94	6875.00	6368.22	300.00	556.08
1994-95	7766.21	7714.65	390.00	385.22
1995-96	9025.18	8670.08	435.00	214.37
1996-97	10934.5	10062.23	435.00	244.8
1997-98	12111.35	12845.21	350.00	316.08
1998-99	17280.89	16493.34	310.00	229.6
1999-20	19017.39	18514.45	375.00	431.22
2000-01	19097.93	18202.03	375.00	431.22
2001-02	17474.94	15690.52	360.00	363.53
2002-03	17600.00	15292.8	375.00	428.96
2003-04	11089.00	10833.83	400.00	348.87
2004-05	11597.00	11830.88	470.00	583.16
2005-06	17312.00	15858.31	600.00	516.06
2006-07	19536.00	18406.38	600.00	512.69
2007-08	23100.00	17036.25	1035.64	910.49
2008-09	59400.00	59136.67	642.23	632.07
2009-10	66800.00	66456.45	508.39	495.34
2010-11	74200.00	73365.27	800.00	651.83
2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 2009-10	19536.00 23100.00 59400.00 66800.00	18406.38 17036.25 59136.67 66456.45	600.00 1035.64 642.23 508.39	512.69 910.49 632.07 495.34

2011-12	83410.04	83034.67	700.00	688.02
2012-13	91464.00	83871.71	1465.80	1464.56
2013-14	101352.00	95294.46	1500.00	1333.91
2014-15	110840.00	98297.83	1309.97	1209.02
2015-16	122013.51	105244.28	1300.00	1256.46.
2016-17	130988.00	117657.17	1300.00	1194.08
2017-18	143583.00	119312.03	1300.00	1304.68
2018-19	158697.00	131771.34	1300.00	1086.34
2019-20	178849.00	133613.42	1300.00	1335.39

7.6.3 Actual expenditure for 2019-20 and approved outlays for Annual Plan 2020-21 and proposed outlays for 2021-22 are also depicted below:-

Annual Plan 2019-20 Actual Expenditure

(Rs. in Crore)

	State Plan		SCA	
Sector	Outlay	Exp.	Outlay	Exp.
A. ECONOMIC SERVICES	897.64	677.62	9.00	8.26
B. SOCIAL SERVICES	865.37	645.91	4.00	5.10
C. GENERAL SERVICES	25.48	12.61	-	
TOTAL	1788.49	1336.14	13.00	13.36

Annual Plan 2020-21 Approved Outlay

(Rs. in Crore)

Sector	State Share	Central Share	SCA	Total SCSP
A. ECONOMIC SERVICES	966.36	78.64	9.94	1054.94
B. SOCIAL SERVICES	747.17	145.69	3.06	895.92
C. GENERAL SERVICES	39.14			39.14
TOTAL	1752.67	224.33	13.00	1990.00

7.6.4 As per the decision taken by the Govt., the funds received from the Govt. of India under all Centrally Sponsored Schemes & Special Central Assistance will now be a part of the Central Development Budget, hence the Proposed Outlay for Annual State & Central Development Budget 2021-22 under Scheduled Caste Development Programme are as under:-

Sector	State Development Budget	Central Development Budget
A. ECONOMIC SERVICES	1502.23	368.67
B. SOCIAL SERVICES	844.21	612.67
C. GENERAL SERVICES	22.48	0.01
TOTAL	2369.22	981.13

Annual State & Central Development Budget 2021-22 Proposed Outlay

Re	in	Crores)
INS.	111	CIULES)

7. Plan & Budget Formulation:

- (i) The State Planning Department earmarks 25.19% outlays of the total State Plan as outlay to the Nodal department for the formulation of the Scheduled Castes Development Programme. The total outlay is classified in two paras:-
- a) HOD outlay: This comprises of earmarked funds of various schemes and projects, which have tied funding and committed liability, which are conveyed by the Planning department.
- b) District Outlay: This comprises of the remaining non-earmarked and untied outlays, which will be further allocated to the districts as per the prescribed formula.
- (ii) The Directorate of SCs, OBCs & Minorities & the Specially Abled will further communicate the outlay given by the Planning department to all the concerned HODs/Districts.
- (iii) In case of HOD outlay, the budget estimates will be prepared by the concerned HOD keeping in view the earmarking of various sectors and committed liabilities issued by the department of planning and by maintaining clearly Major/Minor Head/Sub Head/SOE wise/Scheme wise provisions in respect of State Plan, SCA and CSS under Scheduled Caste Sub Plan and will submit the same to the Directorate of SCs, OBCs & Minority Affairs through Administrative department (AD) for budgeting.
- (iv) In case of District outlay, the District will prepare their Plans in consultation with the District level Officers under overall supervision and guidance of the Deputy Commissioners. The Plan so prepared by the District shall be approved by The District Level Monitoring and Review Committee before sending the same to the Directorate of SCs, OBCs & Minority Affairs. If a District does not prepare and forward it's Plan in time, then the Directorate of SCs, OBCs & Minority Affairs will keep Lump Sum provision as per District formula under Scheduled Caste Sub Plan. The Schemes under Capital Heads which are to be implemented in the Districts will also be proposed in the District Level

Monitoring and Review Committee provided that the cases of Capital works related to building works in different Department will be finalized in consultation with the concerned HOD taking into account the State Level priorities or as per the guidelines issued by SCs, OBCs & Minority Affairs Directorate from time to time. Provided further that a scheme shall not be sanctioned at the district level unless full commitment of funds can be made from the district resources over the period reasonably required for the completion of scheme.

- (v) After compilation of district level and HOD level Plans, The Directorate of SCs, OBCs & Minority Affairs will prepare the draft annual Scheduled Caste Sub Plan and convey the same to the planning department and to the Finance department in the shape of demand for grants and the same will be finalized by the Finance department in the light of allocation/earmarking made by the planning department.
- (vi) While submitting HOD outlay and district outlay, the concerned department shall reflect the list of works (Shelf of Schemes) under all Capital Heads in the APPENDICES TO SCHEDULE OF NEW EXPENDITURE (PLAN) VOL-III. However, all the departments shall give priority to those works which are near completion and the current practice of proposing and sanctioning token budget against schemes of large estimated cost will be discussed. Such a list of works will be supplied by SCs, OBCs & Minority Affairs Directorate after finalization.
- (vii) After the approval of budget by HP Legislative Assembly, the Directorate of SCs, OBCs Minorities and Specially Abled shall bring out a booklet containing the detail of HOD outlays and District Outlays (Department/District/Scheme wise under SCSP and the list of Work under various Capital Heads) as ready reference for the purpose of Implementation and Monitoring of the SCSP and convey the same to the concerned Departments

Of the total resources available under the Scheduled Caste Development Budget, 60% is allocated in proportion to the inter district distribution to the population of the Scheduled Castes, 10% is distributed in proportion to the number of villages with more the 40% concentration of Scheduled Caste population (2011 census data to be the bases for both these indicators) and 30% is distributed in proportion to the actual number of Scheduled Caste families in the districts according to the 2007 BPL survey as per the directions issued by the Planning Commission, Govt. of India. The three indicators comprises of all areas of Himachal Pradesh except the full districts of Kinnaur and Lahaul-Spiti and Tehsil of Pangi and Bharmour of Chamba district. The weightage for individual district is as under:-

Name of District	Composite weightage for the
	District
Bilaspur	6.10
Chamba (excluding Pangi & Bharmour)	7.54
Hamirpur	6.88
Kangra	18.63
Kullu	6.17
Mandi	16.51
Shimla	13.38
Sirmour	8.27
Solan	10.52
Una	6.00
Total	100.00

8. Implementation:

- In case of HOD outlay, the concerned HOD will further allocate budget to concerned field officers under intimation to all the Deputy Commissioners as well as to the Director, SCs, OBCs & Minority Affairs.
- In case of District Outlay, the Directorate of SCs, OBCs, Minorities & the Specially Abled will allocate budget to the districts as per the formula and concerned HOD will further make allocation to concerned DDOs in the district through E-Vitran.
- The powers to accord Administrative Approval & Expenditure Sanction in r/o Capital Works of District pool i.e. non-earmarked schemes, under Demand No. 32 Scheduled Castes Sub Plan amounting to Rs. 75.00 lakh shall now rest with the concerned Deputy Commissioner. The powers to accord Administrative Approval and Expenditure Sanction (AA/ES) above Rs. 75.00 lakh in respect of Capital Works shall rest with the concerned Departments as per delegation of powers made by the Finance Department/concerned department from time to time.

9. Re-appropriation/diversion:

7.9.1 The re-appropriation under Demand No. 32 (Earmarked/Non Earmarked will be allowed by the Department of SJ&E with a copy to the Planning and Finance Departments as per following:-

Director, ESOMSA	\triangleright	Up to Rs. 2.00 Crore
Secretary/Pr. Secretary /ACS (SJ&E)	\triangleright	Rs. 2.00 Crore to Rs. 5.00 Crore
Minister (SJ&E)		Above Rs. 5.00 Crore

- The Director, SCs, OBCs, Minority Affairs department will only allow reappropriation twice a year i.e. 1st at the Mid Term Review and the 2nd quarter for every financial year and 2nd by the end of January of the financial year.
- The Director, SCs, OBCs & Minority Affairs Department will allow only those reappropriation proposals, which are proposed by the HODs and the concerned Deputy Commissioners, so that no resources allocated under the objective formula will be allowed to be diverted to other districts.
- While making any re-appropriation, ESOMSA department will ensure that no amount is re-appropriated from an earmarked account. Additional requirement under Earmarked may also be met through appropriation from Non Earmarked Head of accounts under SCSP. The department may also ensure that no additional allocations are made in those Head of Accounts from where the amount has already been re-appropriated during a financial year.

10. Monitoring/Review:

- The District Level Monitoring & Review Committee will review the progress of Scheduled Caste Sub Plan after every quarter at the districts level.
- At the State level Director SCs/OBCs & Minority Affairs will review the progress of 1st and 4th quarter with the different departments concerned with SCSP. Hon'ble SJ&E Minister/Secretary-in-charge (SJ&E) to the Govt. of H.P. will review the progress of SCSP once in a year.
- At State Level, a task force headed by the Minister (SJ&E) with all the Administrative Secretaries (concerned with capital works) as its members and the Director, SCs, OBCs, Minorities and the Specially Abled as Member Secretary shall review the Capital Works under Scheduled Castes Sub Plan twice in a year; first after the end of 2nd quarter and second after the end of 4th quarter. (The Task force is constituted vide this department notification of even number dated 29-6-2019).
- The E-Sameeksha Software which was introduced in the year 2018-19 for the proper monitoring of Capital Works under Scheduled Castes Development Programme, the Departments concerned with Capital Works should ensure to upload detail of schemes in the E-Sameeksha software on regular basis.
- In order to ensure full utilization of funds under Scheduled Castes Development Programme during the year, the following norms of expenditure have been fixed:-

Quarter	Norms of Expenditure
First	20%
Second	25%
Third	30%
Fourth	25%

Conclusion:

The concept of Scheduled Castes Development Programme evolved during the year 1978-79 Plan is now a permanent feature. The Scheduled Castes are receiving due attention and their legitimate rights and share in plan funds and the benefits of economic development.

CHAPTER -8 Tribal Area Development Programme

1. INTRODUCTION

8.1.1. Himachal Pradesh has tribal population living in Scheduled Areas as well as in the other areas. Districts of Lahaul-Spiti and Kinnaur and the two sub-divisions of Chamba District viz. Pangi and Bharmour have been declared SCHEDULED AREAS under the Fifth Schedule to the Constitution. The Tribal areas are very remote and inaccessible having tough, mountainous terrain and inhospitable climatic conditions, thus involving high cost of infrastructural development and harsh living conditions. The entire population in the tribal belt is rural but the Headquarters of Integrated Tribal Development Project namely ReckongPeo (Kinnaur), Keylong (Lahaul), Kaza (Spiti), Killar(Pangi) and Bharmour(Bharmour) are taking shape of townships which have also been notified as Special Area Development Authority under the Town and Country Planning Act conferring on them quasi-urban status, without disturbing their rural character. A sizeable tribal population are also residing outside scheduled areas and they are largely concentrated in Chamba and Kangra Districts (mainly Gaddies) and also State borders in Chamba, Kangra, Una and Solan(Gujjars).

2. GEOGRAPHICAL AREA

8.2.1 The total area of Himachal Pradesh is 55673 square Kilometer out of which 23654 square kilometer is tribal area(scheduled) which constitute 42.49%.

3. SCHEDULED TRIBES

8.3.1 As per the Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Order, 1950 (C.O.22) notified on 06.09.1950 as contained in Part-V-Himachal Pradesh following communities have been declared as Scheduled Tribes in Himachal Pradesh:

- 1. Bhot, Bodh
- 2. Gaddi

[Excluding the territories specified in sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab re-organization Act, 1966 (31 of 1966) other that the Lahaul and Spiti district]

- 3. Gujjar [Excluding the territories specified in sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab re-organization Act, 1966 (31 of 1966)]
- 4. Jad, Lamba, Khampa
- 5. Kanaura, Kinnara
- 6. Lahaula
- 7. Pangwala
- 8. Swangla

As per the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Orders (Amendment Act,2002) the area restriction with respect to entry-2 and 3 above has been removed and hence Gaddis and Gujjars belonging to the areas of erstwhile Punjab merged with Himachal entries have been included inserting entry-9 and 10 as under :-

- 9. Beta, Beda
- 10. Demba, Gara, Zoba

4. POPULATION

8.4.1 The District-wise Tribal population according to 2011 Census in Himachal Pradesh including Gaddi-Gujjar of merged area is as under:

District	Total	Tribal	%age (Col. 3
	Population	Population	to Col.2)
	1	(2011 Census)	,
1.	2.	3	4
1. Chamba	5,19,080	1,35,500	26.10
2. Kangra	15,10,075	84,564	5.60
3. Kinnaur	84,121	48,746	57.95
4. Lahaul-Spiti	31,564	25,707	81.44
5. Solan	5,80,320	25,645	4.42
6. Kullu	4,37,903	16,822	3.84
7. Mandi	9,99,777	12,787	1.28
8. Bilaspur	3,81,956	10,693	2.80
9. Sirmour	5,29,855	11,262	2.13
10. Shimla	8,14,010	8,755	1.08
11. Una	5,21,173	8,601	1.65
12. Hamirpur	4,54,768	3,044	0.67
Total	68,64,602	3,92,126	5.71
Scheduled Tribes living	g outside Tribal	Areas	2,68,541

8.4.2 SCHEDULED AREAS:-

i) Population:

The total population of Himachal Pradesh as per 2011 census is 68.65 lakh out of which 1.74 lakh population lives in the scheduled areas which constitute 2.53% of the total population of the State. The I.T.D.P. wise population is as under:

Census	Kinnaur	Lahaul	Spiti	Pangi	Bharmour	Total
1991	71270	21703	9591	14960	33909	151433
2001	78334	22545	10679	17598	37246	166402
2011	84121	19107	12457	18868	39108	173661

(ii) Density of population as per 2011 census per square Kilometer in tribal area is 7 as compared to 123 in the State. The I.T.D.P.- wise density is as under:

Kinnaur	Lahaul	Spiti	Pangi	Bharmour	Total	H.P.
13	3	2	12	22	7	123

(iii) Literacy as per 2011 Census:

The I.T.D.P.-wise literacy rate is as under:

Item	Kinnaur	Lahaul	Spiti	Pangi	Bharmour	Total	H.P.
Total	80.00	74.97	79.76	71.02	73.85	77.10	82.80
Male	87.27	84.59	87.37	82.52	82.55	85.50	89.53
Female	70.96	64.50	70.74	59.57	64.67	67.41	75.93

8.4.3 Tribal Sub-Plan (Now Tribal Area Development Programme):

- The concept of Tribal Sub Plan (now Tribal Area Development Programme) was adopted in the beginning of the 5th Five Year Plan, i.e. 1974-75.
- As per State Planning Policy of the Government, 9% of the total State Plan outlays is earmarked for Tribal Sub-Plan (now Tribal Area Development Programme) every year.
- The State Planning Department communicates 9% ceiling of State Development Budget to the Tribal Development Department which intern allocates to Scheduled Areas and Non-scheduled Areas.

i) Scheduled Areas:

8.4.4 Funds to each ITDP viz. Kinnaur, Lahaul, Spiti, Pangi and Bharmour on the basis of pre-determined formula based on 20% area, 40% population and 40% relative backwardness of area which works out as under:

1.	Kinnaur	30%
2.	Lahaul	18%
3.	Spiti	16%
4.	Pangi	17%
5.	Bharmour	19%
	Total	100%

8.4.5 To facilitate scheduled tribes in the state, department also run five Tribal Bhawans viz. Dhalli, Bhunter, Chmaba, Sinhuta and Dharamshala where tribes are accommodated on concessional rates.

8.4.6 Each ITDP has its own priorities and allocates funds only to those schemes/works which are relevant to the area. On the basis of above allocations each ITDP prepares its own Plan in consultation with the concerned Project Advisory Committee the local MLA ITDP of the area headed by in Lahaul/Spiti/Pangi/Bharmour and by Deputy Commissioner in ITDP Kinnaur. The Tribal Development Budget prepared on the recommendation of Project Advisory Committee, is compiled by the Tribal Development Department at Head Quarter and is finally dovetailed in the main Tribal Development Budget in consultation with the concerned Heads of departments. The practice of planning process from top to bottom exercise has been reversed and the decentralized planning process from Integrated Tribal Development Projects as planning unit has been started. As such the formulation and implementation of Tribal Development Budget has been made need based, more practical and result oriented.

i) Dispersed Tribes{Other than Tribal Areas(OTA)}:

8.4.7 Till February, 1987 Tribal Sub-Plan (now Tribal Area Development Programe) strategy was applicable to the Scheduled Areas and Modified Area Development Approach. During the Seventh Five Year Plan, the Tribal Sub-Plan strategy was further extended to cover all Tribals living outside the Scheduled Area and MADA for beneficiary oriented programmes. The population of dispersed tribes including Gaddi and Gujjars according to 2011 Census is 2,68,541.The funds for benefits of these dispersed tribes are being separately earmarked by the Govt. of India out of Special Central Assistance.

ii) Modified Area Development Approach(MADA):

8.4.8 The ambit of Tribal Sub-Plan was widened in the 6^{th} Five Year Plan and Modified Area Development Approach (MADA) was adopted to cover smaller areas of tribal concentration having 10,000 populations of which 50% or more were Scheduled Tribes. The two pockets in Chamba and Bhatiyat Blocks of the District Chamba were identified in the State in 1981-82 and separate funds are being earmarked by the Govt. of India for these tribal pockets under Special Central Assistance.

5. BUDGETARY ARRANGEMENTS:

8.5.1 For budgetary provision, concept of single consolidated demand has been adopted in the State since 1981-82. Such an arrangement is very helpful in diverting funds from one scheme to another in the same major head and from one major head to another. Such a single demand also ensures non-divertibility of Tribal Development

Budget outside the Demand. This demand is prepared and controlled by the Tribal Development Department. For the year 2020-21 the outlay of Rs.71100.00 lakh including SCA, BADP and CSS has been allocated to the Tribal Sub-Plan (now Tribal Area Development Programme) under Plan Ceiling and Rs. 29722.00 lakh was allocated for CSS from Centre Plan outlay. The position in brief is as under:

	(Ks. 11	n lakh)
1.	State Plan	58787.90
2.	B.A.D.P. (State Share)	278.00
3.	S.C.A.	
(i)	Scheduled Areas(ITDPs)	1161.00
(ii)	Dispersed Tribes (residing in non-tribal areas)	597.55
(iii)	MADA (Chamba & Bhattiyat)	101.55
4.	C.S.S.	7674.00
	BADP(Centre Share)	2500.00
5.	Total : (Plan Ceiling)	71100.00
	CSS (from Central Share Plan)	29722.00
	Total	100822.00

8.5.2 For the year 2021-22, an outlay of Rs. 84649.00 lakh allocated by the Planning Department under State Development Budget and Rs. 38096.00 lakh for CSS under Central Development Budget which includes SCA to TSS, BADP, Grant under Article 275(I) of the Constitution schemes also. The details are as under:-

		(Rs.in lakh)
1.	State Development Budget	84649.00
	Total: State Development Budget	84649.00
2.	Central Development Budget	
i)	S.C.A. to TSS	1500.00
ii)	Grant under Article 275(I) of the Constitution	1500.00
iii)	B.A.D.P. (Centre Share 90%)	2500.00
iv)	C.S.S.	32596.00
	Total : Central Development Budget	38096.00
	Total	122745.00

6. SINGLE LINE ADMINISTRATION

8.6.1 Single-Line Administration is in operation in tribal areas since April, 1986 under the charge of an officer of the rank of Resident Commissioner/Deputy Commissioner/Additional Deputy Commissioner/Additional District Magistrate and all other offices situated there were merged with their office and he has been made Head of Department for every department located in the respective ITDPs. Single Line Administrators report to Commissioner Tribal Development Department.

7. MONITORING AND REVIEW:

Quarter	Norms of Expenditure			
	General Plan For TSP			
First	20%	20%		
Second	25%	40%		
Third	30%	25%		
Fourth	25%	15%		

8.7.1 In order to ensure full utilization of funds during the year, the following norms of expenditure have been fixed:

8.7.2 A stock of performance of the Tribal Sub-Plan(Tribal Area Development Programme) is taken quarterly at the ITDP level by the Project Advisory Committee headed by local MLA and by the Commissioner-cum-Pr. Secretary (Tribal Dev.) or his representative while on tour to these areas.

8. PROJECT ADVISORY COMMITTEE:

8.8.1 Project Advisory Committees have been constituted for each of the five Integrated Tribal Development Projects headed by the local MLA in ITDP Lahaul/Spiti/ Pangi/Bharmour and by Deputy Commissioner in ITDP Kinnaur of which Members of Parliament representing the area, two members of Zila Parishads, two members of Panchayat Samities and Two Gram Panchayat Pardhans nominated by the Chairman of respected ITDP from each development Block of concerned ITDP for period of two years, Members of T.A.Cs from the area are its non-official members. All Heads of Offices of Project including Officers of the State Government and Govt. undertakings in the area concerned with Tribal Sub-Plan(Tribal Area Development Programme) are its official members. The Project Officer ITDP is the Member Secretary of the Committee. The Committee looks after formulation as well as implementation and review of the sub-plan(Tribal Area Development Programme) at the Project level and also the dispensation under nucleus budget funds.

9. TRIBES ADVISORY COUNCIL

8.9.1 The Tribes Advisory Council under the Chairmanship of the Hon'ble Chief Minister has been constituted in the State since 1978 and so far it has held 47 meetings. Though it is an advisory body, yet its recommendations are given high consideration and are generally accepted or are dropped by the Council itself in view of departmental reply.

10. CREATION OF SUB-CADRE FOR REMOTE AND TRIBAL AREAS

8.10.1 One of the major constraints for effective implementation of various programmes/schemes and also accelerating the pace of development particularly in the tribal areas of the state have been large number of vacancies in the various departments. Due efforts have been made from time to time including special financial and administrative incentives, formulation of transfer policy for posting and transfer of employees in these areas but despite of all these efforts the situation has not improved. Keeping these impediments in view, the State Govt. has created a Difficult Area Sub-Cadre of all the posts/services of various departments. In order to ensure the filling up of all vacant post, special direct recruitment and DPC against the vacant State Cadre posts and the District Cadre post in the tribal areas are being made under Difficult Area Sub-Cadre scheme.

11. CLUSTER AND DISPERSED TRIBES

8.11.1 After removing the geographical restrictions for Gaddi and Gujjar communities in 2003, the population of tribals in non-tribal areas has almost doubled. In order to identify the infrastructural gaps and to prepare micro plans at the habitation level, we have identified villages having tribal concentration so that a realistic development plan could be prepared.

8.11.2 According to 2011 Census there are 519 such villages having more than 40% tribal population and 405 are those where scheduled tribe population is more than 100 persons but concentration is less than 40% of total population in Non-Schedule Areas. The district-wise details of such villages are as under:

Name of District	Number of Villages having more than 40% tribal population	Number of Villages having ST population more than 100 persons but concentration less than 40% of total population
BILASPUR	30	18
СНАМВА	192	110
HAMIRPUR	10	2
KANGRA	176	132
KULLU	5	37
MANDI	26	25
SHIMLA	14	8

SIRMOUR	12	17
SOLAN	43	45
UNA	11	11
TOTAL	519	405

8.11.3 Special Central Assistance

For accelerating the pace of economic development and to bridge the gap between the tribal and non-tribal areas as early as possible the Special Central Assistance to Tribal Sub-Plan(now Tribal Area Development Programme) has been extended by; the Union Ministry of Home now Union Ministry of Tribal Affairs to the Govt. of India since 1977-78 as an additive to State Plan efforts of Tribal Development and thus constitutes part of the overall strategy of the tribal sub-plan(Tribal Area Development Programme). The Scheme 'SCA to TSS' is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme wherein 100% Grant from GoI is given to States. As per instruction of Govt. of India, proposal for grants under Special Central Assistance to Tribal Sub-Scheme may include activities of sectors namely Education, Health, Drinking Water, Electrification, last mile road and communication, Financial inclusion, Agriculture, Horticulture, Animal Husbandry (AH), Fisheries, Dairy & others in Primary Sector, income generating schemes to augment Tribal household economy etc.

8.11.4 Institutional arrangements:

There is Project Advisory Committee and Tribes Advisory Council constituted for Tribals living in Scheduled areas. For the tribal population living outside Scheduled Areas largely Gaddis and Gujjars, Gaddi Welfare Board and Gujjar Welfare Board headed by Chief Minister are in place and effective.

Annexure 'A'

HEAD OF DEVELOPMENT WISE PROPOSED OUTLAY FOR ANNUAL DEVELOPMENT BUDGET 2021-22

(Rs. in (Sr./Se c/Maj/ Smj/ Min/S m	Major Head/Minor Head of Development	GDP (Genera l Plan)	SCDP (Schedu led Caste Sub- Plan)	TADP (Tribal Sub- Plan)	BADP (BASP)	Proposed Outlay (2021-22)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Α	ECONOMIC SERVI CES	4875.24	1871.20	751.54	45.65	7543.63
1.	AGRICULTUREANDALLIED ACTIVITIES	713.30	294.54	111.71	6.60	1126.15
	CROP HUSBANDARY	332.14	134.87	57.18	4.70	528.89
01	Agriculture	156.73	59.31	19.49	0.55	236.08
02	Horticulture	175.41	75.56	37.69	4.15	292.81
	SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION	91.28	45.00	16.44	0.50	153.22
01	Agriculture	79.39	33.00	10.94	0.50	123.83
02	Forest	11.89	12.00	5.50	0.00	29.39
	ANIMAL HUSBANDRY	26.34	11.53	5.87	0.50	44.24
01	Animal Husbandry	26.34	11.53	5.87	0.50	44.24
	DAIRY DEVELOPMENT	19.74	7.56	2.71	0.00	30.01
01	Dairy Development	19.74	7.56	2.71	0.00	30.01
	FISHERIES	11.30	5.82	1.65	0.00	18.77
01	Fisheries	11.30	5.82	1.65	0.00	18.77
	FORESTRY AND WILD LIFE	217.03	84.91	26.10	0.90	328.94
01	Forestry	195.49	74.91	20.91	0.90	292.21
02	Wild Life	21.54	10.00	5.19	0.00	36.73
	AGRICULTURE RESEARCH & EDUCATION	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Agriculture	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

02	Horticulture	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
03	Animal Husbandry	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
04	Forests	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
05	Fisheries	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	MARKETING AND QUALITY CONTROL	14.14	4.15	1.48	0.00	19.77
01	Agriculture	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	Horticulture	14.14	4.15	1.48	0.00	19.77
	CO-OPERATION	1.33	0.70	0.28	0.00	2.31
01	Co-operation	1.33	0.70	0.28	0.00	2.31
2	RURAL DEVELOPMENT	432.90	169.85	71.82	0.00	674.57
	SPECIAL PROG. FOR RURAL DEV.	15.01	5.75	2.05	0.00	22.81
01	DRDA'S Staff Expenditure	4.60	1.76	0.63	0.00	6.99
02	Pradhan Mantri Awass Yojana (Rural)	10.41	3.99	1.42	0.00	15.82
	RURAL EMPLOYMENT	365.22	143.64	61.32	0.00	570.18
01	NationalRuralLivelihoodMission (NRLM)	19.74	7.56	2.70	0.00	30.00
02	DDU-GKY	50.58	19.35	6.91	0.00	76.84
03	MGNREGA	259.82	103.28	46.90	0.00	410.00
04	National R-URBAN Mission	18.62	7.13	2.55	0.00	28.30
05	PMKSY	16.44	6.30	2.26	0.00	25.00
06	National Bamboo Mission	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.04
	OTHERS	13.62	5.22	1.86	0.00	20.70
01	OTHERS	13.62	5.22	1.86	0.00	20.70
	LAND RECORDS	14.68	5.24	1.87	0.00	21.79
01	Cadastral Survey & Record of Rights	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	Consolidation of Holdings	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
03	Strengthening of Land Records Agency	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
04	Revenue Housing	13.68	5.24	1.87	0.00	20.79

05	Forest Settlement	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	10.23	4.58	2.79	0.00	17.60
01	Community Development	10.23	4.58	2.79	0.00	17.60
	PANCHAYATS	14.14	5.42	1.93	0.00	21.49
01	Panchayats	14.14	5.42	1.93	0.00	21.49
3	SPECIAL AREA PROGRAMME	0.00	0.00	27.78	0.00	27.78
	SPECIAL AREA PROGRAMME	0.00	0.00	27.78	0.00	27.78
01	Border Area Dev. Programme	0.00	0.00	27.78	0.00	27.78
4	IRRIGATION AND FLOOD CONTROL	276.51	113.81	45.30	0.50	436.12
	MAJOR AND MEDIUM IRRIGATION	10.14	5.14	0.00	0.00	15.28
01	Major & Medium Irrigation	10.14	5.14	0.00	0.00	15.28
	MINOR IRRIGATION	203.53	79.66	31.55	0.50	315.24
01	Minor Irrigation	203.53	79.66	31.55	0.50	315.24
	COMMAND AREA DEVELOPMENT	53.74	25.02	4.40	0.00	83.16
01	Command Area Development	53.74	25.02	4.40	0.00	83.16
	FLOOD CONTROL	9.10	3.99	9.35	0.00	22.44
01	Flood Control	9.10	3.99	9.35	0.00	22.44
5	ENERGY	528.31	224.38	153.38	0.00	906.07
	POWER	524.17	217.88	146.98	0.00	889.03
01	Generation (Power Corporation)	42.57	22.42	24.01	0.00	89.00
02	Transmission (HPPTC Ltd.)	189.81	78.64	61.58	0.00	330.03
03	HPSEB Ltd.	291.79	116.82	61.39	0.00	470.00
	NON-CON. SOURCES OF ENERGY	4.14	6.50	6.40	0.00	17.04
02	Dev. of New & Renewable Sources	4.14	6.50	6.40	0.00	17.04
6	INDUSTRY AND MINERALS	119.14	47.34	10.29	0.55	177.32
	VILLAGE AND SMALL INDUSTRIES	110.91	44.57	10.29	0.55	166.32
01	Village & Small Industries	110.91	44.57	10.29	0.55	166.32

	LARGE AND MEDIUM INDUSTRIES	8.23	2.77	0.00	0.00	11.00
01	Large & Medium Industries	8.23	2.77	0.00	0.00	11.00
	MINERAL DEVELOPMENT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Mineral Development	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
7	TRANSPORT	2141.05	909.68	287.83	38.00	3376.56
	CIVIL AVIATION	545.49	280.61	82.20	0.00	908.30
01	Civil Aviation	545.49	280.61	82.20	0.00	908.30
	ROADS AND BRIDGES	1281.85	501.08	167.99	38.00	1988.92
01	Roads & Bridges	1281.85	501.08	167.99	38.00	1988.92
	ROAD TRANSPORT	283.71	107.99	37.64	0.00	429.34
01	Road Transport	283.71	107.99	37.64	0.00	429.34
	INLAND WATER TRANSPORT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Inland Water Transport	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	OTHER TRANSPORT SERVICES	30.00	20.00	0.00	0.00	50.00
01	Ropeways & Cableways	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	Rail Transport	30.00	20.00	0.00	0.00	50.00
8	SCIENCE -TECH./BIO- TECH. & ENVIRN.	30.48	15.00	0.00	0.00	45.48
	SCIENTIFIC RESE. INCL.SCIENCE & TECH.	15.08	1.00	0.00	0.00	16.08
01	Scientific Research Incl. Science & Technology (Council)	8.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.17
02	Scientific Research & Science Tech. Department	6.91	1.00	0.00	0.00	7.91
	ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT	2.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.40
01	Ecology & Environment	2.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.40
	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	13.00	14.00	0.00	0.00	27.00
01	Information Technology	13.00	14.00	0.00	0.00	27.00
9	GENERAL ECONOMIC SERVICES	633.55	96.60	43.43	0.00	773.58
01	State Planning Machinery	15.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.50
02	GAD	3.29	1.26	0.45	0.00	5.00

03	Excise & Taxation	5.00	3.00	0.00	0.00	8.00
	TREASURY & ACCOUNTS	23.69	9.07	3.24	0.00	36.00
01	Treasury & Accounts	23.69	9.07	3.24	0.00	36.00
	TOURISM	34.88	21.61	10.20	0.00	66.69
01	Tourism	34.88	21.61	10.20	0.00	66.69
	CIVIL SUPPLIES	162.77	61.66	22.04	0.00	246.47
01	Civil Supplies	162.77	61.66	22.04	0.00	246.47
	WEIGHTS AND MEASURES	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07
01	Weights & Measures	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07
	OTHER ECONOMIC SERVICES	388.35	0.00	7.50	0.00	395.85
01	District Planning / VMJS / VKVNY / LDP	388.35	0.00	7.50	0.00	395.85
B	SOCIAL SERVICES	3582.38	1456.66	416.69	47.35	5503.08
10	EDUCATION, SPORTS, ARTS & CULTURE	906.51	380.21	129.37	23.70	1439.79
	ELEMENTARY EDUCATION	436.33	165.43	55.96	16.20	673.92
01	Elementary Education	436.33	165.43	55.96	16.20	673.92
	GENERAL AND UNIVERSITY EDUCATION	326.88	159.75	55.67	7.50	549.80
01	Secondary Education	252.40	100.02	36.07	7.50	395.99
02	University & Higher Education	74.48	59.73	19.60	0.00	153.81
	TECHNICAL EDUCATION	124.43	45.12	13.55	0.00	183.10
01	Technical Education	100.22	36.52	11.79	0.00	148.53
02	Craftsmen & Vocational Training	24.21	8.60	1.76	0.00	34.57
	ARTS AND CULTURE	2.51	3.01	2.91	0.00	8.43
01	Art & Culture	2.51	3.01	2.91	0.00	8.43
	YOUTH AND SPORTS SERVICES	16.36	6.90	1.28	0.00	24.54
01	Youth & Sports Services	16.36	6.90	1.28	0.00	24.54
	OTHER SPORTS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Mountaineering & Allied Sports	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

11	HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE	612.60	241.52	93.47	8.80	956.39
	ALLOPATHY	554.18	215.77	82.67	8.00	860.62
01	Allopathy (Medical & Public Health)	554.18	215.77	82.67	8.00	860.62
	AYUSH & OTHER SYSTEMS OF MED.	9.09	7.14	4.27	0.80	21.30
01	Ayush & other Systems of Medicine	9.09	7.14	4.27	0.80	21.30
	MEDICAL EDUCATION	49.33	18.61	6.53	0.00	74.47
01	Indira Gandhi Medical College, Shimla	18.53	7.06	2.53	0.00	28.12
02	Dental College, Shimla	0.37	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.50
03	DR.R.P.Medical College, Tanda (Kangra)	11.95	4.54	1.63	0.00	18.12
04	Medical College, Chamba	6.70	2.52	0.90	0.00	10.12
05	Medical College, Nahan(Sirmour)	6.70	2.52	0.90	0.00	10.12
06	Medical College, Hamirpur	2.75	1.01	0.36	0.00	4.12
07	Medical College, Ner Chowk (Mandi)	1.58	0.58	0.21	0.00	2.37
08	Medical University	0.75	0.25	0.00	0.00	1.00
12	W.S.SANITATION, HOUSING, URBAN DEV.	911.82	396.86	108.91	14.85	1432.44
	WATER SUPPLY	478.71	234.72	81.00	14.85	809.28
01	Urban Water Supply	33.66	11.34	0.00	0.00	45.00
02	Rural Water Supply	445.05	223.38	81.00	14.85	764.28
	SEWERAGE AND SANITATION	149.65	50.37	2.65	0.00	202.67
01	Sewerage Services	149.65	50.37	2.65	0.00	202.67
00	HOUSING	90.21	48.24	22.51	0.00	160.96
	POOLEDGOVERNMENTHOUSING	18.98	24.02	14.75	0.00	57.75
01	Pooled Government Housing	18.98	24.02	14.75	0.00	57.75
	RURAL HOUSING	13.78	5.27	1.88	0.00	20.93
01	Mukhya Mantri Awas Yojna	13.78	5.27	1.88	0.00	20.93
	POLICE DEPARTMENT	51.45	18.95	5.88	0.00	76.28

01	Police Department	42.95	16.45	5.88	0.00	65.28
02	State Forensic Science Lab. Junga	8.50	2.50	0.00	0.00	11.00
	HOUSING LOANS TO GOVT. EMPLOYEES	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.00
01	Housing Loan to Govt. Employees	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.00
	URBAN DEVELOPMENT	193.25	63.53	2.75	0.00	259.53
01	Town & Country Planning	2.27	0.00	2.30	0.00	4.57
02	Urban Development	190.98	63.53	0.45	0.00	254.96
03	Sewerage	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
13	INFORMATION AND PUBLICITY	0.31	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.61
	INFORMATION AND PUBLICITY	0.31	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.61
01	Information & Publicity	0.31	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.61
14	WELFARE OF SC'S/OBC'S & MINORITY AFFAIRS	703.65	269.81	29.79	0.00	1003.25
	WELFARE OF BACKWARD CLASSES	6.87	38.11	4.55	0.00	49.53
01	Welfare of Backward Classes	6.87	38.11	4.55	0.00	49.53
	EQUITY CONT. FOR WELFARE CORPN.	9.65	4.01	0.51	0.00	14.17
01	Equity Contribution to Welfare Corpn/ Minority Affairs	9.65	4.01	0.51	0.00	14.17
	Social Welfare	687.13	227.69	24.73	0.00	939.55
01	Social Welfare	687.13	227.69	24.73	0.00	939.55
15	LABOUR WELFARE	73.40	28.15	9.81	0.00	111.36
	LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT	73.40	28.15	9.81	0.00	111.36
01	Labour & Employment	73.40	28.15	9.81	0.00	111.36
16	WOMEN & CHILD DEVELOPMENT	274.00	120.81	45.24	0.00	550.24
	INCL.NUTRITION CHILD WELFARE	374.09	139.81	45.34	0.00	559.24
01	Child Welfare	287.78 287.78	106.98 106.98	33.48 33.48	0.00	428.24
-	WOMEN WELFARE	34.32	12.93	4.75	0.00	52.00
01	Women Welfare	33.33	12.55	4.62	0.00	50.50

02	WomenDevelopmentCorporation	0.99	0.38	0.13	0.00	1.50
03	Other Voluntary Organisations	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	SPECIAL NUTRITION PROGRAMME	51.99	19.90	7.11	0.00	79.00
01	S.N.P.	51.99	19.90	7.11	0.00	79.00
С	GENERAL SERVICE S	46.03	22.49	59.22	0.00	127.74
17	ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES	46.03	22.49	59.22	0.00	127.74
	POOLEDNON-RESIDENTIALGOVT.BLDS.	19.04	10.00	5.02	0.00	34.06
01	Pooled Non -Residential Government Buildings	19.04	10.00	5.02	0.00	34.06
	OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES	26.99	12.49	54.20	0.00	93.68
01	Himachal Institute of Public Administration (HIPA)	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.19
02	Tribal Development Machinery	0.00	0.00	52.82	0.00	52.82
03	Development /Welfare of Ex- Servicemen	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.65
04	Upgradation of Judicial Infrastructure	4.17	1.69	0.04	0.00	5.90
(i)	Judiciary	0.79	0.57	0.04	0.00	1.40
(ii)	Prosecution	3.38	1.12	0.00	0.00	4.50
05	Prisons	8.00	3.00	1.00	0.00	12.00
06	Fire Services	4.99	5.00	0.01	0.00	10.00
07	Home Guard	4.50	1.50	0.00	0.00	6.00
08	Vigilance	2.44	0.93	0.33	0.00	3.70
09	State election	0.75	0.25	0.00	0.00	1.00
10	Printing & Stationary	0.30	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.42
	TOTAL - ALL SECTORS (A+B+C)	8503.65	3350.35	1227.45	93.00	13174.45

Annexure-'B	8'
-------------	----

Sr./Sec/ Maj/S mj/Min /Sm	Major Head/Minor Head of Development	GDP (General Plan)	SCDP (Schedule d Caste Sub-Plan)	TADP (Tribal Sub- Plan)	BADP (BAS P)	Propose d Outlay (2021- 22)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
A	ECONOMIC SERVICE S	3941.32	1502.53	597.51	45.65	6087.01
1.	AGRICULTURE AND ALLIED ACTIVITIES	588.11	241.43	93.17	6.60	929.31
	CROP HUSBANDARY	255.01	101.95	46.75	4.70	408.41
01	Agriculture	106.62	37.66	12.73	0.55	157.56
02	Horticulture	148.39	64.29	34.02	4.15	250.85
	SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION	81.98	39.64	15.17	0.50	137.29
01	Agriculture	70.09	27.64	9.67	0.50	107.90
02	Forest	11.89	12.00	5.50	0.00	29.39
	ANIMAL HUSBANDRY	13.78	6.32	5.11	0.50	25.71
01	Animal Husbandry	13.78	6.32	5.11	0.50	25.71
	DAIRY DEVELOPMENT	19.74	7.56	2.71	0.00	30.01
01	Dairy Development	19.74	7.56	2.71	0.00	30.01
	FISHERIES	4.71	3.29	0.72	0.00	8.72
01	Fisheries	4.71	3.29	0.72	0.00	8.72
	FORESTRY AND WILD LIFE	197.46	78.18	20.95	0.90	297.49
01	Forestry	177.92	68.18	18.51	0.90	265.51
02	Wild Life	19.54	10.00	2.44	0.00	31.98
	AGRICULTURE RESEARCH & EDUCATION	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Agriculture	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	Horticulture	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

03	Animal Husbandry	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
04	Forests	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
05	Fisheries	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	MARKETING AND QUALITY CONTROL	14.14	4.15	1.48	0.00	19.77
01	Agriculture	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	Horticulture	14.14	4.15	1.48	0.00	19.77
	CO-OPERATION	1.29	0.34	0.28	0.00	1.91
01	Co-operation	1.29	0.34	0.28	0.00	1.91
2	RURAL DEVELOPMENT	135.24	56.29	31.24	0.00	222.77
	SPECIAL PROG. FOR RURAL DEV.	3.92	1.50	0.54	0.00	5.96
01	DRDA'S Staff Expenditure	0.63	0.24	0.09	0.00	0.96
02	Pradhan Mantri Awass Yojana (Rural)	3.29	1.26	0.45	0.00	5.00
	RURAL EMPLOYMENT	93.44	39.61	24.15	0.00	157.20
01	National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM)	1.97	0.76	0.27	0.00	3.00
02	DDU-GKY	5.06	1.93	0.69	0.00	7.68
03	MGNREGA	82.13	35.27	22.60	0.00	140.00
04	National R-URBAN Mission	2.63	1.01	0.36	0.00	4.00
05	PMKSY	1.64	0.63	0.23	0.00	2.50
06	National Bamboo Mission	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.02
	OTHERS	13.62	5.22	1.86	0.00	20.70
01	OTHERS	13.62	5.22	1.86	0.00	20.70
	LAND RECORDS	13.68	5.24	1.87	0.00	20.79
01	Cadastral Survey & Record of Rights	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	Consolidation of Holdings	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
03	Strengthening of Land Records Agency	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
04	Revenue Housing	13.68	5.24	1.87	0.00	20.79
05	Forest Settlement	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	9.16	4.17	2.63	0.00	15.96
01	Community Development	9.16	4.17	2.63	0.00	15.96
	PANCHAYATS	1.42	0.55	0.19	0.00	2.16
01	Panchayats	1.42	0.55	0.19	0.00	2.16
3	SPECIAL AREA PROGRAMME	0.00	0.00	2.78	0.00	2.78
	SPECIAL AREA PROGRAMME	0.00	0.00	2.78	0.00	2.78
01	Border Area Dev. Programme	0.00	0.00	2.78	0.00	2.78
4	IRRIGATION AND FLOOD CONTROL	195.80	82.80	34.28	0.50	313.38
	MAJOR AND MEDIUM IRRIGATION	10.07	5.07	0.00	0.00	15.14
01	Major & Medium Irrigation	10.07	5.07	0.00	0.00	15.14
	MINOR IRRIGATION	123.01	48.84	20.54	0.50	192.89
01	Minor Irrigation	123.01	48.84	20.54	0.50	192.89
	COMMANDAREADEVELOPMENT	53.73	25.01	4.39	0.00	83.13
01	Command Area Development	53.73	25.01	4.39	0.00	83.13
	FLOOD CONTROL	8.99	3.88	9.35	0.00	22.22
01	Flood Control	8.99	3.88	9.35	0.00	22.22
5	ENERGY	528.31	221.88	153.38	0.00	903.57
	POWER	524.17	217.88	146.98	0.00	889.03
01	Generation (Power Corporation)	42.57	22.42	24.01	0.00	89.00
02	Transmission (HPPTC Ltd.)	189.81	78.64	61.58	0.00	330.03
03	HPSEB Ltd.	291.79	116.82	61.39	0.00	470.00
	NON-CON. SOURCES OF ENERGY	4.14	4.00	6.40	0.00	14.54
02	Dev. of New & Renewable Sources	4.14	4.00	6.40	0.00	14.54
6	INDUSTRY AND MINERALS	116.74	44.86	9.95	0.55	172.10
	VILLAGE AND SMALL INDUSTRIES	108.51	42.09	9.95	0.55	161.10
01	Village & Small Industries	108.51	42.09	9.95	0.55	161.10
	LARGE AND MEDIUM INDUSTRIES	8.23	2.77	0.00	0.00	11.00

01	Large & Medium Industries	8.23	2.77	0.00	0.00	11.00
	MINERAL DEVELOPMENT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Mineral Development	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
7	TRANSPORT	1713.28	743.73	229.31	38.00	2724.32
	CIVIL AVIATION	545.49	280.61	82.20	0.00	908.30
01	Civil Aviation	545.49	280.61	82.20	0.00	908.30
	ROADS AND BRIDGES	854.09	335.14	109.49	38.00	1336.72
01	Roads & Bridges	854.09	335.14	109.49	38.00	1336.72
	ROAD TRANSPORT	283.70	107.98	37.62	0.00	429.30
01	Road Transport	283.70	107.98	37.62	0.00	429.30
	INLAND WATER TRANSPORT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Inland Water Transport	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	OTHER TRANSPORT SERVICES	30.00	20.00	0.00	0.00	50.00
01	Ropeways & Cableways	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	Rail Transport	30.00	20.00	0.00	0.00	50.00
8	SCIENCE -TECH./BIO-TECH. & ENVIRN.	30.48	15.00	0.00	0.00	45.48
	SCIENTIFIC RESE. INCL.SCIENCE & TECH.	15.08	1.00	0.00	0.00	16.08
01	Scientific Research Incl. Science & Technology (Council)	8.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.17
02	Scientific Research & Science Tech. Department	6.91	1.00	0.00	0.00	7.91
	ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT	2.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.40
01	Ecology & Environment	2.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.40
	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	13.00	14.00	0.00	0.00	27.00
01	Information Technology	13.00	14.00	0.00	0.00	27.00
9	GENERAL ECONOMIC SERVICES	633.36	96.54	43.40	0.00	773.30
	SECRETARIAT ECONOMIC SERVICES	23.79	4.26	0.45	0.00	28.50
01	State Planning Machinery	15.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.50
02	GAD	3.29	1.26	0.45	0.00	5.00

03	Excise & Taxation	5.00	3.00	0.00	0.00	8.00
	TREASURY & ACCOUNTS	23.69	9.07	3.24	0.00	36.00
01	Treasury & Accounts	23.69	9.07	3.24	0.00	36.00
	TOURISM	34.86	21.61	10.20	0.00	66.67
01	Tourism	34.86	21.61	10.20	0.00	66.67
	CIVIL SUPPLIES	162.60	61.60	22.01	0.00	246.21
01	Civil Supplies	162.60	61.60	22.01	0.00	246.21
	WEIGHTS AND MEASURES	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07
01	Weights & Measures	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07
	OTHER ECONOMIC SERVICES	388.35	0.00	7.50	0.00	395.85
01	District Planning / VMJS / VKVNY / LDP	388.35	0.00	7.50	0.00	395.85
В	SOCIAL SERVICES	2110.47	844.21	219.46	47.35	3221.49
10	EDUCATION, SPORTS, ARTS & CULTURE	434.03	162.74	52.69	23.70	673.16
	ELEMENTARY EDUCATION	110.14	39.97	11.35	16.20	177.66
01	Elementary Education	110.14	39.97	11.35	16.20	177.66
	GENERAL AND UNIVERSITY EDUCATION	181.10	67.74	23.65	7.50	279.99
01	Secondary Education	124.06	47.05	17.90	7.50	196.51
02	University & Higher Education	57.04	20.69	5.75	0.00	83.48
	TECHNICAL EDUCATION	124.23	45.12	13.53	0.00	182.88
01	Technical Education	100.06	36.52	11.79	0.00	148.37
02	Craftsmen & Vocational Training	24.17	8.60	1.74	0.00	34.51
	ARTS AND CULTURE	2.21	3.01	2.91	0.00	8.13
01	Art & Culture	2.21	3.01	2.91	0.00	8.13
	YOUTH AND SPORTS SERVICES	16.35	6.90	1.25	0.00	24.50
01	Youth & Sports Services	16.35	6.90	1.25	0.00	24.50
	OTHER SPORTS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Mountaineering & Allied Sports	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
11	HEALTH AND FAMILY	267.74	104.45	45.56	8.80	426.55

	WELFARE					
	ALLOPATHY	214.65	80.66	35.48	8.00	338.79
01	Allopathy (Medical & Public Health)	214.65	80.66	35.48	8.00	338.79
	AYUSH & OTHER SYSTEMS OF MED.	4.06	5.21	3.58	0.80	13.65
01	Ayush & other Systems of Medicine	4.06	5.21	3.58	0.80	13.65
	MEDICAL EDUCATION	49.03	18.58	6.50	0.00	74.11
01	Indira Gandhi Medical College, Shimla	18.49	7.05	2.52	0.00	28.06
02	Dental College, Shimla	0.37	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.50
03	DR.R.P.Medical College, Tanda (Kangra)	11.91	4.53	1.62	0.00	18.06
04	Medical College, Chamba	6.64	2.52	0.90	0.00	10.06
05	Medical College, Nahan(Sirmour)	6.64	2.52	0.90	0.00	10.06
06	Medical College, Hamirpur	2.69	1.01	0.36	0.00	4.06
07	Medical College, Ner Chowk (Mandi)	1.54	0.57	0.20	0.00	2.31
08	Medical University	0.75	0.25	0.00	0.00	1.00
12	W.S.SANITATION, HOUSING, URBAN DEV.	552.21	263.84	71.16	14.85	902.06
	WATER SUPPLY	215.47	133.96	45.00	14.85	409.28
01	Urban Water Supply	33.66	11.34	0.00	0.00	45.00
02	Rural Water Supply	181.81	122.62	45.00	14.85	364.28
	SEWERAGE AND SANITATION	149.65	50.37	2.65	0.00	202.67
01	Sewerage Services	149.65	50.37	2.65	0.00	202.67
00	HOUSING	80.38	44.47	21.16	0.00	146.01
	POOLED GOVERNMENT					
01	HOUSING Pooled Government Housing	18.98 18.98	24.02	14.75 14.75	0.00	57.75
	RURAL HOUSING					57.75
01	Mukhya Mantri Awas Yojna	13.78 13.78	5.27 5.27	1.88	0.00	20.93
UI						20.93
0.1	POLICE DEPARTMENT	41.62	15.18	4.53	0.00	61.33
01	Police Department	33.12	12.68	4.53	0.00	50.33

02	State Forensic Science Lab. Junga	8.50	2.50	0.00	0.00	11.00
	HOUSING LOANS TO GOVT. EMPLOYEES	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.00
01	Housing Loan to Govt. Employees	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.00
	URBAN DEVELOPMENT	106.71	35.04	2.35	0.00	144.10
01	Town & Country Planning	2.27	0.00	2.30	0.00	4.57
02	Urban Development	104.44	35.04	0.05	0.00	139.53
03	Sewerage	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
13	INFORMATION AND PUBLICITY	0.31	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.61
	INFORMATION AND PUBLICITY	0.31	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.61
01	Information & Publicity	0.31	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.61
14	WELFARE OF SC'S/OBC'S & MINORITY AFFAIRS	655.01	238.95	28.50	0.00	922.46
	WELFARE OF BACKWARD CLASSES	6.87	21.95	4.50	0.00	33.32
01	Welfare of Backward Classes	6.87	21.95	4.50	0.00	33.32
	EQUITYCONT.FORWELFARE CORPN.	3.16	2.00	0.49	0.00	5.65
01	Equity Contribution to Welfare Corpn/ Minority Affairs	3.16	2.00	0.49	0.00	5.65
	Social Welfare	644.98	215.00	23.51	0.00	883.49
01	Social Welfare	644.98	215.00	23.51	0.00	883.49
15	LABOUR WELFARE	73.40	28.15	9.81	0.00	111.36
	LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT	73.40	28.15	9.81	0.00	111.36
01	Labour & Employment	73.40	28.15	9.81	0.00	111.36
16	WOMEN & CHILD DEVELOPMENT INCL.NUTRITION	127.77	45.78	11.74	0.00	185.29
	CHILD WELFARE	105.15	37.07	8.50	0.00	150.72
01	Child Welfare	105.15	37.07	8.50	0.00	150.72
	WOMEN WELFARE	17.42	6.72	2.53	0.00	26.67
01	Women Welfare	16.43	6.34	2.33	0.00	25.17
02	Women Development Corporation	0.99	0.38	0.13	0.00	1.50

03	Other Voluntary Organisations	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	SPECIALNUTRITIONPROGRAMME	5.20	1.99	0.71	0.00	7.90
01	S.N.P.	5.20	1.99	0.71	0.00	7.90
С	GENERAL SERVICES	44.91	22.48	29.52	0.00	96.91
17	ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES	44.91	22.48	29.52	0.00	96.91
	POOLED NON-RESIDENTIAL GOVT. BLDS.	19.04	10.00	5.00	0.00	34.04
01	PooledNon-ResidentialGovernment Buildings	19.04	10.00	5.00	0.00	34.04
	OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES	25.87	12.48	24.52	0.00	62.87
01	Himachal Institute of Public Administration (HIPA)	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08
02	Tribal Development Machinery	0.00	0.00	23.15	0.00	23.15
03	Development /Welfare of Ex- Servicemen	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.65
04	Upgradation of Judicial Infrastructure	4.16	1.68	0.03	0.00	5.87
(i)	Judiciary	0.78	0.56	0.03	0.00	1.37
(ii)	Prosecution	3.38	1.12	0.00	0.00	4.50
07	Home Guard	4.50	1.50	0.00	0.00	6.00
08	Vigilance	2.44	0.93	0.33	0.00	3.70
09	State election	0.75	0.25	0.00	0.00	1.00
10	Printing & Stationary	0.30	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.42
	TOTAL - ALL SECTORS (A+B+C)	6096.70	2369.22	846.49	93.00	0.42 9405.41

Annexure-'C' HEAD OF DEVELOPMENT WISE PROPOSED OUTLAY FOR ANNUAL CENTRAL **DEVELOPMENT BUDGET 2021-22**

Rs. In Cr Sr./Sec/ Maj/Sm j/Min/S m	Major Head/Minor Head of Development	GDP (Genera l Plan)	SCDP (Schedul ed Caste Sub- Plan)	TADP (Tribal Sub- Plan)	BADP (BAS P)	Proposed Outlay (2021-22)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Α	ECONOMIC SERVIC ES	933.92	368.67	154.03	0.00	1456.62
1.	AGRICULTURE AND ALLIED ACTIVITIES	125.19	53.11	18.54	0.00	196.84
	CROP HUSBANDARY	77.13	32.92	10.43	0.00	120.48
01	Agriculture	50.11	21.65	6.76	0.00	78.52
02	Horticulture	27.02	11.27	3.67	0.00	41.96
	SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION	9.30	5.36	1.27	0.00	15.93
01	Agriculture	9.30	5.36	1.27	0.00	15.93
02	Forest	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	ANIMAL HUSBANDRY	12.56	5.21	0.76	0.00	18.53
01	Animal Husbandry	12.56	5.21	0.76	0.00	18.53
	DAIRY DEVELOPMENT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Dairy Development	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	FISHERIES	6.59	2.53	0.93	0.00	10.05
01	Fisheries	6.59	2.53	0.93	0.00	10.05
	FORESTRY AND WILD LIFE	19.57	6.73	5.15	0.00	31.45
01	Forestry	17.57	6.73	2.40	0.00	26.70
02	Wild Life	2.00	0.00	2.75	0.00	4.75
	AGRICULTURE RESEARCH & EDUCATION	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Agriculture	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	Horticulture	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

03	Animal Husbandry	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
04	Forests	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
05	Fisheries	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	MARKETING AND QUALITY CONTROL	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Agriculture	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	Horticulture	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	CO-OPERATION	0.04	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.40
01	Co-operation	0.04	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.40
2	RURAL DEVELOPMENT	297.66	113.56	40.58	0.00	451.80
	SPECIAL PROG. FOR RURAL DEV.	11.09	4.25	1.51	0.00	16.85
01	DRDA'S Staff Expenditure	3.97	1.52	0.54	0.00	6.03
02	Pradhan Mantri Awass Yojana (Rural)	7.12	2.73	0.97	0.00	10.82
	RURAL EMPLOYMENT	271.78	104.03	37.17	0.00	412.98
01	National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM)	17.77	6.80	2.43	0.00	27.00
02	DDU-GKY	45.52	17.42	6.22	0.00	69.16
03	MGNREGA	177.69	68.01	24.30	0.00	270.00
04	National R-URBAN Mission	15.99	6.12	2.19	0.00	24.30
05	PMKSY	14.80	5.67	2.03	0.00	22.50
06	National Bamboo Mission	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.02
	OTHERS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	OTHERS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	LAND RECORDS	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
01	Cadastral Survey & Record of Rights	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	Consolidation of Holdings	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
03	Strengthening of Land Records Agency	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
04	Revenue Housing	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
05	Forest Settlement	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	1.07	0.41	0.16	0.00	1.64
01	Community Development	1.07	0.41	0.16	0.00	1.64
	PANCHAYATS	12.72	4.87	1.74	0.00	19.33
01	Panchayats	12.72	4.87	1.74	0.00	19.33
3	SPECIAL AREA PROGRAMME	0.00	0.00	25.00	0.00	25.00
	SPECIAL AREA PROGRAMME	0.00	0.00	25.00	0.00	25.00
01	Border Area Dev. Programme	0.00	0.00	25.00	0.00	25.00
4	IRRIGATION AND FLOOD CONTROL	80.71	31.01	11.02	0.00	122.74
	MAJOR AND MEDIUM IRRIGATION	0.07	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.14
01	Major & Medium Irrigation	0.07	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.14
	MINOR IRRIGATION	80.52	30.82	11.01	0.00	122.35
01	Minor Irrigation	80.52	30.82	11.01	0.00	122.35
	COMMAND AREA DEVELOPMENT	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.03
01	Command Area Development	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.03
	FLOOD CONTROL	0.11	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.22
01	Flood Control	0.11	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.22
5	ENERGY	0.00	2.50	0.00	0.00	2.50
	POWER	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Generation (Power Corporation)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	Transmission (HPPTC Ltd.)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
03	HPSEB Ltd.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	NON-CON. SOURCES OF ENERGY	0.00	2.50	0.00	0.00	2.50
02	Dev. of New & Renewable Sources	0.00	2.50	0.00	0.00	2.50
6	INDUSTRY AND MINERALS	2.40	2.48	0.34	0.00	5.22
	VILLAGE AND SMALL INDUSTRIES	2.40	2.48	0.34	0.00	5.22
01	Village & Small Industries	2.40	2.48	0.34	0.00	5.22
	LARGE AND MEDIUM INDUSTRIES	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

01	Large & Medium Industries	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	MINERAL DEVELOPMENT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Mineral Development	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
7	TRANSPORT	427.77	165.95	58.52	0.00	652.24
	CIVIL AVIATION	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Civil Aviation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	ROADS AND BRIDGES	427.76	165.94	58.50	0.00	652.20
01	Roads & Bridges	427.76	165.94	58.50	0.00	652.20
	ROAD TRANSPORT	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.04
01	Road Transport	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.04
	INLAND WATER TRANSPORT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Inland Water Transport	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	OTHER TRANSPORT SERVICES	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Ropeways & Cableways	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	Rail Transport	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
8	SCIENCE -TECH./BIO-TECH. & ENVIRN.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	SCIENTIFIC RESE. INCL.SCIENCE & TECH.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Scientific Research Incl. Science & Technology (Council)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	Scientific Research & Science Tech. Department	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Ecology & Environment	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Information Technology	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
9	GENERAL ECONOMIC SERVICES	0.19	0.06	0.03	0.00	0.28
	SECRETARIAT ECONOMIC SERVICES	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	State Planning Machinery	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	GAD	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

03	Excise & Taxation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	TREASURY & ACCOUNTS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Treasury & Accounts	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	TOURISM	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02
01	Tourism	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02
	CIVIL SUPPLIES	0.17	0.06	0.03	0.00	0.26
01	Civil Supplies	0.17	0.06	0.03	0.00	0.26
	WEIGHTS AND MEASURES	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Weights & Measures	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	OTHER ECONOMIC SERVICES	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	District Planning / VMJS / VKVNY / LDP	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
B	SOCIAL SERVICES	1471.91	612.45	197.23	0.00	2281.59
10	EDUCATION, SPORTS, ARTS & CULTURE	472.48	217.47	76.68	0.00	766.63
	ELEMENTARY EDUCATION	326.19	125.46	44.61	0.00	496.26
01	Elementary Education	326.19	125.46	44.61	0.00	496.26
	GENERAL AND UNIVERSITY EDUCATION	145.78	92.01	32.02	0.00	269.81
01	Secondary Education	128.34	52.97	18.17	0.00	199.48
02	University & Higher Education	17.44	39.04	13.85	0.00	70.33
	TECHNICAL EDUCATION	0.20	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.22
01	Technical Education	0.16	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.16
02	Craftsmen & Vocational Training	0.04	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.06
	ARTS AND CULTURE	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30
01	Art & Culture	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30
	YOUTH AND SPORTS SERVICES	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.04
01	Youth & Sports Services	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.04
	OTHER SPORTS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Mountaineering & Allied Sports	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

11	HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE	344.86	137.07	47.91	0.00	529.84
	ALLOPATHY	339.53	135.11	47.19	0.00	521.83
01	Allopathy (Medical & Public Health)	339.53	135.11	47.19	0.00	521.83
	AYURVEDA & OTHER SYSTEMS OF MED.	5.03	1.93	0.69	0.00	7.65
01	Ayurveda & other Systems of Medicine	5.03	1.93	0.69	0.00	7.65
	MEDICAL EDUCATION	0.30	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.36
01	Indira Gandhi Medical College, Shimla	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.06
02	Dental College, Shimla	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
03	DR.R.P.Medical College, Tanda (Kangra)	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.06
04	Medical College, Chamba	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06
05	Medical College, Nahan(Sirmour)	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06
06	Medical College, Hamirpur	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06
07	Medical College, Ner Chowk(Mandi)	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.06
08	Medical University	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12	W.S.SANITATION, HOUSING, URBAN DEV.	359.61	133.02	37.75	0.00	530.38
	WATER SUPPLY	263.24	100.76	36.00	0.00	400.00
01	Urban Water Supply	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	Rural Water Supply	263.24	100.76	36.00	0.00	400.00
	SEWERAGE AND SANITATION	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Sewerage Services	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	HOUSING	9.83	3.77	1.35	0.00	14.95
	POOLEDGOVERNMENTHOUSING	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Pooled Government Housing	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	RURAL HOUSING	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Mukhya Mantri Awas Yojna	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	POLICE DEPARTMENT	9.83	3.77	1.35	0.00	14.95
01	Police Department	9.83	3.77	1.35	0.00	14.95

02	State Forensic Science Lab., Junga	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	HOUSING LOANS TO GOVT. EMPLOYEES	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Housing Loan to Govt. Employees	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	URBAN DEVELOPMENT	86.54	28.49	0.40	0.00	115.43
01	Town & Country Planning	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
02	Urban Development	86.54	28.49	0.40	0.00	115.43
03	Sewerage	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
13	INFORMATION AND PUBLICITY	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	INFORMATION AND PUBLICITY	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Information & Publicity	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
14	WELFARE OF SC'S/OBC'S & MINORITY AFFAIRS	48.64	30.86	1.29	0.00	80.79
	WELFARE OF BACKWARD CLASSES	0.00	16.16	0.05	0.00	16.21
01	Welfare of Backward Classes	0.00	16.16	0.05	0.00	16.21
	EQUITY CONT. FOR WELFARE CORPN.	6.49	2.01	0.02	0.00	8.52
01	Equity Contribution to Welfare Corpn/ Minority Affairs	6.49	2.01	0.02	0.00	8.52
	Social Welfare	42.15	12.69	1.22	0.00	56.06
01	Social Welfare	42.15	12.69	1.22	0.00	56.06
15	LABOUR WELFARE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01	Labour & Employment	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
16	WOMEN & CHILD DEVELOPMENT INCL.	246.32	94.03	33.60	0.00	373.95
	NUTRITION CHILD WELFARE	182.63	69.91	24.98	0.00	277.52
01	Child Welfare	182.63	<u>69.91</u>	24.98	0.00	277.52
	WOMEN WELFARE	16.90	6.21	2.22	0.00	25.33
01	Women Welfare	16.90	6.21	2.22	0.00	25.33
02	Women Development Corporation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

03	Other Voluntary Organisations	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	SPECIAL NUTRITION PROGRAMME	46.79	17.91	6.40	0.00	71.10
01	S.N.P.	46.79	17.91	6.40	0.00	71.10
С	GENERAL SERVICES	1.12	0.01	29.70	0.00	30.83
17	ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES	1.12	0.01	29.70	0.00	30.83
	POOLED NON-RESIDENTIAL GOVT. BLDS.	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.02
01	Pooled Non -Residential Government Buildings	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.02
	OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES	1.12	0.01	29.68	0.00	30.81
01	Himachal Institute of Public Administration (HIPA)	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11
02	Tribal Development Machinery	0.00	0.00	29.67	0.00	29.67
03	Development /Welfare of Ex- Servicemen	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
04	Upgradation of Judicial Infrastructure	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.03
(i)	Judiciary	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.03
(ii)	Prosecution	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
05	Prisons	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
06	Fire Services	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
07	Home Guard	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
08	Vigilance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
09	State Election	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
10	Printing & Stationary	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL - ALL SECTORS (A+B+C)	2406.95	981.13	380.96	0.00	3769.04

Annexure -D

Sr. No.	Name of Department & Development Indicators	Unit	Actual (2019-20)	Achievement	Annual Pla (2020-21)	in	Proposed Targets for F.Y. (2021-
			Targets	Achi.	Targets	Anti. Achi.	- 22)
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
1.	AGRICULTURE :						
	1. Food-Grains :						
	Kharif :						
	1. Paddy :				-		-
	(a) Area (b) Production	000 Hect. 000 MT	74.00	72.62	74.00 135.20	74.00	74.00
	2. Maize :	000 M I	134.00	143.00	135.20	135.20	135.50
	(a) Area	000 Hect.	290.00	287.44	290.00	290.00	290.00
	(b) Production	000 MT	760.00	729.73	762.00	762.00	762.00
	3. Ragi :						
	(a) Area	000 Hect.	2.55	1.62	2.55	2.55	2.40
	(b) Production	000 MT	2.55	1.72	2.55	2.55	2.40
	4. Millets :	000 11 /	4.50	5.21	5.00	5.00	5.00
	(a) Area (b) Production	000 Hect. 000 MT	4.50 3.60	5.31 4.30	5.00 4.50	5.00 4.50	5.00 4.50
	5. Pulses :	000 M I	5.00	4.30	4.50	4.30	4.50
	(a) Area	000 Hect.	19.00	15.82	19.00	19.00	19.00
	(b) Production	000 MC	16.60	12.19	16.72	16.72	17.00
	Total Kharif area :	000 Hect.	390.05	382.81	390.55	390.55	390.40
	Total Production :	000 MT	916.75	891.60	920.97	920.97	921.40
	Rabi :						
	1. Wheat :	000 H	240.00	210.10	240.00	240.00	2.40.00
	(a) Area	000 Hect. 000 MT	340.00	319.10 627.96	340.00 672.00	340.00 672.00	340.00 672.00
	(b) Production 2. Barley :	000 M I	670.00	627.96	6/2.00	672.00	6/2.00
	(a) Area	000 Hect.	19.50	20.40	19.50	19.50	19.50
	(b) Production	000 MT	35.30	30.83	35.30	35.30	35.50
	3. Gram :						
	(a) Area	000 Hect.	0.35	0.38	0.35	0.35	0.35
	(b) Production	000 MT	0.43	0.40	0.45	0.45	0.45
	4. Pulses :	000 H	14.25	10.11	12.00	12.00	12.00
	(a) Area (b) Production	000 Hect. 000 MT	14.35	12.11 41.81	13.00 46.00	13.00 46.00	13.00 46.00
	Total Rabi area :	000 M1	374.20	351.99	372.85	372.85	372.85
	Total Production :	000 MT	719.43	701.00	753.75	753.75	753.95
	Grand Total(Kharif & Rabi) :	000 111				100110	
	(a) Area	000 Hect.	764.25	734.80	763.40	763.40	763.25
	(b) Production	000 MT	1636.18	1592.60	1674.72	1674.72	1675.35
	2. Commercial Crops:	1					
	1. Oilseeds:						
	(a) Area (b) Production	000 Hect.	12.500	10.330	10.267	10.267	10.267
	(b) Production 2. Potato:	000 MT	6.70	6.90	6.06	6.06	6.05
	2. Potato: (a) Area	000 Hect.	15.10	15.10	15.10	15.10	15.10
	(a) Area (b) Production	000 MT	196.30	196.71	196.30	196.30	196.50
	3. Vegetables:					*	
	(a) Area	000 Hect.	77.00	86.14	77.40	77.40	85.00
	(b) Production	000 MT	1656.00	1860.67	1658.00	1658.00	1850.00
	4. Ginger:	000 11	2.10	2.10	2.10	1 2 10	2.10
	(a) Area (b) Production	000 Hect. 000 MT	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10
	(b) Production 3. Distribution of seeds:	000 M I	34.40	33.99	34.40	34.40	34.50
	(a) Cereal	MT	9500.00	9500.00	9500.00	9500.00	NA
	(b) Pulses	MT	480.00	480.00	480.00	480.00	NA
	(c) Oil Seeds	MT	230.00	230.00	230.00	230.00	NA
	Total :	МТ	10210.00	10210.00	10210.00	10210.00	NA
	4. Chemical fertilizers:	·					
	(a) Nitrogenous (N)	MT	35000.00	38146.00	35000.00	36000.00	NA
	(b) Phosphatic (P)	MT	8500.00	12263.00	8500.00	8600.00	NA
	(c) Potassic (K)	MT	8000.00	11369.00	8000.00	8100.00	NA
	Total (N+P+K) :	МТ	51500.00	61778.00	51500.00	52700.00	NA
	5. Plant protection:	MT	120.00	558.80	115.00	NA	NA
	(a) Pesticides consumption						

Department wise Physical Targets and Achievements for the Annual Development Budget (2021-22)

	1.0.	[1	1	1
	1. Rice :	000 Hect.	74.00	72.(2	74.00	74.00	74.00
	i) Total cropped area ii) Area under HYV	000 Hect. 000 Hect.	74.00	72.62	74.00	74.00 NA	74.00 NA
	2. Wheat :	000 Hect.	62.00	62.00	62.00	NA	NA
		000 II	340.00	319.10	340.00	340.00	340.00
	i) Total cropped area ii) Area under HYV	000 Hect. 000 Hect.	340.00		330.00		
	3. Maize :	000 Hect.	330.00	330.00	550.00	NA	NA
		000 11	200.00	207.44	200.00	200.00	200.00
	i) Total cropped area	000 Hect.	290.00	287.44	290.00	290.00	290.00
	ii) Area under HYV	000 Hect.	205.00	205.00	205.00	NA	NA
	7. Agricultural implements						
	& machinery:					-	
	(i) Improved agriculture	N	140000.00	1 40000 00	1 40000 00	140000.00	
	implements to be distributed	No.	140000.00	140000.00	140000.00	140000.00	NA
	SOIL CONSERVATION	TT .				-	
	(a) Area to be covered under soil & water	Hect.	2000.00	4000.00	2000.00	2000.00	
	conservation measures	N 7	3600.00	4000.00	3600.00	3600.00	NA
	(b) Soil samples to be	No.	50000.00	(9725.00	12(00.00	NTA .	
	analysed		50000.00	68725.00	42600.00	NA	NA
	HORTICULTURE :		222.2		004.64	224.64	226.00
	1. Area under fruit plantation: 000 Hact.		233.3	233.3	234.64	234.64	236.00
	2. Production of fruits :		(0.0.10.(100.001	100.001	
	(a) Apple	000 MT	685.426	715.253	458.574	458.574	650.00
	(b) Other temperate fruits	000 MT	59.486	49.847	43.716	43.716	45.00
	(c) Nuts and dry fruits	000 MT	5.24	4.245	4.629	4.629	4.50
	(d) Citrus fruits	000 MT	32.113	32.109	32.602	32.602	33.00
	(e) Other sub-tropical fruits	000 MT	45.961	43.968	65.915	65.915	66.00
	Total :		828.226	845.422	605.436	605.436	798.50
		000 MT	020.220	043.422	003.430	003.430	170.30
	3. Fruit plant nutrition :						
	 Fruit plant tissue samples 						
	collected	No.	17450	17195	16450	16450	16500
	Fruit plant tissue samples	No.					
	analyzed	NO.	17450	17195	16450	16450	16500
	4. Plant protection Sheme.						
	(a) Total area covered under	T 11 TT /					
	plant protection	Lakh Hect.	1.79	1.89	1.82	1.82	1.90
	5. Horticulture Training & Extension						
	(a) Training camps :						
	(i) Training of Farmers						
	(·/ ········g ··· · ······	No.					
		1.01	41352	48678	39491	39491	39900
	(ii) Farmers training in various courses	No.	38425	45714	34745	34745	35000
	(iii) Farmers trained in various training Courses.	No.	1962	2382	3300	3300	3400
	(iv) Farmers to be benefited from study tours	No.	965	582	1446	1446	1500
	6. Development of fruit production :	110.	905	582	1440	1440	1500
	(a) Area brought under fruit						
	production (New Plantation before mortality)	Hect.	1950.00	5409	1340	1340	1500.00
	(b) Area brought under		1930.00	3409	1340	1340	1300.00
	(b) Area brought under Replantation(before mortality)	Hect.	601.00	174	510	510	500.00
		T 11 M		174		510	
	(c) Distribution of fruit plants	Lakh No.	13.80	16.35	12.17	12.17	15.00
	(d) Fruit plants produced at	Lakh No.	5.00	0.14	11.00	11.00	12.00
	Govt. nurseries		5.60	8.16	11.00	11.00	12.00
	7. Horticulture Information Service						
	(a) Publication to be brought out.	No.	10	10	10	10	10
	(b) Documentary to be prepared	No.	0	0	1	1	1
	(c) Show and Exhibition to be organized	No.	20	20	20	20	20
	8.Development of Apiculture						
	(a) Maintenance of bee colonies at Govt. Bee-						
	keeping stations.	No.					
			1725	1691	1684	1684	1700
	(b) Distribution of bee colonies to the farmers.	No.					
			680	10623	2200	2200	2500
	(c) Production of Honey						
	(i) At Departmental stations.	MT	8.05	6.45	7.17	7.17	7.20
	(i) Total honey production in the state.	MT	1277.85	1438	1125.2	1125.2	1130.00
	9. Development of Floriculture :	171.1	12,7.00	1150	1123.2	1123.2	1130.00
	(a) Total area maintained under	Hect.		-	1		1
	(a) I otal area maintained under floriculture	meet.	500	629	435.1	435.1	450.00
			500	029	433.1	433.1	450.00
	10. Development of Mushrooms :	L			+		
	Production of pasteurized	МТ	245	404.22	225	225.00	240
	compost at departmental units	MT	345	404.22	335	335.00	340
	(b) Total production of	MT	1007	14522.6	1000	1000	1000
	mushrooms in the State	MT	1887	14732.8	1888	1888	1889
1	11. Fruit processing and utilization :						
	(a) Fruit products to be						
	manufactured in the	MT					
			76.5	55.295	71.5	71.5	72
	departmental processing unit	1	70.5	55.295	/1.5	1 - 10	
	departmental processing unit (b) Fruit products Processed under Community		70.5	55.295	/1.5	,	
	departmental processing unit	MT	70.5	55.295	49		

	12. Development of walnut/ pecan nut	MT					
	(a) Production of Walnut /Peanuts	No.	8000	20235	40000	40000	40000
	(b)Distribution of walnut /						
	pecan plants	No.	8000	13761	10030	10030	10000
	13. Development of mango & lichi : (a) Production of mango & lichi plants						
	(a) Houdenon of mango de mem plants	No.	65000	108281	130000	130000	140000
	(b) Distribution of mango & lichi plants	No.	132950	142838	72230	72230	75000
	14. Horticulture marketing and quality control :						
	(a) Fruit markets covered under marketing intelligence	No.					
	scheme		40	40	40	40	40
	(b) Fruit boxes graded & packed as demonstration	No.					
-			28400	35394	29900	29900	30000
3.	ANIMAL HUSBANDRY : 1. Livestock production :						
	(a) Milk	000' Tonnes	1530.000	1531.325	1610.000	1610.000	1690.000
	(b) Eggs	Million	105.000	106.621	105.000	105.000	106.000
	(c) Wool	Lakh Kg.	15.000	15.160	15.000	15.000	15.000
	2. Physical programme : 1. Krishak Bakri Palan Yojna	No. of Units	741	200	790	700	200
		No. of Ollits	/+1	200	790	700	200
	2. Promotion of Sheep and Goat rearing	No.of Units	382	100	357	300	To be merged into Krishak Bakri Palan yojna
	3. Subsidised Rams to Sheep Breeders	No .of Units	1042	100	1042	900	416
	4. Distribution of Cattle feed to BPL families	No. of beneficiaries	6532	6532	6989	6989	8100
	5. Distribution of cattle feed to SC families	No. of beneficiaries	3590	3590	1306	1306	1600
	6. Uttam Pashu Purshkar Yojna	No. of farmers	2100	2100	2100	2100	10000
	7. 3000 day old commercial Brioler Chicks on 60% subsidy	No. of Units	0	0	54	54	100
L	8. Distribution of 200-chiks to BPL families of SC categories	No. of farmers	720	721	585	585	540
4.	FISHERIES :						
	1. Fish production	Tonnes	14200	14020.14	14721.14	14721.14	15457.197
	2. Carp seed production	Million	73	52.85	75.8	75.8	79.59
	3. Trout seed farms	Nos	100	100	120.00	120.00	130
	4. Trout ova production	Lakh	18.8	14.953	18.20	18.20	19.11
5.	FORESTRY :						
	(a) State Scheme						
	1.Protective Afforestion Soil and Water Conservation	Hect.	677.02	677.02	445.50	445.50	600.00
	2. HP Forest Eco-System Climate Proofing Project		1079.98	1079.98	1830.05	1830.05	1500.00
	3. HP Forest Eco-System Management and Livelihood Project	Hect.	0.00	New Project	1640.00	1640.00	1000.00
	4. Integrated Development Project for Source Sustainability and Climate Resilient Rainfed Agriculture	Hect.	0.00	New Project	3159.00	3159.00	3416.00
	5. Development of Pasture and Grazing Land	Hect.	237.48	237.48	253.16	253.16	225.00

Felling 8. New Forestry Scheme (Sanhji H Van Yojana) 9. Samudayik Van Samvradhan Yojana 10. Vidyarthi Van Mitra Yojana Sub – Total (State) (b) Centrally Sponsored Schemes 1. National Afforestation Programme (NAP) 2. Sub – Mission on Agro – Forestry under NMSA	Hect. Hect. Hect. Hect. Hect. Hect. Hect.	88.27 1.00 108.00 131.00 6952.68 883.00 0.00 0.00	88.27 1.00 108.00 131.00 6952.68 883.00 0.00 0.00	1196.54 1.00 200.00 106.25 13200.60 2747.00 0.00 0.00	1196.54 1.00 200.00 131.50 12894.35 2747.00 0.00 0.00	403.00 5.00 100.00 135.00 11884.00 2680.00 0.00 5480.00
Van Yojana) 9. Samudayik Van Samvradhan H Yojana 10. Vidyarthi Van Mitra Yojana Vidyarthi Van Mitra Sub – Total (State) 10. 10. Vidyarthi (b) Centrally Sponsored Schemes 11. National Afforestation Programme (NAP) 1. National Afforestation on Agro – Forestry under NMSA H 3. National Mission for Green India H	Hect. Hect. Hect. Hect.	108.00 131.00 6952.68 883.00 0.00	108.00 131.00 6952.68 883.00 0.00	200.00 106.25 13200.60 2747.00 0.00	200.00 131.50 12894.35 2747.00 0.00	100.00 135.00 11884.00 2680.00 0.00
Yojana 10. Vidyarthi Van Mitra H Yojana Sub – Total (State) Image: Comparison of the state of t	Hect. Hect. Hect.	131.00 6952.68 883.00 0.00	131.00 6952.68 883.00 0.00	106.25 13200.60 2747.00 0.00	131.50 12894.35 2747.00 0.00	135.00 11884.00 2680.00 0.00
Yojana Sub – Total (State) (b) Centrally Sponsored Schemes 1. National Afforestation Programme (NAP) Particular 2. Sub – Mission on Agro – Forestry under NMSA 3. National Mission for Green India	Hect.	6952.68 883.00 0.00	6952.68 883.00 0.00	13200.60 2747.00 0.00	12894.35 2747.00 0.00	11884.00 2680.00 0.00
(b) Centrally Sponsored Schemes 1. National Afforestation Programme (NAP) H 2. Sub – Mission on Agro – Forestry under NMSA H 3. National Mission for Green India H	Hect.	883.00 0.00	883.00 0.00	2747.00 0.00	2747.00 0.00	2680.00 0.00
1. National Afforestation Programme (NAP) H 2. Sub – Mission on Agro – Forestry under NMSA H 3. National Mission for Green India H	Hect.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2. Sub – Mission on Agro – Forestry under NMSA H 3. National Mission for Green India H	Hect.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3. National Mission for Green India						
	Hect.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5480.00
Sub- 10tai (CSS)		833.00	833.00	2747.00	2747.00	8160.00
Total		7785.68	7785.68	15947.60	15641.35	20044.00
6. CO-OPERATION:						
(i) Short term loans advanced H	Rs. in Crore	NA	307.03	24.00	24.00	50.00
(ii) Medium term loans advanced	Rs. in Crore	NA	546.43	312.00	312.00	350.00
(iii) Long term loans advanced	Rs. in Crore	NA	58.08	85.00	85.00	90.00
(iv) Agriculture produce H	Rs. in Crore	NA	15.19	55.00	55.00	60.00
(v) Value of fertilizer retailed	Rs. in Crore	NA	142.98	160.00	160.00	170.00
(vi) Distribution of consumers goods :						
a) In rural area	Rs. in Crore	NA	281.64	850.00	850.00	850.00
b) In urban area F	Rs. in Crore	NA	106.95	350.00	350.00	350.00
7. RURAL DEVELOPMENT:						
1. PMAY (G)	House	900	581	4094	3696	GoI scheme. The targets are to be allocated by the MoRD, GoI.
2. MMAY	House	722	610	998	927	1138
3. NRLM F	Family	25800	36331	55000	22993	55000
4. PMKSY/IWMP	Area in Hect.	40000	5853	40000	223	NA
	Mandays (in lakhs)	283.00	259.19	275.00	275.00	300.00
6. NRuM	Works	1073	114	454	119	650
	GPs. Taken under CSCs	2462	511	3193	41	3831
2	SLWM	2462	550	2640	252	2904

B. P 1. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 10. P 11. H 11. H 11. 1. 12. 3. 4. 5. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 1. 11. 1. 11. 1. 11. 1. 11. 1. 11. 1. 11. 1. 11. 1. 11. 1. 11. 1. 11. 1. 11. 1. 11. 1. 11. 1. 11. 1.	AND REFORMS: 1. Construction of Kanungo / Patwa Buildings PANCHAYATI RAJ: . C/O residence of DPOs/ Principals, PRTIs and other employees of the department at district level. 2. C/o residence for Panchayat Inspector of the department at block level 3. Construction,addition, alteration of panchayat ghars /PR/PRIs buildings 4. RGPSA 5. Imparting training to the Elected Representatives of the PRIS POWER: . Installed capacity (HPSEB own project) 2. Electricity generated 3. Electricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state HIMURJA . SPV Street Light 2. SPV off-grid Power plants 5. Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters 4. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plants in various Govt.	No. No. No. No. No. MW MU MU MU MU MU MU KWP KWP	109 13 10 270 15 28500 100 1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0 8.00	2 13 08 254 15 26983 0 2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137 0	150 13 05 300 18 28000 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65 250	- 13 - 125 18 1250 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65 250	NA NA 05 407 NA 34000 NA NA 9635 936 1700 150
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 10. 2. 3. 1. <td>Buildings PANCHAYATI RAJ: . C/O residence of DPOs/ Principals, PRTIs and other employees of the department at district level. 2. C/o residence for Panchayat Inspector of the department at block level 3. Construction,addition, alteration of panchayat ghars /PR/PRIs buildings 4. RGPSA 5. Imparting training to the Elected Representatives of the PRIS POWER: . Installed capacity (HPSEB own project) 2. Electricity generated 5. Electricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state HIMURJA . SPV Street Light 2. SPV off-grid Power plants 3. Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters 4. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar</td> <td>No. No. No. No. No. MW MU MU MU MU MU MU KWP KWP</td> <td>13 10 270 15 28500 100 1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0</td> <td>13 08 254 15 26983 0 2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137</td> <td>13 05 300 18 28000 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65</td> <td>13 - 125 18 1250 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65</td> <td>NA 05 407 NA 34000 NA NA 9635 936 1700</td>	Buildings PANCHAYATI RAJ: . C/O residence of DPOs/ Principals, PRTIs and other employees of the department at district level. 2. C/o residence for Panchayat Inspector of the department at block level 3. Construction,addition, alteration of panchayat ghars /PR/PRIs buildings 4. RGPSA 5. Imparting training to the Elected Representatives of the PRIS POWER: . Installed capacity (HPSEB own project) 2. Electricity generated 5. Electricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state HIMURJA . SPV Street Light 2. SPV off-grid Power plants 3. Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters 4. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar	No. No. No. No. No. MW MU MU MU MU MU MU KWP KWP	13 10 270 15 28500 100 1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0	13 08 254 15 26983 0 2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137	13 05 300 18 28000 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	13 - 125 18 1250 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	NA 05 407 NA 34000 NA NA 9635 936 1700
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 10. 2. 3. 1. <td>C/O residence of DPOs/ Principals, PRTIs and other employees of the department at district level. C/o residence for Panchayat Inspector of the department at block level Construction,addition, alteration of panchayat ghars /PR/PRIs buildings RGPSA GPSA Imparting training to the Elected Representatives of the PRIS OWER: Installed capacity (HPSEB own project) Electricity generated Electricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state IMURJA SPV Street Light SPV off-grid Power plants Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant</td> <td>No. No. No. No. MW MU MU MU MU MU MU KWP KWP</td> <td>10 270 15 28500 100 1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0</td> <td>08 254 15 26983 0 2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137</td> <td>05 300 18 28000 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65</td> <td>- 125 18 1250 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65</td> <td>05 407 NA 34000 NA NA 9635 936 1700</td>	C/O residence of DPOs/ Principals, PRTIs and other employees of the department at district level. C/o residence for Panchayat Inspector of the department at block level Construction,addition, alteration of panchayat ghars /PR/PRIs buildings RGPSA GPSA Imparting training to the Elected Representatives of the PRIS OWER: Installed capacity (HPSEB own project) Electricity generated Electricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state IMURJA SPV Street Light SPV off-grid Power plants Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant	No. No. No. No. MW MU MU MU MU MU MU KWP KWP	10 270 15 28500 100 1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0	08 254 15 26983 0 2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137	05 300 18 28000 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	- 125 18 1250 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	05 407 NA 34000 NA NA 9635 936 1700
2. 3. 4. 5. 10. 2. 3. 1. <td>and other employees of the department at district level. 2. C/o residence for Panchayat Inspector of the department at block level 3. Construction,addition, alteration of panchayat ghars /PR/PRIs buildings 4. RGPSA 5. Imparting training to the Elected Representatives of the PRIS POWER : . Installed capacity (HPSEB own project) 2. Electricity generated 3. Electricity generated 3. Electricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state HIMURJA . SPV Street Light 2. SPV off-grid Power plants 3. Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters 4. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar</td> <td>No. No. No. No. MW MU MU MU MU MU MU KWP KWP</td> <td>10 270 15 28500 100 1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0</td> <td>08 254 15 26983 0 2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137</td> <td>05 300 18 28000 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65</td> <td>- 125 18 1250 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65</td> <td>05 407 NA 34000 NA NA 9635 936 1700</td>	and other employees of the department at district level. 2. C/o residence for Panchayat Inspector of the department at block level 3. Construction,addition, alteration of panchayat ghars /PR/PRIs buildings 4. RGPSA 5. Imparting training to the Elected Representatives of the PRIS POWER : . Installed capacity (HPSEB own project) 2. Electricity generated 3. Electricity generated 3. Electricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state HIMURJA . SPV Street Light 2. SPV off-grid Power plants 3. Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters 4. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar	No. No. No. No. MW MU MU MU MU MU MU KWP KWP	10 270 15 28500 100 1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0	08 254 15 26983 0 2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137	05 300 18 28000 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	- 125 18 1250 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	05 407 NA 34000 NA NA 9635 936 1700
3. 4. 5. 10. P 1. <t< td=""><td>C/o residence for Panchayat Inspector of the department at block level Construction, addition, alteration of panchayat ghars /PR/PRIs buildings RGPSA Imparting training to the Elected Representatives of the PRIS OWER: Installed capacity (HPSEB own project) Electricity generated Electricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state HIMURJA SPV Street Light Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant Grid connected Roof Top Solar</td><td>No. No. No. MW MU MU MU MU No. KWP KWP</td><td>270 15 28500 100 1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0</td><td>254 15 26983 0 2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137</td><td>300 18 28000 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65</td><td>125 18 1250 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65</td><td>407 NA 34000 NA 9635 936 1700</td></t<>	C/o residence for Panchayat Inspector of the department at block level Construction, addition, alteration of panchayat ghars /PR/PRIs buildings RGPSA Imparting training to the Elected Representatives of the PRIS OWER: Installed capacity (HPSEB own project) Electricity generated Electricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state HIMURJA SPV Street Light Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant Grid connected Roof Top Solar	No. No. No. MW MU MU MU MU No. KWP KWP	270 15 28500 100 1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0	254 15 26983 0 2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137	300 18 28000 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	125 18 1250 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	407 NA 34000 NA 9635 936 1700
4. 5. 10. P 1. 1. 1. <t< td=""><td>Construction, addition, alteration of panchayat ghars /PR/PRIs buildings RGPSA Imparting training to the Elected Representatives of the PRIS OWER: Installed capacity (HPSEB own project) Electricity generated Settricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state HIMURJA SPV Street Light SPV off-grid Power plants Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant Grid connected Roof Top Solar</td><td>No. No. MW MU MU MU No. KWP KWP KWP</td><td>15 28500 100 1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0</td><td>15 26983 0 2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137</td><td>18 28000 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65</td><td>18 1250 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65</td><td>NA 34000 NA NA 9635 936 1700</td></t<>	Construction, addition, alteration of panchayat ghars /PR/PRIs buildings RGPSA Imparting training to the Elected Representatives of the PRIS OWER: Installed capacity (HPSEB own project) Electricity generated Settricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state HIMURJA SPV Street Light SPV off-grid Power plants Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant Grid connected Roof Top Solar	No. No. MW MU MU MU No. KWP KWP KWP	15 28500 100 1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0	15 26983 0 2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137	18 28000 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	18 1250 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	NA 34000 NA NA 9635 936 1700
5. 10. P 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 2. 3. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 9. 1. 1. 1. 1.	RGPSA Imparting training to the Elected Representatives of the PRIS OWER: Installed capacity (HPSEB own project) Electricity generated Electricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state HMURJA SPV Street Light SPV off-grid Power plants Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant Grid connected Roof Top Solar	No. MW MU MU MU MU No. KWP KWP KWP	15 28500 100 1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0	15 26983 0 2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137	28000 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	18 1250 100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	34000 NA NA 9635 936 1700
IO. P 1. 1. 2. 3. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 2. 3. 1. 1. 2. 3. 1. 1. 2. 3. 3. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	Representatives of the PRIS POWER : . Installed capacity (HPSEB own project) 2. Electricity generated 3. Electricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state HIMURJA . SPV Street Light S.Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters . Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar	MW MU MU MU MU KWP KWP	100 1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0	0 2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137	100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	NA NA 9635 936 1700
1. 2. 3. 1. <td>POWER : . Installed capacity (HPSEB own project) 2. Electricity generated 3. Electricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state HIMURJA SPV Street Light 2.SPV off-grid Power plants 5.Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters 4. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar</td> <td>MU MU MU No. KWP KWP MW</td> <td>100 1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0</td> <td>2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137</td> <td>2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65</td> <td>100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65</td> <td>NA 9635 936 1700</td>	POWER : . Installed capacity (HPSEB own project) 2. Electricity generated 3. Electricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state HIMURJA SPV Street Light 2.SPV off-grid Power plants 5.Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters 4. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar	MU MU MU No. KWP KWP MW	100 1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0	2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137	2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	100 2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	NA 9635 936 1700
2. 3. 11. H 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 9. 10 11. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	(HPSEB own project) 2. Electricity generated 3. Electricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state HIMURJA SPV Street Light 2.SPV off-grid Power plants 3. Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters 4. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar	MU MU MU No. KWP KWP MW	1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0	2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137	2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	NA 9635 936 1700
3. 11. H 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 11 11 11	2. Electricity generated 3. Electricity sold 3. Within state b) Outside state HMURJA SPV Street Light 2.SPV off-grid Power plants 3.Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters 4. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar	MU MU MU No. KWP KWP MW	1977.11 9101 768 678 137 0	2243.01 9123.991 3545.56 678 137	2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	2000.04 8663.4 1451 678 65	NA 9635 936 1700
3. 11. H 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 11 11 11	B. Electricity sold a) Within state b) Outside state HIMURJA SPV Street Light SPV off-grid Power plants Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant Grid connected Roof Top Solar	MU MU No. KWP KWP MW	9101 768 678 137 0	9123.991 3545.56 678 137	8663.4 1451 678 65	8663.4 1451 678 65	9635 936 1700
II. H 11. H 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.8 9. 1. 1. 1. 1.	a) Within state b) Outside state HIMURJA SPV Street Light 2.SPV off-grid Power plants 3.Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters 4. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar	MU No. KWP KWP MW	768 678 137 0	3545.56 678 137	1451 678 65	1451 678 65	936 1700
II. H 11. 1. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	b) Outside state HIMURJA . SPV Street Light 2.SPV off-grid Power plants 3.Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters 4. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar	MU No. KWP KWP MW	768 678 137 0	3545.56 678 137	1451 678 65	1451 678 65	936 1700
II. H 1. 1. 1. 2. 3. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	HMURJA SPV Street Light 2.SPV off-grid Power plants 3.Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters 4. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar	KWP KWP MW	678 137 0	678 137	678 65	678 65	1700
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 1	. SPV Street Light 2.SPV off-grid Power plants 3.Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters 4. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar	KWP KWP MW	0	137	65	65	
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 9. 10 11	2.SPV off-grid Power plants 3.Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters 4. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar	KWP KWP MW	0	137	65	65	
3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 9. 10 11	 8. Setting up of-grid Solar Power Plants at different location clusters 9. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 9. Grid connected Roof Top Solar 	KWP MW	0				150
4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 9. 10 11	Plants at different location clusters Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant Grid connected Roof Top Solar	MW		0	250	250	
5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 11	I. Grid connected Roof Top Solar Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar			0	250	250	200.50
5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 11	Power Plant 5. Grid connected Roof Top Solar		8 00		1		290.50
6. 7. 8. 9. 10 11		MW	0.00	6.41	15	15	15
7. 88. 9. 10 1		MW					
7. 88. 9. 10 1			2.5	2.5	Remaining Work	Remainin	0
7. 88. 9. 10 1	Buildings in Shimla City 6. Grid connected Roof Top Solar	MW	2.5	2.3	WOIK	g Work	0
8. 9. 10 1	Power Plants in individual Households in Shimla City	111 11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
8. 9. 10 1	7. Grid connected Roof Top Solar	KW	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
9.	Power Plants in Govt.	IX W					
9.	Educational Institutions		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1000
1	3. Solar Water Heating System	LPD	240000	63400	100000	100000	100000
1	P. Ground Mounted Solar Power Projects ranging from 250 to 500	MW					
1	KW capacity by individual bonafide Himachali Farmers		15.00	1.90	28	28	25
	0. Providing of Box and Dish	No.					
	Type Solar cooker 1. Organizing of Exhibitions /	No.	0	0	2000	2000	0
1 1/	Awareness Camps		0	0	40	40	50
1.	2. Providing of Solar Photovoltaic (SPV) Home lightening to SCs	No.	2655	2650	2650	2650	2650
	BPL Families	No	2650 500	2650 42	2650 100	2650 200	2650 200
	3. Box Type Solar Cookers 4. Dish Type Solar Cookers	No. No.	500	42	50	50	50
	5. Solar Water Heating System	LPD	0	200	5000	5000	5000
	.6. Grid connected Roof Top Solar	MW		200	2000		
	Power Plants		1.50	1.72	1.00	1.00	0.500
	7. Off-Grid Solar Power Plants	MW	1.00	0.367	0.300	0.300	0.200
	8. SPV Street Lights	No.	10000	9845	30000	30000	15000
		No.	500	559	500	500	200
	9. SPV Home Lights	No.	5000	10210	5000	5000	2000
2	20. Solar Lanterns				1	1	
	20. Solar Lanterns 21. Hydro Electric Projects	MW					
22	20. Solar Lanterns		30.00	18.80	20.00	20.00	15.00

	1. Major and medium irrigation schemes	Hect.					
	(CCA)		1000	940	1000	1000	500
	2. Minor irrigation (CCA)	Hect.	3700	3701	4438	4438	5000
	3. Command area development :	TT /	20(1	2550	1071	1071	2000
	(a) Field channel development	Hect.	2961	2558	1871	1871	2000
	(b) Warabandi	Hect.	0	0	0	0	0
	4. Flood control work (Area provided with protection)	Hect.	2300	2976	986	191.34	2040.18
	SEWERAGE & WATER SUPPLY:		2000	2,770	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	19101	2010110
	A. Urban water supply :) Y	1000/ 111				
	(a) Towns covered	No.	water supply	h population be v, however upgr ut need basis as	adation/ augm	entation work	1
	B. Rural water supply :						
	i) State sector :	FUTC					
	(a) Villages covered / habitations	FHTCs Provided	11,700	16,110	24,435	18,174	35,344
	ii) Central sector :						
	(a) Villages covered / habitations	FHTCs Provided	1,05,300	1,44,992	2,19,916	1,63,573	3,18,097
13.	INDUSTRIES :	Tiovided	1,00,000	1,11,552	2,19,910	1,05,575	5,10,077
	A. Village & small industries :	•					
	1. Establishment of industrial area / estate :						
	(a) Nos. of IAs/IEs	No.	NA	0	1	1	2
	(b) Nos. of units established	No.	NA	360	NA	400	450
	(c) Employment	No.	NA	3200	NA	3500	3800
	2. Handloom & handicraft industries :						
	(a) Production / Procurement / sale value	Rs. in					
	sale value	lakh	1300	1050	100	1100	1100
	(b) Employment :		1000		000		
	(i) Part time	No.	1000	775	800	550	750
	(ii) Full time 3. Sericulture industries:	No.	600	430	450	320	400
	3. Sericulture industries: (a) Production of reeling	MT.					
	cocoon	IVI I .	356	228	245	230	250
	(b) Employment	Lakh					
		Mandays	8.00	7.40	8.25	8.00	8.50
	4. Trainees Trained under REBTP	No	330	330	240	240	360
14.	ROADS AND BRIDGES :						
	(i) Motorable roads	Kms.	900.00	866.00	925.00	184.00	1000.00
	(ii) Jeepable roads	Kms.	35.00	33.00	150.00	16.00	60.00
	(iii) Cross drainage	Kms.	850.00	1057.00	900.00	208.00	945.00
	(iv) Metalling and tarring	Kms.	1700.00	1326.00	1800.00	511.00	2000.00
	(v) Bridges	No.	70	50	75	7	80
	(vi) Village connectivity POOLED NON- RESIDENTIAL GOV	No. ERNMENT	90	107	90	14	90
	BUILDING :						-
	(i) Pooled non- residential government building	No.	10	18	11	3	12
	(ii) Judiciary	No.	6	1	6	0	8
	POOLED GOVERNMENT HOUSING						
	(i) Pooled government housing	No.	40	24	40	4	45
15.	TRANSPORT :						
	(i) Purchase of vehicles	No.of Buses		0	150	0	150
	(ii) Purchase of Vechicle (Electric Buses)	No.of Buses	30	30	100	0	100
16.	TOURISM :					-	
	(i) International tourist arrivals	N o.	202076	202076	421162	41002	500000 (Approx)
10.			382876	382876	421163	41803	(Approx) 20000000
10.	(ii) Domestic tourist arrivals	N o.			1	1	
101			16829231	16829231	18512154	2163831	(Approx)
	(ii) Domestic tourist arrivals(iii) Accommodations available beds	N o. N o.					126760
17.	(iii) Accommodations available		16829231 115234	16829231 115234	18512154 115234	2163831 115234	
	(iii) Accommodations available beds						126760

(a)	Boys	000'No.			<u> </u>		Enrolment
(u)	Doys	000 110.					will be
			146954	143467	143467	143467	retained
(b)	Girls	000'No.	151256	146691	146691	146691	do
	Total :	000'No.	298210	290158	290158	290158	do
(ii) Ei	rolment ratio:						
) Boys	%	49.28	49.44	49.44	49.44	do
) Girls	%	50.72	50.56	50.56	50.56	do
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Total :	%	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	do
Schedu	iled Castes :	,,,					
	nrolment:						
	Boys	000'No.	52727	51402	51402	51402	do
	Girls	000'No.	54537	52731	52731	52731	do
	Total :	000'No.	107264	104103	104103	104103	do
(ii) Ei	rolment ratio :						
	a) Boys	%	49.16	49.38	49.38	49.38	do
) Girls	%	50.84	50.65	50.65	50.65	do
	Total :	%	100.00	100.03	100.03	100.03	do
Schedu	lled Tribes :						
(i) Eı	rolment:						
(a)	Boys	000'No.	8779	8492	8492	8492	do
	Girls	000'No.	9445	9445	9445	9445	do
	Total :	000'No.	18224	18224	18224	18224	do
	rolment ratio:		+				
	Boys	%	48.17	46.60	46.60	46.60	do
	Girls	%	51.83	51.83	51.83	51.83	do
	Total :	%	100.00	98.43	98.43	98.43	do
	dle Classes (6 th to 8 th) :	,,					40
	nrolment:						
		000'No.	100520	97856	97856	97856	do
(b) (b)		000 No.	101863	99619	99619	99619	do
	Fotal :	000'No.	202383	197475	197475	197475	do
	rolment ratio:	000 110.	202303	197475	197475	17/4/3	40
	Boys	%	49.67	49.55	49.55	49.55	do
	Girls	%	50.33	50.45	50.45	50.45	do
	Total :	%	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	do
	led Castes:	/0	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	uo
	rolment:						
	Boys	000'No.	35764	34473	34473	34473	do
	Girls	000'No.	36259	35445	35445	35445	do
(0)	Total :	000'No.	72023	69918	69918	69918	do
(ii) F	rolment ratio:	000 110.	12023	09910	09910	09910	uo
) Boys	%	49.66	49.30	49.30	49.30	do
) Girls	%	50.34	50.70	50.70	50.70	do
(0		%	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	do
Sahada	<u>Total</u> : lled Tribes :	70	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	uo
	rolment: Boys	000'No.	6187	6020	6020	6020	do
	Girls	000 No.	6516	6309`	6309	6309	do
		000 No.	12703	12329	12329	12329	do
(ii) F-	<u>Total :</u> nrolment ratio:	000 190.	12/03	12323	12323	12323	40
	Boys	%	48.71	48.83	48.83	48.83	do
	Girls						
(6)		% %	51.29 100.00	51.17 100.00	51.17 100.00	51.17 100.00	do do
2 6	Total : ndary Education Classes	70	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	40
	to 10 th) :						
	to 10) : rolment (All) :		+				
	Boys	Nos.	+			Enrolment	Enrolment
(a)	Boys	INOS.				will be	will be
			86276	81397	81397	retained	retained
(h)	Girls	Nos.	86276	79164	79164	79164	Do
			170527	160561	160561	160561	DO
(ii) F-	<u>Total :</u> 1rolment ratio :	Nos.	1/052/	100501	100301	100301	00
		%	51	51	51	51	DO
) Boys						DO
	Girls	%	49.40	49.00	49.00	49.00	DO
	iled Castes:		+				
	rolment:	N	20404	20717	20717	20717	DO
(a)	Boys	Nos.	30484	28717 27831	28717 27831	28717	DO DO
	Girls Total :	Nos.	29513 59997	56548	56548	27831 56548	DO

	(ii) Enrolment ratio:						
<u> </u>	(a) Boys	%	50.80	51.78	51.78	51.78	DO
	(b) Girls	%	49.20	49.21	49.22	49.22	DO
	Scheduled Tribes :						
	(i) Enrolment:						
	(a) Boys	Nos.	5627	5316	5316	5316	DO
	(b) Girls	Nos.	5457	5076	5076	5076	DO
	Total :	Nos.	11084	10392	10392	10392	DO
	(ii) Enrolment ratio:						
	(a) Boys	%	50.77	51.15	51.15	51.15	DO
	(b) Girls	%	49.23	48.85	48.85	48.85	DO
	4. Secondary Classes (11th -12th) :						
	(i) Enrolment :						
	(a) Boys	Nos.	76315	75193	75193	75193	DO
	(b) Girls	Nos.	76638	77654	77654	77654	DO
	Total :	Nos.	152953	152847	152847	152847	DO
	(ii) Enrolment ratio :	0/	10.00	40.10	40.10	40.10	DO
	(a) Boys	%	49.90	49.19	49.19	49.19	DO
<u> </u>	(b) Girls	%	50.10	50.81	50.81	50.81	DO
<u> </u>	Scheduled Castes:						
<u> </u>	(i) Enrolment:	Nac	21189	21144	21144	21144	DO
<u> </u>	(a) Boys (b) Girls	Nos. Nos.	21189	21144	21144 22463	21144 22463	DO DO
<u> </u>		Nos.	43478	43607	43607	43607	DO
<u> </u>	Total : (ii) Enrolment ratio:	INUS.	434/8	4300/	4300/	4300/	00
<u> </u>	(a) Boys	%	48.73	48.48	48.48	48.48	DO
<u> </u>	(a) Boys (b) Girls	%	51.27	51.52	48.48	51.52	DO
<u> </u>	Scheduled Tribes :	/0	51.27	51.52	51.52	51.52	00
	(i) Enrolment:						
	(a) Boys	Nos.	4830	4590	4590	4590	DO
	(a) Boys (b) Girls	Nos.	4956	4860	4860	4860	DO
	Total :	Nos.	9786	9450	9450	9450	DO
	(ii) Enrolment ratio:	103.	2700	2430	7450	7450	00
	(a) Boys	%	49.36	48.57	48.57	48.57	DO
	(b) Girls	%	50.64	51.43	51.43	51.43	DO
	6. Secondary Schools :						
	-	No.					
	i) Upgradation of high schools	INO.	10	26	10	4	10
	ii) Teachers in high schools	No.	40	104	40	15	40
	iii) Up gradation of senior			104		15	
	secondary schools	No.	10	25	10	6	10
	iv) Teachers in senior	1101	10	20	10		10
	secondary schools	No.	60	150	60	36	60
18.	TECHNICAL EDUCATION :						
	A. Technical Education :						
	i) Polytechnics	No.	01	-	01	-	-
	Sub-Total :	No.	01	00	01	00	00
	B. Craft & Vocational Training :						
						05	0.2
	i) ITIs in non-tribal areas	No.	06	04	03	05	03
	i) ITIs in non-tribal areas ii) ITIs in tribal areas	No.	01	- 04	01	-	03
			01 07		01 04		01 04
	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) :	No.	01	-	01	-	01
19.	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH :	No. No. No.	01 07 08	- 04 04	01 04 05	- 05 05	01 04 04
19.	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH : i) Opening of PHCs	No. No.	01 07	- 04	01 04	- 05	01 04
19.	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH :	No. No. No.	01 07 08	- 04 04	01 04 05	- 05 05	01 04 04 The no. of Health
19.	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH : i) Opening of PHCs	No. No. No. No.	01 07 08 -	- 04 04 3	01 04 05 -	- 05 05 2	01 04 04 The no. of Health Institutions
19.	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH : i) Opening of PHCs	No. No. No. No.	01 07 08 -	- 04 04 3	01 04 05 -	- 05 05 2	01 04 04 The no. of Health Institutions opened in the
19.	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH : i) Opening of PHCs	No. No. No. No.	01 07 08 -	- 04 04 3	01 04 05 -	- 05 05 2	01 04 04 The no. of Health Institutions opened in the State are in
19.	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH : i) Opening of PHCs	No. No. No. No.	01 07 08 -	- 04 04 3	01 04 05 -	- 05 05 2	01 04 04 The no. of Health Institutions opened in the State are in excess as per
19.	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH : i) Opening of PHCs	No. No. No. No.	01 07 08 -	- 04 04 3	01 04 05 -	- 05 05 2	01 04 04 The no. of Health Institutions opened in the State are in excess as per population
19.	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH : i) Opening of PHCs	No. No. No. No.	01 07 08 -	- 04 04 3	01 04 05 -	- 05 05 2	01 04 04 The no. of Health Institutions opened in the State are in excess as per population criteria fixed
	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH : i) Opening of PHCs ii) Opening of sub-centres	No. No. No. No.	01 07 08 -	- 04 04 3	01 04 05 -	- 05 05 2	01 04 04 The no. of Health Institutions opened in the State are in excess as per population
 19. 20.	 ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH : i) Opening of PHCs ii) Opening of sub-centres AYUSH : 	No. No. No. No.	01 07 08 -	- 04 04 3	01 04 05 -	- 05 05 2	01 04 04 The no. of Health Institutions opened in the State are in excess as per population criteria fixed
	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH : i) Opening of PHCs ii) Opening of sub-centres ii) Opening of Ayurvedic health	No. No. No. No.	01 07 08 - -		01 04 05 - -		01 04 04 The no. of Health Institutions opened in the State are in excess as per population criteria fixed by the GOI
	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH : i) Opening of PHCs ii) Opening of sub-centres ii) Opening of Ayurvedic health centres	No. No. No. No. No. No.	01 07 08 -	- 04 04 3	01 04 05 -	- 05 05 2	01 04 04 The no. of Health Institutions opened in the State are in excess as per population criteria fixed
	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH : i) Opening of PHCs ii) Opening of sub-centres ii) Opening of Ayurvedic health centres ii) Opening of Ayurvedic	No. No. No. No.	01 07 08 - -		01 04 05 - -		01 04 04 The no. of Health Institutions opened in the State are in excess as per population criteria fixed by the GOI
	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH : i) Opening of PHCs ii) Opening of sub-centres ii) Opening of Ayurvedic health centres ii) Opening of Ayurvedic health centres ii) Opening of Ayurvedic health centres	No. No. No. No. No. No.	01 07 08 - - - 5		01 04 05 - - - 5	- 05 05 2 1 5	01 04 04 The no. of Health Institutions opened in the State are in excess as per population criteria fixed by the GOI
	ii) ITIs in tribal areas Sub-Total : Total (A+B) : HEALTH : i) Opening of PHCs ii) Opening of sub-centres ii) Opening of Ayurvedic health centres ii) Opening of Ayurvedic	No. No. No. No. No. No.	01 07 08 - - - 5		01 04 05 - - - 5	- 05 05 2 1 5	01 04 04 The no. of Health Institutions opened in the State are in excess as per population criteria fixed by the GOI

	vi) Starting panch karma /						
	ksharsutra treatment in	No.					
	ayurvedic hospitals	1.01	0	0	0	0	4
	vii) Upgradation of 10/20 bedded	N					
	to 50 bedded	No.	1	1	1	1	1
21.	MEDICAL EDUCATION :						
	(A) Strengthening of Medical Colleges :						
	(i) IGMC						
	(a) M.B.B.S. courses	Students in N	120	120	120	120	120
	(b) Post graduate degree /	No.					
	diploma courses	N	125	131	131	131	131
	(c) Internship training(d) Blood donation camp	No.	100 100	<u>100</u> 93	100	100	100
	(d) Blood donation camp (e) MD cardiology	No.	2	2	2	2	2
	(f) Mch. CTVS	No.	2	2	2	2	2
	(g) B.Sc. nursing	No.	60	60	60	60	60
	(h) Post basic nursing	No.	30	30	30	30	30
	(j) B.Sc. degree	No.	35	35	35	35	35
	(ii)) RPMC Tanda						
	(a) MBBS admission	No.	120	120	120	120	120
	(b) PG degree	No.	81	76	69	69	69
	(c) B.Sc. Tech. (Paramedical) /	No.					
<u> </u>	Mlt. Radiology/Anesthesia		26	26	26	26	26
	(d) Interns	No.	100	100	100	100	100
<u> </u>	(e) DNB/ Radiology/Anesthesia	No.	4	2	4	4	4
	iii) H.P. Dental College, Shimla (Admission):						
	(a) Dental college (BDS courses)	No.	75	75	75	75	75
	(b) Training of dental hygienists	No.	20	20	20	20	20
	(c) Training of dental mechanics	No.	20	20	20	20	20
	(d) PG degree /MDS	No.	17	17	19	19	23
	(e) Interns	No.	60	60	60	60	60
	iv) Medical College Chamba						
	(a) MBBS admission	No.	120	120	120	120	120
	(b) PG degree	No.	-	-	-	-	-
	(c) B.Sc. Tech. (Paramedical) /	No.					
	Mlt. Radiology/Anesthesia		-	-	-	-	
	(d) Interns (e) DNB/ Radiology/Anesthesia	No. No.	-	-	-	-	-
	iv) Medical College Nahan	INO.	-				
	(a) MBBS admission	No.	120	120	120	120	120
	(b) PG degree	No.	-	-	-	-	-
	(c) B.Sc. Tech. (Paramedical) /						
	Mlt. Radiology/Anesthesia	No.	-	-	-	-	-
	(d) Interns	No.	-	-	-	-	-
	(e) DNB/ Radiology/Anesthesia	No.	-	-	-	-	-
	iv) Medical College Hamirpur		-	-	-	-	-
	(a) MBBS admission	No.	120	120	120	120	120
<u> </u>	(b) PG degree	No.	-	-	-	-	-
	(c) B.Sc. Tech. (Paramedical) /	No.					
	Mlt. Radiology/Anesthesia (d) Interns	No.	-	-	-	-	-
<u> </u>	(d) Interns (e) DNB/ Radiology/Anesthesia	No.	-	-	-	-	-
<u> </u>	iv) Medical College Ner Chowk (Mandi)	110.					
	(a) MBBS admission	No.	120	120	120	120	120
	(b) PG degree	No.	-	-	-	-	-
	(c) B.Sc. Tech. (Paramedical) /						
	Mlt. Radiology/Anesthesia	No.	-	-	-	-	-
	(d) Interns	No.	120	7	120	21	120
	(e) DNB/ Radiology/Anesthesia	No.	-	-	-	-	-
<u> </u>	iv) Medical College Chamba		100				
	(a) MBBS admission	No.	120	120	120	120	120
<u> </u>	(b) PG degree (c) B.Sc. Tech. (Paramedical) /	No.	-	-	-	-	-
		No.					
	Mlt. Radiology/Anesthesia (d) Interns	No.	-	-	-	-	-
				-	-	-	
	(e) DNB/ Radiology/Anesthesia	No	-		-	-	-
22.	(e) DNB/ Radiology/Anesthesia URBAN DEVELOPMENT :	No.	-		-		-

				1	1	-	
	1DAY-NULM	No. of					
		SHGs Formed	600	598	200	400	250
		No. of case	000	578	200	400	230
		of Loan SEF	300	427	150	200	200
		No. of SHG					
		for Ban					
		Linkage	110	121	80	100	100
		No. candidates					
		trained	4000	327	1500	1500	2000
23.	WELFARE OF SC's /ST's /OBC's AND						
	AFFAIRS :						
	I. Welfare of Scheduled Castes:						
	1. Economic betterment of SCs	No. of Beneficiaries	4906	4454	5913	5913	6500
	2. Award for inter-caste marriages	Couple			5715		
	_	Benefited	684	643	-	63	700
	3. Housing subsidy	No. of Beneficiaries	1114	1187	1006	1006	2165
	4. Proficiency in computer	No.of	1114	1107	1000	1000	2105
	application	Trainees	-	1647	-	0	2000
	5. Improvement of harijan						
	basties :						
	(i) Basic amenities in SC-	No.of					
<u> </u>	concentrated villages	Basties No. of	-	-	-	-	-
	6. Compensation to victims of Atrocities	No. of Beneficiaries	-	309	-	52	-
	II. Welfare of Scheduled Tribes:		-	309		52	
		No					+
	1. Economic betterment of ST's – Follow Up Programme	No. of Beneficiaries	222	29	147	147	167
	2.Housing subsidy	No of	LLL	29	147	14/	107
		Beneficiaries	271	292	274	274	298
	3. Proficiency in computer	No. of					
<u> </u>	application	Trainees	-	348	-	0	400
	III. Welfare of OBC'S : 1. Economic betterment of	No.of					
	OBC's	Beneficiaries	1224	1104	1833	1833	1944
	2. Housing subsidy	No.of	1227	1104	1055	1055	1)++
		Beneficiaries	231	239	233	233	257
	3. Proficiency in computer	No. of Trainees		0.46			1000
	application IV SOCIAL WELFARE :	Trainees	-	946	-	0	1000
	IV SOCIAL WELFARE :			-			
	I. Welfare of handicapped :						
	1. Marriage grants to disabled	No. of					
	1. Marnage grants to disabled	Couples	-	271	-	17	-
	2. Scholarship to disabled	No. of		2010			
	V. Others	Beneficiaries	-	2019	-	-	-
	V. Other: 1. Old age/widow pension	No. of		-			
		Beneficiaries	531500	531500	575972	575972	-
	2. Lepers	No. of				1000	
	3. Transgender	Beneficiaries No. of	1482	1262	1482	1006	-
	3. Transgender	Beneficiaries	146	3	150	3	-
	4. National family benefits	No.					
24		Beneficiaries	2000	1639	2000	621	-
24.	Women & Child Development No. I. Welfare of destitute: No.	9					+
	1. Mukhya mantri kanya dan Yojana	No. of					
	1	Beneficiaries	-	1470	1480	1480	1480
	2. Widow re-marriage	No. of					
	_	Beneficiaries	-	125	125	125	125
	3. Mother Tersa asahya matari sambal yojana	No. of Beneficiaries	_	22795	22800	22800	22800
	4. Special Nutrition Programmes	No.	-	22193	22800	22000	22800
	4. Special Nutrition Programmes	Children No o					
		Mothers	-	347751	-	369559	370000
<u> </u>	5. Beti hai anmol	No. of					+
	(i) Post Birth Grant	No. of Beneficiaries	-	5929	5930	5930	5930
	(ii) Scholarships	No. of					
	· · · · ·	Beneficiaries	-	34926	34950	34950	34950